MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL URDU UNIVERSITY

(A Central University established by an Act of Parliament in 1998)

(Accredited "A" Grade by NAAC)



Two Year B.Ed. Programme

B.Ed. Syllabus – 2019

(w.e.f. 1 Aug-2019)

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION AND TRAINING

Gachibowli, Hyderabad – 500 032.

Rules and Regulations of B.Ed. Course offered at Maulana Azad National Urdu University, Gachibowli, Hyderabad, Telangana. (Based on NCTE Regulations 2014)

Applicable to the Students admitted from the academic year 2018-2019 onwards for Two year B.Ed. Degree Course in Education.

All the rules and regulations, hereinafter, specified should be read as a whole for the purpose of interpretation.

I. Eligibility for Admission

A candidate for admission to Two year B.Ed. Course has to qualify at the B.Ed. Common Entrance Test conducted by Maulana Azad National Urdu University for the concerned academic year. The Candidates will be admitted strictly in accordance with the merit secured at the entrance examination, keeping in view the rules in force in respect of the statutory reservation of seats under various categories of candidates.

II. General Objectives of the B. Ed. Programme

To enable the student teacher to:

- 1. integrate the study of Perspectives in Education, Curriculum and Pedagogic Studies and Engagement with the School and Community.
- 2. engage with studies on Indian society and education, acquire conceptual tools of sociological analysis and hands-on experience of engaging with diverse communities, children and schools.
- 3. develop a conceptual understanding about issues of diversity, inequality and marginalization in Indian society and their implications for education.
- 4. focus on aspects of social and emotional development which include self and identity, cognition, learning, etc.
- 5. address the theoretical foundations of school knowledge from historical, philosophical and sociological perspectives, with critical analysis of curricular aims and contexts, and the relationship between curriculum, policy and learning.
- 6. develop an understanding of the cultures, policies and practices that need to be addressed in order to create an inclusive school.
- 7. develop understanding of the curriculum, linking school knowledge with community life.
- 8. construct concepts from subject knowledge through appropriate pedagogic processes and communicate them meaningfully to the children.
- 9. develop a broad repertoire of perspectives, professional capacities, teacher dispositions, sensibilities and skills.
- 10. enhance the professional competencies and skills needed for becoming an effective teacher.
- 11. understand, develop and use various evaluation techniques in education.
- 12. make them sensitive to emerging issues such as environment, population, gender equality, legal literacy, critical understanding of ICT, yoga education, etc.
- 13. attain a sound knowledge base and proficiency in languages.
- 14. develop an artistic and aesthetic sensibility among student teachers through art education.

III. Curriculum Transaction

The duration of B.Ed. Course will be of Two years i.e., Four Semesters. For each Semester the breakup of curriculum transaction is as follows:

Total number of working days -100 days per Semester. (Excluding days earmarked for Admissions and Theory Examinations)

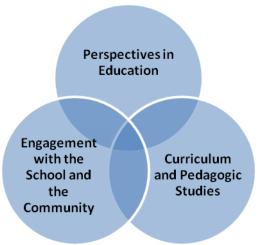
Curricular Areas of the Teacher Education Programme

The programme structure offers a comprehensive coverage of themes and rigorous field engagement with the child, school and community. It comprises of three broad inter related curricular areas:-

- I. Perspectives in Education
- II. Curriculum and Pedagogic Studies

III. Engagement with the School and the Community.

All the curricular areas include theoretical inputs along with the practical work from an interdisciplinary perspective.



IV. The Two Year B.Ed. Program

There are 20 courses in the B.Ed. Program, out of which 10 courses are with 4 credits and the remaining 10 courses with 2 credits. The courses with 4 credits carry 100 marks each, out of which 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks are earmarked for semesterend examinations conducted by the university. The courses with 2 credits carry 50 marks each, 15 marks for internal assessment and 35 marks for semester-end examinations except ICT Competencies in which 50 marks are for external assessment. Art in Education, Reading and Reflecting on Texts and Understanding the Self are courses with internal assessment of 50 marks. The School Experience program which includes Peer Teaching, Teaching Practice Phase I and II and Internship carries 20 credits and 500 marks. Thus the B.Ed. course is of 80 credits with 2000 marks.

V. Selection of Methods of Teaching

- Every candidate is expected to select two methods of teaching under B.Ed. programme.
- Method –I shall be based on the group subjects, the candidate has studied in Degree course (eligibility qualification). If Method-I is Urdu/English/Hindi, the second methodology subject should be offered in any subject relating to their group subjects/ subjects studied at Intermediate/+2
- Method –II also shall be based on the group subjects in the qualifying examination and will be allotted by the Department/ CTE where the candidate is admitted. In case of BCA, BBM, B.Tech. candidates, the selection of methodology subject shall be based on their Intermediate study as per MANUU-CET norms. However, candidates who have studied restructured courses may be allowed to opt the second methodology close to the subjects studied in the qualifying examination or a language.

Note:

- i. No candidate is allowed to select two language methods
- ii. Candidate may select one Language and one Non-language method or two Non-language methods.

VI. Structure of the Course - Semester I Total credits = 20, Total marks = 500, Total hours = 448 hours

#	Paper Codes	Subject Name	Marks	Theory Credits	Teaching Hours	Practicum Credits	Working Hours	Internal Assessment	External Assessment
1	B9ED101CCT	Philosophical Foundations of Education	100	3	48 1 32		32	30	70
2	B9ED102CCT	Psychology of Learner and Learning	100	3	48	1	32	30	70
3	B9ED103CCT	Communicative English	50	1	16	1	32	15	35
	Pedagogy of a So	chool Subjects – Part II (Any one	e) POT-I						
4	B9ED101DST,	Mathematics							
-	B9ED102DST,	Biological Sciences	100	3	48	1	32	30	70
	B9ED103DST	Social Studies							
	Pedagogy of a So	chool Subjects - Part 1 (Any one	e) POT-II						
	B9ED114DST,	Physical Sciences							
5	B9ED111DST,	Urdu	100	3	48	1	32	30	70
	B9ED112DST,	Hindi	100	3	40	1	32	30	70
	B9ED113DST	English							
6	B9ED150CCP	Peer Teaching	50	0	0	2	2 weeks	50	0
		Total Marks	500	13	208	7	160 + 2 Weeks	185	315

 $Semester \ II$ $Total \ credits = 20 \qquad Total \ marks = 500 \quad Total \ hours = 384 \ hours + 4 \ weeks$

#	Paper Codes	Subject Name	Marks	Theory Credits	Teaching Hours	Practicum Credits	Working Hours	Internal Assessment	External Assessment
1	B9ED201CCT	Sociological Foundations of Education	100	3	48	1	32	30	70
2	B9ED203CCT	ICT Based Teaching and Learning	50	1	16	1	32	15	35
3	B9ED202CCT	Learning and Teaching	100	3	48	1	32	30	70
	Pedagogy of a So	chool Subjects – Part II (Any one	e) POT-I			•		1	
4	B9ED201DST	01DST Mathematics							
-	B9ED202DST	Biological Sciences	100	3	48	1	32	30	70
	B9ED203DST	Social Studies							
	Pedagogy of a So	chool Subjects – Part II (Any one	e) POT-II			•	•		
	B9ED214DST	Physical Sciences							
5	B9ED211DST	Urdu	100	3	48	1	32	30	70
	B9ED212DST	Hindi	100	3	40	1	32	30	70
	B9ED213DST	English							
6	B9ED250CCP	SITP-I	50	0	0	2	2 weeks	50	0
	Total Marks		500	13	208	7	128+6 Weeks	185	315

Semester III

Total credits = 20, Total marks = 500, Total hours = 224+ 10 weeks

#	Paper Codes	Subject Name	Marks	Theory Credits	Teaching Hours	Practicum Credits	Working Hours	Internal Assessment	External Assessment
1	B9ED301CCT	Assessment for Learning	100	3	48	1	32	30	70
2	B9ED302CCT	School Management	50	1	16	1	32	15	35
3	B9ED303CCT	ICT Competencies	50	0	0	2	64	0	50
4	B9ED302EPP	EPP Art in Education		0	16	2	64	50	0
5	B9ED301EPP	B9ED301EPP Reading and Reflecting on Texts		0	0	2	64	50	0
6	B9ED350CCP SITP-II		200	0	0	8	8 weeks	200	0
	Total Marks		500	4	80	16	224 + 8 weeks	345	155

Semester IV

Total credits = 20, Total marks = 500, Total hours = 256 + 6 weeks

	10tui ei c	- 20,	10tai marks = 500;			Total Hours – 250 i o weeks			
#	Paper Codes	Subject Name	Marks	Theory Credits	Teaching Hours	Practicum Credits	Working Hours	Internal Assessment	External Assessment
1	B9ED401CCT	Contemporary issues in Education	100	3	48	1	32	30	70
2	B9ED402CCT	Environmental Education	50	1	16	1	32	15	35
3	B9ED403CCT	Inclusive Education	50	1	16	1	32	15	35
4	B9ED404CCT	Health and Physical Education	50	1	16	1	32	15	35
5	B9ED401EPP	Understanding the Self	50	0	0	2	64	50	0
6	B9ED450CCP	SITP-III	200	0	0	8	8 week	200	0
	Total Marks		500	6	96	14	256+8 week	325	175
		GRAND TOTAL	2000	36	592	44	768 + 20 Weeks	1040	960

Semester	TP/INTERNSHIP ACTIVITY	Credits	Marks	Activities		
п	Peer Teaching	2	50	Micro Teaching(2x5x5)	2 week	10% Marks and Duration as Suggested by NCTE (I st Year)
II	SITP-I	2	50	10 Lessons(2x5x5)	2 week	
Ш	SITP-II	8	200	20 Period Plans (2x10x5)=100, SAT(2X25)=50, Observations(2x5x2)=20, Co-Curricular Activities=20, Portfolio =10	8 week	40% Marks and Duration as Suggested by NCTE (II Year)
IV	SITP-III	8	200	10 Period Plans(2x5x5)=50, Action Research=25, Community Study=50, Final Lesson(2x25)=50, Internship Dairy=25	8 week	
		20	500	25% Marks of Total Course for TP&I	20 weeks	

VII. Records and Projects

- 1. Theory based Practicum (as per the syllabus of the concerned theory paper)
- 2. Micro Lesson Record (one for each method)
- 3. Practice Teaching Lesson Record (one for each method)
- 4. Internship diary
- 5. EPC course Records and Practicals.

VIII. Internal Assessment of Theory Courses

a) Theory Courses – Semester end exams will be conducted for theory papers for 70 marks.

b) Internal Assessment of Theory Courses

The Award of Continuous Internal Evaluation i.e. internal assessment marks in each semester for theory papers shall be as follows:

Theory	100 Marks Paper	50 Marks Paper
Class test - 2	15	7.5
Assignment -1	10	5
Attendance	5	2.5
Total	30	15

The Award of Continuous Internal Evaluation i.e. internal assessment marks in each semester for the practical papers shall be as follows:

S. No.	Aspects	Marks
1.	Activity Report	25
2.	Presentation/ Seminar	20
3.	Attendance	5
	Total	50

The marks for attendance will be given as follows:

S. No.		Max marks	Max marks =2.5
		=5 (CIE=30)	(CIE=15)
1.	≥ 95	5	2.5
2.	\geq 90 to 94.99	4	2
3.	\geq 85 to 89.99	3	1.5
4.	\geq 80 to 84.99	2	1
5.	\geq 75 to 79.99	0	0
6.	Less than 75	0	0

IX. Rules of Attendance

- 1. The degree of Bachelor of Education shall be conferred on a candidate who, after getting admission into the B.Ed. course as specified above, has pursued a "Regular course of study" as herein prescribed and fulfilled the conditions laid-down for the attendance of students and passed the prescribed examination both in theory and practical.
- 2. The minimum attendance of student-teachers shall have to be 80% for all course work and 90% for practicum i.e., Teaching Practice and School Internship. In special cases the Vice-Chancellor may condone deficiency of attendance not exceeding 10% on the recommendation of the HOD/ Principal, based on medical certificate by an authorized medical officer. A monthly consolidated attendance statement will be displayed on the institution notice board on 5th of every month and the same be sent every month to the Dean, School of Education and Training, MANUU, Hyderabad.
- 3. Students who are continuously absent for ten days or more, a notice will be served stating that he/she has to forfeit his/her seat, if he/she fails to report to the college immediately.
- 4. The Candidates whose attendance is below 70% and more than 40% may be given readmission within a period of two consecutive years with complete fee but without appearing at the Entrance Examination and in such a case the candidate has to fulfill all the rules and regulations which are followed by a fresh candidate. Otherwise such

- candidate should appear at the subsequent entrance exam and seek admission. Any request for readmission will be considered in the subsequent academic year only.
- 5. The students who do not have adequate attendance will not be considered for the award of any scholarship or any kind of financial aid by the University or any other government or quasi government agency.
- 6. Attendance shall be reckoned from the date of admission to the last instructional day as per the almanac.

X. General Rules for Examination

- 1. Applications for permission to appear for an Examination shall be made on the prescribed form, accompanied by three passport size full face photographs (not profile) along with the necessary certificates regarding attendance, practical work etc. The prescribed fee should be submitted on or before the date fixed for this purpose. The HOD/Principal, after verifying the eligibility of the candidate, shall forward the application to the Examination Branch of the University.
- 2. When a candidate's application is found to be in order, the Controller of Examinations shall send the attested Hall Ticket with the photograph of the candidate affixed to it, to the HOD/ Principal. The HOD/ Principal will then ensure that the candidate has complied with all the conditions regarding eligibility criteria and only then, issue the Hall Ticket to him / her. Hall Ticket thus issued to the candidate shall have to be produced by the candidate before he / she can be admitted to the premises where the Examination is held.
- 3. A candidate who has been allowed to appear at the examination of the University once, but has not been able to appear or has failed to pass the examination may be permitted to appear at the same examination again without putting in any further attendance, provided he/she does not change the subject or subjects originally selected by him/her.

XI. Transitory Rules:

Whenever a course or scheme of instruction is changed in a particular year, two more examinations immediately following thereafter shall be conducted according to the old syllabus / regulations. Candidates not appearing at the examinations or failing in them shall take the examination subsequently according to the changed Syllabus / Regulations.

XII. Grades, Credits, SGPA and CGPA

The Two-Year B.Ed. Programme proposes to implement Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) in continuous evaluation system of Two-Year B.Ed. Programme. Grades, Credits, SGPA and CGPA

After receiving the marks of the student teachers from the HOD/Principals of Colleges of Teacher Education through the Chairperson, Board of Studies in Education for B.Ed., the Examination Branch of the University shall prepare Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) Memos by incorporating the marks obtained by the students in the semester end university examinations as described below. As 40% is the minimum required for pass in the examinations, the student teachers should obtain at least 28 marks (out of 70) in courses which carry 100 marks and 14 marks (out of 35) in courses which carry 50 marks in the University examinations. However, there is no minimum for internal assessment.

Award of Grades

Examination Regulations under Choice Based Credit System (Effective from Academic Year 2016 –17) will be followed.

XIII. Improvement of Grade

1. Paper – wise Improvement:

- (a) When a candidate has passed in one or more papers / subjects in the first attempt in the regular * examination (s) conducted by the University for his / her batch, paper wise improvement is permissible only in those papers.
- (b) A candidate is permitted to appear for paper-wise improvement only once for a semester examination.
- (c) A candidate who wishes to improve his / her performance may be permitted to do so if he / she appears in the immediate next regular examination conducted by the University. Paper wise improvement not permissible for any backlog ** completed paper.
- (d) A candidate appearing for paper wise improvement is permitted to have the better of the two awards for the purpose of award of division.

Note:

- * Regular examination means, an examination conducted at the end of the semester for which the candidates were admitted and had undergone instruction.
- ** Backlogs means: (i) the papers / subjects in which the candidate registered for examination but either absented or failed, or (ii) papers / subjects for which the candidate has not registered for the examination along with his / her batch of students.

2. Improvement in Aggregate:

Improvement in aggregate is permitted only after the candidate exhausts the chances of paper – wise improvement as per the following conditions:

- (a) Aggregate improvement is permissible only when a candidate appears in all papers / subjects (including practicals if any as per scheme) but not piece meal or a semester. Further, the candidate has to appear for improvement examination as per the scheme of examination and syllabus in vogue at the time of taking his / her examination.
- (b) When a candidate appears for improvement in any semester / semesters, he / she may be permitted to have the better of the two aggregates i.e., the original or improvement.
- (c) The candidate is allowed for improvement in aggregate by appearing not more than two times for any semester. Further, aggregate improvement is limited to a period of one (1) year after passing the final semester examination for two (2) year course.

Note: Candidate who appear for improvement of performances under the above two categories are not eligible for the award of Distinction / Prizes / Medals / Merit Certificates etc.

XIV. Appearance and Reappearance for the Examination

- 1. Candidates who have put in the required attendance both in Theory and Practicum and those who have completed practical work and submitted records specified in the curriculum alone are eligible to appear for theory and practical examinations of B.Ed. course.
- 2. No candidate without the completion of teaching practice and school internship, projects and practical record work will be allowed for final university level theory/ practical examinations.
- 3. The HOD/Principal of the college of Education should not allow any candidate to appear for the final theory examination if their practical work as prescribed is not satisfactory or incomplete at the time of forwarding the application for examination to the university. Such candidates should seek fresh admission or readmission in the subsequent year to complete their practical work.
- 4. A candidate who fails in the theory part of the examination may be allowed to reappear either in the concerned theory course(s) in which he / she failed or in all the theory courses, at any subsequent examination without putting in further attendance, provided he / she does not change the subjects originally studied by him / her.

- 5. In case of teaching practice-cum-internship and other practical projects / records are not satisfactorily completed, the candidate will be permitted to appear for the final examination only after completing such practical work after seeking re-admission to B.Ed. as a casual student and producing thereafter, certificates of satisfactory work in the required areas.
- 6. Attendance at N.C.C. / N.S.S. Camps or Inter-Collegiate or Inter University or Inter-State or National or International matches or Debates, youth festivals or educational excursions if they form the part of the curriculum, or attendance at such other inter-university, inter-college activities, as approved by the university, will not be treated as absence. However, the aggregate of such absence should not exceed four weeks in the entire course of two years or four semesters

XV. Moderation Board

- 1. Projects, activities and records are part of the B.Ed. programme which requires objective evaluation for awarding marks/ grades. All the practical work will be moderated by the Moderation Board duly constituted by the University drafting the senior Faculty members from the School of Education and Training. The committee will consist of three members. The same moderation committee will moderate all the programs offered by School of Education and Training. Moderation will be done at the end of the fourth semester.
- 2. Moderation Board will examine a minimum of 20% of the total practical records / work randomly selected.
- 3. The Moderation Board will scrutinize the internal assessment marks in each course and practical work (Activities, Projects, Methods Records, etc.) of the candidates and ensure that evaluation standards are uniformly maintained in the department and at all the other CTE's. They will also check any significant difference in the assessment by constituent colleges and moderate to maintain a uniform standard of assessment among them.
- 4. The Moderation Board, after due review shall declare the appropriate marks to be awarded. The Moderation Board has the authority to reduce or enhance the marks awarded by teacher educators/ subject teachers/ Heads of the Schools.
- 5. The HOD/Principals of Colleges of Teacher Education should submit all the practical records of their Department/CTE's to the Dean, School of Education and Training for moderation.
- 6. Moderation Board shall forward these recommendations to the concerned HOD/Principals to effect the changes and request them to submit soft and hard copies of the same to the Dean, School of Education and Training. The Dean, School of Education and Training shall forward the duly revised award lists to the Chairman, Board of Studies in Education for onward transmission to the Controller of Examinations, MANUU, Hyderabad.
- 7. Recommendations of the Moderation Board are final and are not subject to review or revision.

XIX. Teaching Faculty as Mentors

- 1. It is envisaged to continue the practice of the concept of "Mentorship" in the Colleges of Teacher Education.
- 2. Each Teacher Educator in the Department/College of Teacher Education will act as a mentor, who will be responsible for monitoring the overall progress of the student teacher i.e., attendance, preparation of projects, teaching practice-cum-Internship and his overall participation in the programme.
- 3. Each mentor will be allotted minimum of 7-8 student teachers from each batch and he / she will take care of his / her progress and participation in the B.Ed. Programme.
- 4. Each mentor, besides providing overall guidance, is also responsible for resolving of any problems faced by the students. Mentor will authenticate the reports prepared by student teachers and conduct of various projects of the B.Ed. Programme.

5. The HOD/Principal of the Colleges of Teacher Education has to submit the list of mentors and the students allotted to each mentor to the Dean, School of Education and Training immediately after commencement of the B.Ed. program.

XVI. Guidelines for School Head Masters / Head Mistresses

The Head Masters / Head Mistresses of Practicing/Cooperating Schools are expected to:

- 1. Maintain the attendance of student teachers both for the forenoon and afternoon sessions in the school during the teaching practice/Internship.
- 2. Give strict instructions to supervisor teachers to follow the instructions given by the teacher educators and monitor the classroom performance of the student teachers. Also instruct the supervisor teachers to record their observations in the lesson plan records of the student teachers.
- 3. Instruct all the student teachers to stay in the school from morning first bell to evening last bell, during the school internship
- 4. Instruct the student teachers to participate in School Assembly and also to present different value added activities in the assembly sessions.
- 5. Assign any activity to the student teachers related to clean and green programme, ecoclub, conducting science fairs, exhibitions, festivals, debates, elocution, quiz, cultural and literary programmes, decoration activities, remedial classes, parent-teacher meetings, field trips, excursions, etc.
- 6. Sign on the records / project reports carried out by the student teachers during their stay in the school.

XVII. Instructions to Paper Setters

The Model Questions Paper is given below.

Model Paper

MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL URDU UNIVERSITY

Model Paper

Faculty of Education

B.Ed. Semester Examination

Subject Paper

Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 35

$\underline{Section - A} \quad (5 \text{ x } 1=5 \text{ marks})$

Note:

- 1. Section A consists of 5 objective type questions.
- 2. All questions are compulsory.
- 3. Each question carries 4 marks.

Section B (5x4=20 Marks)

Note:

- 1. Section B consists of 8 questions, the candidate has to answer 5 questions by following internal choice in about 100 words.
- 2. Each question carries 4 marks.

Section – C $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Note:

- 1. Part B consists of 2 essay type questions.
- 2. The candidate is to answer 1 question by following internal choice.
- 3. Each question carries 10 marks.

پور تی	مولانا آزاد بيشنل أردو يو:
	پوگرام:
(2016	I_سسٹرامتحانات(نومر/وسمبر
كل فبرات: 35	رت: 2 کئے
	ايات:
كے كئے تفقول كى تعدادات ارة بر تمام حصول سے	برچهٔ والات تمن حصول برهشمل ہے: حصداول ،حصد دوم ،حصد موم ہرجواب کے :
-	والول کاجواب دینالازی ہے۔
	. حصاول مِن 5 لازمي سوالات بين جو كه معروض سوالات/خالى جگه يُركرنا الخفه
$(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$	ہ-برسوال کے لیے 1 فبر مختل ہے۔
بدي ين- برسوال كاجواب تقريباسو (100)	. حصد دم تھ سوالات پیٹی ہیں ،اوراس میں طالب علم کوکوئی پانچ سوالوں کے جوا
(5 x 4 = 20 Marks)	لفظوں پرمشتل ہے۔ ہرسوال کے لیے 4 نمبرات مختص ہیں۔
ديناب-برسوال كاجواب تقريباً ذها في سو(250)	. صدموم مين دوسوالات بين اس مين عالب علم كوكوني ايك سوال كاجواب
(1 x 10 = 10 Marks)	لفقوں پر شمل ہے۔ ہرسوال کے لیے 10 نمبرات مخق ہیں۔
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Model Paper

MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL URDU UNIVERSITY

Model Paper

Faculty of Education

B.Ed. Semester Examination

Subject Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

$\underline{Section - A} \quad (10 \text{ x } 1=10 \text{ marks})$

Note:

- 1. Section A consists of 10 objective type questions
- 2. All questions are compulsory.
- 3. Each question carries 1 mark.

Section B (5x6=30 Marks)

Note:

- 1. Section B consists of 8 questions, the candidate has to answer 5 questions by following internal choice in about one page not exceeding 200 words.
- 2. Each question carries 6 marks.

Section – C $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Note:

- 1. Section C consists of 5 essay type questions.
- 2. The candidate is to answer 3 questions by following internal choice not exceeding 500 words.
- 3. Each question carries 10 marks.

		: 3;
	مولا نا آ زادنیشنل اُردو بو نیورسٹی	17-10
	يروگرام:	
	I_سمسٹرامتخانات (نومبر/ ڈیمبر 2017)	
كل فمبرات: 70	4	وتت: 3 كفظ

ہدایات:

یہ پر چہ سُوالات تمن حصوں پر شمبل ہے: حصداول،حصدوم،حصدوم، حصدوم۔ ہرجواب کے لئے لفظوں کی تعدادا شارۃ ہے۔ تمام حصول سے سوالوں کا جواب دینالازی ہے۔

- 1. حصاول میں 10 لازی سوالات بیں جو کہ معروضی سوالات/خالی جگد پُر کرنا /مختصر جواب والے سوالات بیں۔ ہرسوال کا جواب لازی ہے۔ ہرسوال کے لیے 1 نمبر مختص ہے۔
- 20. حصددهم آخصوالات ربینی بین، اوراس میں طالب علم کوکوئی پانچ سوالوں کے جواب دینے بیں۔ ہرسوال کا جواب تقریباً دوسو (200) لفظوں رمشتمل ہے۔ ہرسوال کے لیے 6 نمبرات مختص ہیں۔
- 3. حصوم میں پانچ سوالات ہیں۔اس میں سے طالب علم کوکوئی تین سوالوں کے جواب دیے ہیں۔ ہرسوال کا جواب تقریباً پانچ سو (500) لفظوں پر شمتل ہے۔ ہرسوال کے لیے 10 نمبرات مختص ہیں۔

Semester-I

Course Code		Course Title					
B9ED101CCT		PHILOSOPHICAL FOUNDATIONS OF EDUCATION					
Scheme of Instruction				Scheme of E	xami	nation	
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100	
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30	
Credits	:	3+1=4		End Semester	:	70	
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discuss	sion, Group	Exam Duration	:	3	
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel				Hrs	
		Discussion, Seminar					
		Presentations					

Objectives

The Course will enable the student-teacher to:

- 1. understand the concepts of Education and Philosophy
- 2. understand the Indian and Oriental Philosophical thought on Education
- 3. understand the implications of various western schools of thought on Education
- 4. understand the implications made by recent thinkers on Education.
- 5. appreciate the nobility of teaching as a profession.
- 6. understand the need and importance of values and their role in making an individual humane.
- 7. understand and appreciate the contributions made by the Oriental Philosophies to Education

Course Content

Unit-1: Introduction to Philosophy and Education (10 hours)

- 1.1 Concept and Scope of Philosophy
- 1.2 Concept and Scope of Education
- 1.3 Relationship between Philosophy and Education
- 1.4 Philosophy and Aims of Education
- 1.5 Philosophy of Education and Educational Philosophy

Unit-2: Indian Education: Historical Perspective (15 hours)

- 2.1 Education during Ancient Period (Vedic Education and Buddhist Education)
- 2.2 Education during Medieval Period (Including Islamic Education)
- 2.3 Education during Modern Period (Pre-Independent and Post Independent era)
- 2.4 Educational Thinkers
 - i. Rabindranath Tagore
 - ii. Sri Aurobindo Ghosh
 - iii. Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi
 - iv. Allama Iqbal
 - v. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
 - vi. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad

Unit-3: Eastern Systems and Western Schools of Philosophy (15 hours)

- 3.1 Eastern Systems of Philosophy
 - i. Sankhya ii. Yoga iii. Nyaya iv. Sufism
- 3.2 Western Schools of Philosophy
 - i. Idealism ii. Naturalism iii. Pragmatism iv. Existentialism

Unit 4: Value Education (5 hours)

- 4.1 Concept of Value
- 4.2 Classification of Values
- 4.3 Value Crisis
- 4.4 Approaches to inculcate Values
- 4.5 Values and Harmonious Life

Unit-5: Teaching as a Profession (5 hours)

- 5.1 Teacher: Professional Competencies and Commitments
- 5.2 Teacher as a Nation Builder
- 5.3 Teacher as a Creator and Facilitator of Knowledge
- 5.4 Professional Ethics of Teachers
- 5.5 Teacher and the Future Society

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Critically review a selected book written by Contemporary Educationist in India.
- **2.** Thoughts and reflections of Western Philosophical Schools and its relevance to the present day Indian Education A Report
- **3.** A report on the different roles played by an ideal teacher in the classroom, school and community
- **4.** Evaluate the existing school system and state to what extent the educational ideologies of the Islamic modernist in our country are reflected.
- 5. List out the values which make an individual a righteous human being.

Text Books

- **1.** Ramesh, G., & Dash, B.N., (2013). *Foundations of education*. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications.
- **2.** Aggrawal, J.C. (1996). *Theory and principles of education* (10th rev. ed.). New Delhi: Vikas Publication.
- 3. Altakar A.S. (1957). Education in ancient India. Varanasi: Nand Kishore Publication.
- **4.** Anand, C. L. (1993). *Teacher and education in the emerging Indian society*. New Delhi: NCERT.

Reference Books

- **1.** Amaldass, A. (2001). *Introduction to philosophy*. Chennai: Satya Nilayam Publications.
- 2. Chandra, B. (2000). *India after independence*. New Delhi: Roopa.
- **3.** Brubacher. J. S. (1962). *Modern philosophies of education*. New York: McGraw-Hill Co.
- **4.** Butler, J.D. (1968). Four philosophies and their practice in education and religion (3rd ed.). New York: Harper and Row Publisher.
- **5.** Chakravarthy, D.K. (2000). Fundamental questions of epistemology and metaphysics. New Delhi: Omsons Publications.
- **6.** Chaube, S.P., & Chaube, A. (2007). *Philosophical and sociological foundations of education*. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.
- **7.** Deota, N.P. (2012). *Effective leadership qualities*. Germany: Lap Lambert Academic Publishing.
- **8.** Deota, N.P. (2012). *Kaleidoscopic views on education*. Germany: Lap Lambert Academic Publishing.
- 9. Dewey, J. (1963). Democracy and education. New York: Mac Millan & Co.
- 10. Dhavan, M.L. (2005). Philosophy of education. Delhi; Isha Books.

- 11. Peters, R. S. History of philosophy. New York: Orient Longman.
- **12.** Thilly, F. (2018). *Introduction to history of philosophy*. New Delhi: S B W Publishers.
- 13. Jaffar, S.M. (1972). Education in Muslim India. Delhi: Idrah-I-Ababiyat.
- **14.** Brubacher, J. S. (2007). *Modern philosophy of education*. New Delhi: Surject Publications.
- **15.** Kabir, H. (1961). *Indian philosophy of education*. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
- 16. M. Keynes, 5th Edition. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 17. Dhawan, M.L. (2005). *Philosophy of education*. Delhi: Esha Books.
- 18. Mookerji, R.K. (1960). Ancient Indian education. Delhi: Moti Mahal.
- **19.** Mukherjee, S. (2007). *Contemporary issues in modern Indian education*. New Delhi: Authorpress.
- 20. Mukherji, S.N. (1955). History of education in India. Baroda: Acharya Book Depot.
- **21.** Nurullah, S., & Naik, J. P. (1951). A history of education in India. Bombay: Macmillan & Co.
- **22.** Park, J. (Ed.). (1968). *Selected readings in the philosophy of education* (3^{rd} ed.). London: The MacMillan Company.
- 23. Passi, B. K. (2004). Value education. Agra: National Psychological Corporation.
- **24.** Radhakrishnan, S. (1953). *History of philosophy: Eastern and western*. London: George Allen & Unwin Limited.
- 25. Saiyidain, K. G. (1970). Facts of Indian education. New Delhi: NCERT.
- **26.** Sharma, R.N. (2000). *Textbook of educational philosophy*. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers & Distributors.
- **27.** Smith, P.G. (Ed.). (1970). *Theories of value and problems of education*. London: University of Illinois Press.
- **28.** Thakur, A. S., & Berwal, S. (2007). *Education in emerging Indian society*. New Delhi: National Publishing House.
- **29.** Thakur, A.S. (1977). *The philosophical foundations of education*. New Delhi: National Publishing House.

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Sen	nester
B9ED102CCT		PSYCHOLOGY	I			
Scheme of Instru	cti	on		Scheme of E	xami	nation
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discu		Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Discussion, Present Discussion, Semina Presentations	,			Hrs

Objectives:

This Course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1. appreciate the need and significance of the study of Educational psychology in understanding, analyzing and interpreting the development of the learner.
- 2. understand the nature and principles of growth and development.
- 3. understand the different theories of growth and development.
- 4. understand the nature of adolescents and their specific characteristics.
- 5. understand the role of teacher, school and parents for holistic development of learners.
- 6. understand the nature of personality and its assessment.
- 7. understand the nature and process of learning and factors that facilitate or obstruct the learning process.

Course Content

Unit-1: Nature and Methods of Educational Psychology (8 hours)

- 1.1. Psychology: Meaning, Nature and Scope
- 1.2. Educational Psychology: Meaning, Nature and Scope
- 1.3. Methods of Educational Psychology: Introspection, Observation, Experimental and Case Study.
- 1.4. Need and Importance of Educational Psychology to the teacher

Unit-2: Growth and Development of the Learner (15 hours)

- 2.1. Concept and Nature of Growth, Development and Maturation.
- 2.2. Difference between Growth and Development, Principles of Development.
- 2.3. Factors influencing Growth and Development: Heredity and Environment.
- 2.4. Stages of Growth and Development- Infancy, Childhood and Adolescence.
- 2.5. Theories of Development: Cognitive(Piaget), Psycho-Social(Erickson), Moral (Kohlberg), Psycho-Analytic (Freud) and Language (Noam Chomsky)

Unit-3: Individual as a Unique Learner (5 hours)

- 3.1. Concept and types of individual differences.
- 3.2. Concept of intra and inter individual differences.
- 3.3. Factors responsible for individual differences.
- 3.4. Implications of individual differences for organizing educational programs.

Unit-4: Personality of Learner and its Assessment (10 hours)

- 4.1 Personality: Concept, Nature and Types of personality (Types and Trait Approach).
- 4.2 Factors influencing Personality: Heredity and Environment.
- 4.3 Development of Integrated Personality

4.4 Assessment of Personality: Projective Techniques (Rorschach's Ink Blot Test, TAT and CAT), 4.5 Non-Projective Techniques, Observation, Questionnaire, Interview, Rating scales, Check-lists, Attitude scales and Anecdotal records.

Unit-5: Learning and Memory (10 hours)

- 5.1.Learning: Concept, Process and Principles of Learning
- 5.2. Factors affecting learning, learner's individual differences, Conditions of Learning: Physiological, Psychological, Social, Emotional, Environmental and Educational factors.
- 5.3. Theories of Learning and their Classroom Implications- Trial and Error (Thorndike), Classical Conditioning (Pavlov), Operant Conditioning (Skinner), Learning by Insight (Gestalt), Social Learning (Bandura) and Constructivism (Vygotsky).
- 5.4. Transfer of Learning: Concept, Types of theories of Transfer, Role of teacher in Developing Positive Transfer
- 5.5.Memory and Forgetting: Concept, Causes of Forgetting, Effective methods of Remembering

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Visit a balwadi centre / NGO Centres for orphans / street children homes and prepare a detailed report on the functionaries of these centres.
- 2. Understanding Development through Case Study
- 3. Describe salient features of Child Rights Act-2005
- 4. Interact with five adolescent and collect information about their attitudes, interest, aspirations in respect of their educational and occupational choices.
- 5. Observe the various age group children (Early childhood, Later childhood, Adolescent) in various situations like in the classroom, playground, at home, with parents, friends, siblings and list down the characteristics of them in physical, social, emotional and intellectual domain.
- 6. Find out the plug-in points from your school subjects and link it with the components of Adolescence Education. Also plan out supplementary co-curricular activities for the same.
- 7. Observe some successful individuals and list down the behavioural characteristics which impress you.
- 8. Take interview of five low achievers and five high achievers and find out their modes of learning.

Text Books:

- 1. Hurlock, E.B. (1999). *Developmental psychology*. New Delhi: Tata MCGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
- 2. Kundu, C.L., & Tutoo, D.N. (1993). *Educational psychology*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Mangal, S.K, (2000). *Advanced educational psychology*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Mohan, J., & Vasudeva, P. N. (1993). Learning theories and teaching. In Mohan Jitendra (Ed.). *Educational Psychology* (pp. 146). New Delhi: Wiley Eastern Limited.
- 5. Aggarwal, J.C. (1995), *Essential Psychology*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. Chauhan, S.S. (1988). *Advanced educational psychology*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Dandapani. (2002). *Advanced educational psychology*. (2nd ed.). New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.

References:

- 1. Bhatia, H.R. (1977). *Textbook of educational psychology*. New Delhi: The Macmillan Company of India Ltd.
- 2. Dash, M. (1988). *Educational psychology*. Delhi: Deep and Deep Publications.
- 3. Dececco, J.P. (1977). *The Psychology of learning and instruction*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of Indian Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. International Bureau of Education. (1990). *Educational sciences: Essentials of educational psychology* (International Bureau of Education ,UNESCO). New Delhi: Sterling Publishers. Duric, L.
- 5. Hilgard, E.R., & Bower, G. H. (1981). *Theories of learning*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall India.
- 6. Kakkar, S.B. (1989). *Educational psychology & guidance*. Ambala, Cantt: The Indian Publication, Hill Road.
- 7. Lindgren, H. C. (1967). *Educational psychology in classroom* (3rd ed.). New York: John Wiley and sons.
- 8. Mangal, S. K. (1984). *Psychological foundations of education*. Ludhiana: Prakash Publishers.
- 9. Papalia, D. E., & Sally, W. O. (1978). *Human development*. New York: McGraw Hill Publishing Company
- 10. Parmeshwaran, E.G., & Beena, C. (2002). *An invitation to psychology*. Hyderabad: Neel Kamal Publications Pvt Ltd.
- 11. Rao S. N. (1990). Educational psychology. New Delhi: Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 12. Skinner, E. C. (1984). *Educational psychology* (4th ed.). New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- 13. Spinthall, N., & Spinthall, R. C. (1990). *Educational psychology* (5th ed.). New York: McGraw Hill Publishing Company.

Course Code		Course Title				nester
B9ED103CCT		COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH				
Scheme of Instruction				Scheme of Examination		
Total Duration	:	16 + 32 = 48Hrs		Maximum Score	:	50
Periods / Week	:	4		Internal Evaluation	:	15
Credits	:	1+ 1 = 2		End Semester	:	35
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discussion, Group		Exam Duration	:	2
Mode		Discussion, Present				Hrs
		Discussion, Seminar Presentations				

Objectives:

The Course will enable the student teacher to:

- 1. develop listening comprehension.
- 2. improve voice quality and speaking skills.
- 3. develop conference skills for a better presentation.
- 4. improve reading comprehension.
- 5. develop writing skills to write invitations, application, letters and resumes etc.

Course Content

Unit-1: Grammar and Phonetics (5 hours Theory +10 hours Practical)

- a) Grammar
 - a. Parts of Speech
 - b. Types of Sentences
 - c. Tenses
 - d. Transformation of Sentences- Active-Passive, Direct-Indirect and Affirmative-Negative.
 - e. Degrees of Comparison
 - f. Clauses
 - g. Question Tags
- b) Phonetics
 - a. Sounds, Stress, Intonation, Rhythm, Voice quality, clarity, pace, pauses, and voice modulation

Unit-2: Listening Comprehension and Speaking Skills (5 hours Theory + 10 hours Practical)

- a) Listening comprehension
 - a. Difference between Hearing and Listening, Types of listening.
 - b. Characteristics of a good listener Learning to listen.
- b) Speaking Skills
 - a. Making speeches and presentations.
 - b. Compering and Anchoring.
 - c. Role-play.

Unit-3: Reading Comprehension and Writing skills: (6 hours Theory+ 12 hours Practical)

- a) Reading Comprehension
 - a. Purpose of reading.
 - b. Types of reading.
 - c. Speed of reading.
 - d. Characteristics of a good reader.
- b) Writing Skills
 - a. Writing a paragraph.
 - b. Letter writing: Formal and Informal
 - c. Writing invitations.

- d. Writing a resume
- e. Writing notices and announcements.
- f. Report writing.

Practicum

(All activities to be conducted and record to be maintained) 15 marks

- 1. Prepare an Invitation for Farewell/ Birthday/ Festival
- 2. Write a Notice / Report / Circular
- 3. Prepare a Resume
- 4. Write a letter formal and informal
- 5. Write the agenda and minutes of a meeting

References:

- 1. Wren., & Martin.(2016). *High school English grammar & composition*. Chennai: Blackie Books.
- 2. Speak English (2004): 1-8 Audio cassettes and Student's Books (A course in Speaking and Listening) Orient Longman
- 3. Hello English (2004.) For communicating in real world Orient Longman.
- 4. New connect (2004) For communication 1-8, Orient Longman.
- 5. English is easy (2004) 1-8, Orient Longman.

A set of carefully designed reading cards to provide supplementary reading for learners with varied proficiency in English (2004), Orient Longman.

Course Code		Course Title			Semester		
B9ED101DST	PEDAGOGY OF MATHEMATICS-I					I	
Scheme of Instru	Scheme of Instruction			Scheme of Examination	u e		
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100	
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30	
Credits	:	3+1=4		End Semester	:	70	
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discussion, Group		Exam Duration	:	3	
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel				Hrs	
		Discussion, Seminar					
		Presentations					

Objectives

The Course will enable the student teacher to:

- 1. develop insight into the meaning, nature, scope and objectives of mathematics education.
- 2. appreciate the role of mathematics in day to day life.
- 3. understand history, development of mathematics and the contributions of Indian mathematicians to mathematics.
- 4. understand aims and objectives of different branches of mathematics.
- 5. identify the role of branches of mathematics and their implications on the society.
- 6. understand and practice various methods and approaches of teaching mathematics.
- 7. understand the selection, preparation and uses of learning resources.

Course Content

Unit-1: Introduction to Mathematics (8 Hours)

- 1.1 Meaning, Nature, and Scope of Mathematics.
- 1.2 History of Mathematics with special emphasis on Teaching of Mathematics.
- 1.3 Contributions of Indian Mathematicians a) Aryabhatta b) Brahmagupta c) Varahamihira d) Bhaskaracharya e) Srinivasa Ramanujan f) Shakuntala Devi
- 1.4 Contributions of western mathematicians a) Euclid b) Pythagoras c) Renedescarte d) Geroge Cantor.
- 1.5 Correlation of Mathematics with other school subjects and with other branches of mathematics.

Unit-2: Aims and Objectives of Teaching Mathematics (8 Hours)

- 2.1 Need for establishing general objectives for teaching mathematics.
- 2.2 Aims, values and general objectives of teaching mathematics.
- 2.3 Specific objectives and teaching points of various content areas in different branches of secondary school mathematics.
- 2.4 Recommendations of various Educational Committees and Commissions as regards to Aims and Objectives of Teaching Mathematics.
- 2.5 Meaning and Concept of Competencies and Academic Standards of CCE.
- 2.6 Blooms Taxonomy of Educational objectives Critique, Revised Bloom's Taxonomy by Anderson(2001)
- 2.7 Linking Bloom's Taxonomy with Academic Standards.

Unit-3: Approaches, Methods and Strategies in Teaching and Learning of Mathematical Concepts (12 Hours)

- 3.1 Nature of Concepts, types of Concepts, Concept Formation and concept assimilation; distinguishing and stating necessary and sufficient conditions in the process of teaching concepts. Comparing and contrasting. Giving counter example and non-example in teaching concepts. Planning and implementation strategies in teaching concepts.
- 3.2 Creating awareness among student teachers on various concepts of Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, Probability and Statistics from classes VI to X.
- 3.3 Methods of Teaching Mathematics: Inductive and Deductive, Analytic and Synthetic, Laboratory. Heuristic, Project Method and Activity Based Teaching.
- 3.4 Problem solving- Stages and Steps in problem solving; Discovering or Exploring various options for solving a given problem in Algebra, Arithmetic, Business Mathematics, Geometry, Trigonometry, Probability and Statistics.
- 3.5 Concept Attainment Model of Jerome Bruner and its application in teaching mathematics.

Unit-4: Planning for Teaching – Learning Mathematics (12 Hours)

- 4.1 Microteaching: Concept, Definition, Microteaching cycle, Components of Microteaching, Merits and Limitations.
- 4.2 Microteaching Skills: Introducing a lesson, Explaining a Concept, Stimulus Variation, Illustrating with Examples, Probing Questioning, Reinforcement, Structuring Classroom Questions, and Blackboard writing.
- 4.3 Planning of Instruction: Unit plan, Period plan based on Blooms Taxonomy and academic standards (CCE).
- 4.4 Technology Integrated Lesson-Planning the Lesson using digital technology.

Unit-5: Learning Resources in Mathematics (8 Hours)

- 5.1 Mathematics Text Book Importance and Criteria of good Mathematics text book.
- 5.2 A Critical Analysis of existing Secondary School Mathematics Text Books.
- 5.3 Audio, Visual and Multimedia resources Selection and design according to learner needs.
- 5.4 On line Resources ICT based Pedagogical tools.
- 5.5 Using community resources for mathematics learning. Visits, mathematical field trips and excursions.
- 5.6 Handling hurdles in utilizing resources.

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Create different activities to realize concept attainment by children in any unit from Mathematics Text books of 6-10 classes
- 2. Each student has to collect and present history and contributions of one Indian or Western mathematician
- 3. Preparation of T.L.M. for any one topic from classes 6-10 Mathematics
- 4. Preparation of power point presentation (PPP) for any one topic from a different branch of mathematics
- 5. Identifying suitable methods/ approaches of teaching different topics from mathematics text of any one class (Inductive/ Deductive/ Analytic/ Synthetic/ Laboratory/ Heuristic/ Project methods and Activity based learning)
- 6. Create a Mind map on any topic of mathematics.
- 7. Create a concept map on any topic of mathematics.

Text Books

- 1. Davis, D. R. (1960). *The Teaching of mathematics*. New Delhi: Surject Publications.
- 2. Mangal, S.K. (1993). Teaching of mathematics. New Delhi: Arya Book Depot.
- 3. NCERT. (2012). Pedagogy of mathematics. New Delhi: NCERT.
- 4.Siddu, K.S. (1990). Teaching of Mathematics. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.

Reference Books

- 1. Benjamin, B. S. (Ed.). (1958). *Taxonomy of educational objectives, Handbook 1: Cognitive domain*. New York: Harcourt Brace & World Inc.
- 2. James, A. (2016). *Methods of teaching of mathematics*. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Kulshrestha, A.K. (2012). Teaching of mathematics. Meerut: R. Lall Book Depot.
- 4. NCERT. (2000). *National curriculum framework for teacher education*. New Delhi: NCERT.
- 5. NCERT. (2005). National curriculum framework. New Delhi: NCERT.
- 6. NCTM. (1970). *The teaching of secondary school mathematics*, XXXIII Yearbook. Washington: NCTM.
- 7. Packiam, S. (1983). Teaching of modern mathematics. New Delhi: Doaba House.
- 8. Rao, N.M. (2016). A manual of mathematics laboratory. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 9 Rao, N.M. (2016). *Mathematics projects*. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications Pvt. Ltd.

Course Code		Course Title			Semester		
B9ED102DST	PEDAGOGY OF BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES-I					I	
Scheme of Instru	cti	on		Scheme of Examination			
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100	
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30	
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semester	:	70	
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discussion, Group		Exam Duration	:	3	
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel				Hrs	
		Discussion, Seminar					
		Presentations					

Objectives

The Course will enable the student teacher to:

- 1. develop an insight on the meaning, scope, nature and aims of biological sciences.
- 2. identify and relate everyday experiences with the learning of biological sciences.
- 3. integrate the knowledge of biological sciences with other school subjects.
- 4. facilitate the development of scientific attitude and scientific temper in the learners of biological sciences.
- 5. develop competencies for teaching and learning biological sciences through Herbartian and Constructivist approaches.
- 6. stimulate curiosity, creativity and inventiveness in the learners towards biological sciences.

Course Content

Unit-1: Introduction to Science and Biological Sciences (5 Hours)

- 1.1. Science and Biological Sciences: Meaning Nature and Scope.
- 1.2. Structure of Science: Substantive Structure (Product of Science) and Syntactic Structure (Process of Science).
- 1.3. Values of learning Biological Sciences.
- 1.4. Co-relation of Biological Sciences with other school subjects.

Unit-2: Development of Biological Sciences (6 Hours)

- 2.1 Milestones in the development of Biological Sciences.
- 2.2 Contributors of Biological Sciences Aristotle, Charles Darwin, Gregor Johann Mendel, Robert Hook, Louis Pasteur, William Harvey, Alexander Fleming and M.S. Swaminathan.
- 2.3 Concept of Neo-darwinism
- 2.4 Role of Biological Sciences in Human Welfare.

Unit-3: Aims and Objectives of Teaching Biological Science (9 Hours)

- 3.1 Meaning, Importance, Aims and Objectives of teaching Biological Sciences.
- 3.2 Taxonomy of Educational Objectives Bloom, Krathwohl, Simpson, et al.
- 3.3 Revised Bloom's Taxonomy and Higher Order Thinking Skills.
- 3.4 Writing Instructional, Behavioural Objectives and Specifications of Teaching Biological Sciences.
- 3.5 Competencies for Teaching of Biological Sciences.

Unit-4: Approaches, Methods and Techniques of Teaching Biological Sciences (15 Hours)

- 4.1 Approaches to Biological Sciences Teaching Inductive, Deductive and Constructivist.
- 4.2 Methods of Teaching Biological Sciences- Lecture cum Demonstration, Historical, Heuristic, Project, Problem solving and Laboratory.
- 4.3 Modern Teaching Techniques Brainstorming, mind mapping, concept mapping, Team Teaching and Models of Teaching Concept Attainment Model and Biological Sciences Inquiry Training Model

Unit-5: Transactional Strategies for Teaching Biological Sciences (13 Hours)

- 5.1 Year Plan, Unit Plan and Period Plan (Lesson Plan) Herbartian steps vs. Constructivist approach.
- 5.2 Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) Model, Period plan.
- 5.3 Microteaching Concept, Nature and Importance, Skills of Microteaching, Practice of Microteaching Skills- Introducing a lesson, Explaining a Concept, Stimulus Variation, Probing Questioning, Drawing and Blackboard writing.

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Visit any zoological park/Botanical Garden/Agro based industry/ food park/ institution of scientific interest or Science and Technological Museum in your vicinity and report.
- 2. Identify and write the objectives and specifications under the three domains on any topic of your choice
- 3. Sketch the life history and write his/her contributions of any one Biologist
- 4. Name any common branch of both Botany and Zoology and explain how you integrate the pedagogy in dealing with the content.
- 5. Organize an event on Earth Day/ Environment Day/ Population Day, etc. in the school during the internship and report.

Text Books:

- 1. Agarwal, D. D. (2001). Modern methods of teaching biology. New Delhi: Sarup & Sons.
- 2. Ahmed, J. (2011). Teaching of biological science. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt.Ltd.
- 3. Chikara, M.S., & Sarma, S. (1985). *Teaching of biology*. Ludhiana: Prakash Brothers.

References:

- 1. Benjamin, S. Bloom. (Ed.). (1958). *Taxonomy of educational objectives, Handbook I: Cognitive domain*, New York: Harcourt Brace & World Inc.
- 2. Gupta, S. K. (1983). *Technology of science education*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Hassard, J. (2000). Science as inquiry. New Jersey: Good Year Books.
- 4. Krathwohl, D. R. (Ed.). (1964). *Taxonomy of educational objectives, Hand Book II: Affective domain*. New York: David Mckay.
 - New UNESCO Source. (1978). *Book for science teaching*. New Delhi: Oxford & IBH Publishing House.

Course Code		Course Title			Semester	
B9ED103DST		PEDAGOGY OF SOCIAL STUDIES-I				
Scheme of Instru	cti	on		Scheme of Examination	I.	
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discussion, Group		Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel				Hrs
		Discussion, Seminar				
		Presentations				

Objectives

The Course will enable the student teacher to:

- 1. understand the meaning and scope of Social Studies.
- 2. develop general and specific aims of teaching Social Studies.
- 3. inculcate values through teaching of Social Studies.
- 4. understand major concepts and develop critical thinking through teaching inter disciplines of Social Studies.
- 5. acquire knowledge on different strategies and approaches of teaching Social Studies.

Course Content

Unit-1: Social Studies as an Integrated Area of Study (7 Hours)

- 1.1 Meaning, Nature and Scope of Natural and Social Sciences
- 1.2 Distinction between Natural and Social Sciences
- 1.3 Meaning, History, Nature, Scope and Development of Social Studies with special reference to Geography, History, Civics and Economics.
- 1.4 Distinction between Social Sciences and Social Studies
- 1.5 Understanding society through various Social Sciences

Unit-2: Aims Objectives and Academic Standards of Social Studies (7 Hours)

- 2.1 Major aims and objectives of teaching Social Studies
- 2.2 Bloom's taxonomy of Educational Objectives
- 2.3 Academic Standards and Learning outcomes of teaching Social Studies
- 2.4 Recommendations of NPE 1986 and NCF 2005.
- 2.5 Values of Teaching Social Studies

Unit-3: Approaches, Methods, Strategies and Techniques of Teaching Social Studies (14 ours)

- 3.1 Meaning, need and significance of various approaches, methods, strategies and techniques of Teaching Social Studies.
- 3.2 Teacher centred approaches. Lecture, Lecture-demonstration, Source and Supervisory Study.
- 3.3 Learner centered approaches. Project, Problem Solving, Discussion, Inductive and Deductive, Observation, Constructivistic Approach.
- 3.4 Strategies / Techniques Brain Storming, Team Teaching, Mind Mapping, Concept Mapping.
- 3.5 Activities. Dramatisation, Role play, Field Trips, Excursions, Social Science Clubs, Exhibitions.

Unit-4: Planning in Teaching Social Studies (12 Hours)

- 4.1 Micro-teaching Meaning, Concept and Nature.
- 4.2 Micro-teaching Skills Introduction, Explanation, Questioning, Reinforcement, Stimulus Variation.
- 4.3 Year Plan and Unit Plan.
- 4.4 Need and Importance of Lesson Planning (Period Planning).
- 4.5 Technology Integrated Lesson Planning.

Unit-5: Teaching Learning Resources in Social Studies (8 Hours)

- 5.1 Community Resources Human and Material.
- 5.2 Social Studies Library, Laboratory and Museum.
- 5.3 Need and Significance of Current Events and Controversial Issues in Teaching Social Studies.
- 5.4 Handling hurdles in utilizing resources.
- 5.5 Professional Development of Social Studies Teacher.

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Identify values depicted in the lessons of Social Studies of any one class and prepare a report.
- 2. Select and plan appropriate strategies for teaching a lesson of Social Studies of your choice and submit.
- 3. Identify any village/ward/ colony and make social survey and find out the literacy rate, adult education programmes, electricity, toilets, sanitary and water facilities, maintenance of roads, etc and submit village/ward description report.
- 4. Organise a programme in the school in connection with celebration of national festivals, birthdays of social scientists/ National leaders, etc.

Text Books:

- 1. Aggarwal J.C. (1993). *Teaching of social studies: A practical approach* (2nd ed.). New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- 2. Aggarwal J.C. (1983). *Teaching of history*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- 3. Kochhar, S. K. (1988). *Teaching of social studies*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Private Ltd.
- 4. Bining, A.C., & Bining, B. H. (1952). *Teaching of social studies in secondary schools* (3rd ed.). Bombay: TATA Mc Graw- Hill publishing Company Ltd.

Reference Books:

- 1. Edwin, F. (1967). *The new social studies in secondary schools: An inductive approach*. New York: Holt Binchart and Winston Inc.
- 2. Martorella, P. M. (1976). *Social studies strategies: Theory into practice*. New York: Harper and Row Publishers Inc.
- 3. Mechlinger, M. D. (1981). *UNESCO handbook of teaching social studies*. London: Croom Helm.
- 4. Moffat, M. P. (1955). Social studies instruction (2nd ed.). New York: Prentice Hall Inc.
- 5. Edgar, B. W., & Stareky, P. W. (1958). *Teaching social studies in high schools*. Boston: 11C Health and Company.
- 6. Patel, R. N. (2010). *Educational Evaluation: Theory and practice*. Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House.

Course Code		Course Title				nester
B9ED111DST		PEDAGOGY OF URDU-I				
Scheme of Instru	cti	on		Scheme of Examination		
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3+1=4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discussion, Group		Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel				Hrs
		Discussion, Seminar				
		Presentations				

مقاصد

ا- زبان كى ما بيت ، خصوصيت اورابميت سے وا تفيت حاصل كريا _

٢٠ اردوزبان كي لساني خصوصيات عدوا قفيت حاصل كرنا-

الرووزبان ك مختلف احتاف ع شناساني حاصل كرا-

المد تدريس كتفور عوا تقيية عاصل كرا .

۵- اردوزیان کی ترریس کے مقاصد سے وا تفیت حاصل کرنا۔

٢- اردوز بان كى تدريس ك مختلف طريقة كار عدوا تفيت حاصل كرنا-

2- اردوز بان كى بنيا دى مبارتول كفروغ دين دالى مخلف مركرميون سے دا تغييث حاصل كرنا۔

٨- انوى مع يراردوربان كىدريس كے مقاصد عدوا تفيت ماصل كرا_

٩- منصوبه يق كي ايمية اورمراص عدوا تفية عاصل كنا-

١٠ محرومدريس كالهيت عدوا قفيت حاصل كرنا-

اكائى - 1: زيان اورزبان كى ايميت

(a) زبان - مفهوم وفطرت مزبان كي خصوصيات

(b) دبان كاقسام - اشرول كربان، آوازول كرزبان، علامول كرزبان

(c) زبان كافعال - مافى الضمير كاظهار كاوسيله، رابط كاذر بعد تمن كى ترسيل كاوسيله

(d) بولی، زبان اور مادری زبان، بولی اورزبان کے درمیان فرق

(٥) انسانی زندگی شرزبان کی ایمیت واقادیت

مولانا آزاد نیشنل اُر دویو نیورسٹی

اكانى -٢: اردوزيانوادب

- (a) ادب معنى دهموم، ادب اورزئد كى كارشة
- (b) احتاف ادب اردو نثر وظم، نثر وظم ك درميان فرق
- (c) اصناف ينشر واستان ، ناول ، افسانه، درامه، موافح نگاري و مكتوت نگاري وغيره
- (d) اصناف اللم غرال منتوى بصيده مرشده راعى الزائم ومترى الم الما المراقل كورميان فرق
- (۵) اردوزبان کے آغاز وارتقاء کے سلسلے میں مختلف نظریات محمد حسین آزاد مسعود حسین خان مجی الدین قاوری زور، محمود شیرانی
 - (f) بشروستانی آئین میں اردوزبان کامقام ومرتب

اكائى -٣: تدريس اورتدريس كاطريقه كار

- (2) تدريس مغبوم وتعريف مدريس كالميت
- (b) ایک معاری / اجھے دریس کی خصوصات
 - (c) تدريس كام اصول
 - (d) تدريس كاقداى اصول
- (e) تدريس عطريقة كار- كحيل كعيل كاطريقة ،كمانى كاطريقه ادا كارى يا درامانى طريقة ،سوال وجواب كاطريقه
 - (f) لكيرياتقريري طريقه، بحث ومباحثه كاطريقه، كروي تدريس، استقرائي واتخراجي تدريس

اكائى - ٣٠ اردوز بان كى بنيادى مهارتو لى كدرلي

- (a) سنا سکمانا ۔ تدری طریقے سنے کی مہارت کوروغ دینے کی مختلف سرگرمیاں
- (b) بولتا كھانا۔ قدر كى طريقے۔ بولنے كى مهارت كفروغ دينے كى مخلف سركرمياں
- (c) برد صناعها عدر ای طریقے۔ برد صنی مہارت کفروغ دینے کی مختلف مرگرمیاں
- (d) كلهناسكهانا_قدريى طريق_كله كليف كامهارت كفروغ ديية كافتلف مركرميان.

اكائى - ٥: اردوز بان كى تدريس ومنصوب بندى

(a) اردوز یا ن کی تر رایس کے عام مقاصد و خاص مقاصد

(b) قانوی مطح پرتدریس اردو کے مقاصد - شرعظم وقو اعد

(c) بلوم کابیش کرده تدریجی مقاصد اوران کی ورجه بندی

(d) منصوبيتين - مفهوم، اجميت وافا ديت

(e) منصوب سبق ك مختلف مراحل (شر الظم وتواعد)

(f) محروتدریس -مفہوم واہمیت ، مختلف تدریسی مہاراتوں کے فروغ کے لیے منصوبہ خروتدریس

سفارش كرده كتابيات

- (١) معین الدین "اروزیان کی ترلیل" رقی ارود بورده کی دیلی
- (٢) مولوي سليم عبدالله ومردوكي روحائي" ايجيشل بك باؤس على ره
- (٣) وْالْمُرْجِم الْسِحِ ، وْالْمُرْصايره سعيد "تدريس الردو" بيمير بياشنك ماوس ، حيدرآباد
 - (٣) ضيا عارهمن اعظى "اردورة حافى كأن اشيلى الميشرى ،اعظم كدُه
 - (٥) رشيد حس خان ازبان اورقو اعد" ترقى اردويورو، يى دىلى
- (٢) وْاكْتُرْرِياش احمد موروندريس (جديد طريق اورتقاض) مكتبد جامعه طيدا سلامية عنى والى

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Semester	
B9ED112DST		PEDAGOGY OF HINDI-I				
Scheme of Instru	Scheme of Instruction			Scheme of Examination	ı	
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discussion, Group		Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel				Hrs
		Discussion, Seminar				
		Presentations				

पाव्यकम के विशेष उददेश्य

- भाषा की अलग-अलग भूमिकाओं को जानना
- भाषा सीखने की सृजनात्मक प्रकिया को जानना
- भाषा के स्वरूप और व्यवस्था को समझना
- स्कूल की भाषा, बच्चों की भाषा के बीच के संबंध को जानना
- भाषा के संदर्भ में पढ़ने के अधिकार, शांति और पर्यावरण के प्रति सर्वेत होना
- भाषा सीखने के तरीके और प्रकिया को जानना और समझना
- पाठ्यचर्या, पाठ्यकम और पाठ्यपुस्तक का विश्लेषण कर कक्षा विशेष और बच्चों की समझ के अनुसार ढालना
- भाषा और साहित्य के संबंध को जानना
- हिंदी भाषा के विविध रूपों और अभिव्यक्तियों को जानना
- भावों और विचारों की स्यतंत्रा अभिव्यक्ति करना
- भाषायी बारीकियों के प्रति संवेदनशील होना
- विद्यार्थियों की सृजनात्मक क्षमता को पहचानना
- बच्चों के भाषायी विकास के प्रति समझ बनाना और उसे समुन्नत करने के लिए विद्यालय में तरह—तरह के अवसर जुटाना
- भाषा के मूल्यांकन की प्रक्रिया को जानना
- साहित्यिक और गैर साहित्यिक मौलिक रचनाओं की समझ और सराहना
- भाषा सीखने–सिखाने के सृजनात्मक दृष्टिकोण को समझना

भाग-एक

इकाई 1- 5 इकाई - 1: भाषा का स्वरूप, एवं भाषा की भूमिका

- 1 भाषा-अर्थ, स्वरूप, महत्व
- 2 भाषा के विभन्न रूप— घर की भाषा (मातृ भाषा)और रक्त की भाषा (राज भाषा) रामूचे पाठ्यकम में भाषा, ज्ञान सृजन और भाषा, माध्यम भाषाः विषय के रूप में भाषा और माध्यम भाषा में अंतर, विविध भाषिक प्रयुक्तिया, बहुभाषिक कक्षा,
- 3 संविधान और शिक्षा समितियों के रिपोर्ट में भाषा—भाषाओं की स्थिति (धारा 343—351, 350) कोठारी कमीशन (64 से 66) राष्ट्रीय शिक्षा नीति —1986, पी.ओ. ए—1992। इकाई — 2: भाषायी दक्षताए

1. भाषायी दक्षताएँ- श्रवण, वाचन, पठन एवं लेखन

2. श्रवण एवं वाचन — सुनने का कौशल, बोलने का लहजा एवं शैली— भाषाई विविधता और हिंदी पर एवं पड़ने—पढ़ाने पर इसका प्रभाव, सुनने और बोलने के कौशल विकास के स्रोत और सामग्री, रोलप्ले, कहानी सुनाना, परिस्थित के अनुसार संवाद, भाषा लैंब, मल्टीमीडिया तथा मौलिक सामग्री की सहायता से संप्रेषणात्मक वातावरण का निर्माण पठन — पढ़ने के कौशल, पढ़ने के कौशल विकास में बोध का महत्व, मौन और मुखर पठन, गहन—पठन, विस्तृत पठन, आलोचनात्मक पठन, पढ़ने के कौशल विकास में सृजनात्मक साहित्य कहानी, कविता आदि। लेखन — लिखने के चरण, लेखन—प्रकिया, सृजनात्मक लेखन, औपचारिक और अनौपचारिक लेखन (कहानी, कविता, संवाद, डायरी, पत्र, रिपोर्ट, समाचार आदि)

इकाई — 3 भाषा शिक्षण की विधियाँ एवं उनका विश्लेषण — व्याकरण अनुवाद प्रणाली, विधियाँ प्रत्यक्ष प्रणाली, प्रत्यक्ष प्रणाली, विधियाँ प्रत्यक्ष प्रणाली, विधियाँ प्रत्यक्ष प्रणाली, विधियाँ प्रणाली, विधियाँ प्रणाली, विधियाँ प्रणाली, विधियाँ प्रणाली, विधियाँ प्रणाली, विधियाँ एवं उनका विश्लेषण —

इकाई -4: हिन्दी विक्षण कौषलों का विकास एवं सूक्षम विक्षण

विक्षण कौषल— अर्थ, परिभाषा, महत्व, हिन्दी व्रिक्षण के वांछित कौर्रल व्रिक्षण कौर्रल पर आधारित पाठ योजना का निर्माण

सूक्षम ब्रिक्षण — अर्थ, परिभाषा, विश्वतायें, अवस्थायें, सूक्षम ब्रिक्षण की प्रकिया एवं सोपान। सुरक्ष

इकाई – 5: भाषा-साहित्य और सौंदर्य –

1. सृजनात्मक भाषा के विविध रूप — साहित्य के विविध रूप, स्कूली पाठ्यकम में साहित्य को पढ़ना—पढ़ाना, हिन्दी षिक्षण के उददेष्य एवं हिन्दी की विभिन्न विधाओं को पढ़ाने के उददेष्य। साहित्यिक अभिव्यक्ति के विविध रूप किवता को पढ़ना—पढ़ाना, गद्य की विविध विधाओं को पढ़ना—पढ़ाना, नाटक को पढ़ना—पढ़ाना, समकालीन साहित्य की पढ़ाइ; बाल साहित्य, दिलत साहित्य, स्त्री साहित्य हिंदी की विविध विधाओं के आधार पर गतिविधियों का निर्माण, कविता, कहानी, नाटक, निबंध की पाठ विधि तैयार करना।

प्रशिक्षण के दौरान

- एक कहानी का चार अलग–अलग समूह द्वारा विश्लेषण और उसकी प्रस्तुति
- सभी विद्यार्थी किसी एक रचना की समीक्षा करें तथा एक—दूसरे की समीक्षित बिंदुओं पर कक्षा में चर्चा करें
- समूह में एक ही विषय पर अलग—अलग विधाओं की रचनाओं का संकलन और उनका तुलनात्मक विश्लेषण
- वर्तमान बाल साहित्य की समीक्षा अपनी मनपसंद तीन कहानियों की समीक्षा

- विज्ञान, समाज विज्ञान और गणित की कक्षा ट्य से ट्य की किताबों से कुछ अंश चुनकर उसमें प्रयुक्त भाषा, विषय सम्बन्धी भाव का विष्लेषण करना एवं छात्रों के स्तर के अनुरूप भाषा सीखने में किस प्रकार सहायक है इस की विवेचना करना।
- सभी भाषायी कौशलों के सीखने से संबंधित 1-1 गतिविधियाँ तैयार करें
- मातृभाषा और अन्य भाषा विषय पर छोटे समूह में चर्चा करे कक्षा शिक्षण के दौरान
- बच्चों से एक ही विषय जैसे 'वर्षा, बादल' पर स्वतंत्रा रूप से कुछ लिखने को कहें कोई विधा न सुझाए।
- रचना को जानें और कक्षा विशेष को ध्यान में रखते हुए कक्षा प्रविधि तैयार करें किसी एक रचना को सुनकर।
- (क) एक रचना अनेक स्तर (अलग-अलग कक्षाओं में एक ही रचना को पढ़ाने से संबंधित)
- (ख) एक रचना अनेक अर्थ (अलग-अलग दृष्टिकोण से एक ही रचना को पढ़ना)
- (ग) एक रचना विभिन्न बच्चे (संदर्भ: चुनौतीपूर्ण बच्चे)
- कोई नाटक या उपन्यास पढ़वाने के बाद उस के पात्रों के रहन—सहन, बोली आदि की चर्चा कर समाज में इनमें आए बदलाव पर चर्चा करना, विभिन्न व्यवसाय तथा व्यवसाय से जुड़े लोगों, उन के कार्यों, समस्याओं पर बातचीत।
- कक्षा छह हिंदी की पुस्तक में से झांसी की रानी कविता एवं कोई निबंध पाठ के बाद,
 1857 के पहले, दौरान और बाद में घटी घटनाओं का टाइम लाइन (घार्ट) बनाना, गांधीजी के जीवन की महत्वपूर्ण घटनाओं का टाइम लाइन (घार्ट) गांधीजी द्वारा चलाए गए आंदोलनों का टाइम लाइन (घार्ट)
 - भाषा की कक्षा में रचनात्मक दृष्टिकोण को ध्यान में रखते हुए चार गतिविध्या तैयार करें।
 - पढ़ने के कौशल विकास को ध्यान में रखते हुए कक्षा छह हिंदी के विद्यार्थी के लिए तीन गतिविध्यों तैयार करें और उनका कक्षा शिक्षण के दौरान प्रयोग करें
 - सभी विद्यार्थी कथा छह से आठ के हिंदी पाठ्यपुस्तकों के संदर्भ में व्याकरण के दस नमूने इकटठा करें और उन पर समूह में चर्चा करें
 - कक्षा—शिक्षण के दौरान बच्चों के परिवेश और उनकी भाषा के बारे में जानकारी प्राप्त करें और बहुभाषिकता को स्रोत के रूप में इस्तेमाल करते हुए हिंदी शिक्षण की एक कक्षा—प्रविधि तैयार करें
 - विभिन्न षिक्षण कौषलों का कक्षा में कियान्वन का प्रारूप तैयार करना
 - सूक्षम विक्षण चक के कियान्यन का प्रारूप तैयार करना।
 - विभिन्न कौषलों पर आधारित पाठ योजना का निर्माण एवं प्रस्तुतीकरण

परियोजना कार्य

- विद्यालयी अनुभव कार्यक्रम के दौरान भाषा शिक्षण को लेकर आने वाली कठिनाई पर कियात्मक शोध
- भाषा की कक्षा में उन अनुभवों को पिरोते हुए शिक्षण योजना बनाना
- कक्षा 6 से 10 तक की हिंदी की पाठ्यपुस्तकों में से किसी एक कविता को चुनकर परिवेश से जोड़ते हुए उसवेफ शिक्षण बिंदु तैयार करना
 - संविधन में भारतीय भाषाओं संबंध अनुसंशाए तथा राष्ट्रीय शिक्षा नीति, पी.ओ.ए. हारा संस्तृत भाषा संबंधी सिफारिशों पर एक रिपोर्ट तैयार करना
 - विविध राजभाषा शिक्षा प्रणालियों का अध्ययन करते हुए उनका विश्लेषण कीजिए।
 - सुनने और बोलने में असमर्थ बच्चों को ध्यान में रखते हुए हिंदी शिक्षण की दो गतिविध्याँ तैयार करें

Course Code		Course Title			Semester	
B9ED113DST		PEDAGOGY OF ENGLISH-I				
Scheme of Instru	cti	on		Scheme of Examination		
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discussion, Group		Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel				Hrs
		Discussion, Seminar				
		Presentations				

Objectives

The Course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1. understand the place of English language teaching in India.
- 2. understand the different roles of language.
- 3. understanding the importance of home language, school language and the role of mother tongue in education.
- 4. identify different methods, approaches and techniques needed for teaching different skills of ELT in the Indian context.
- 5. understand different skills of English language.
- 6. improve their ability in planning a lesson in prose, poetry and supplementary reader.
- 7. develop integrated skills in ELT.
- 8. prepare different activities and tasks for learners.

Course Content

Unit-1: Introduction to ELT (6 Hours)

- 1.1 Meaning, Nature and Scope of English Language Teaching.
- 1.2 Aims and Objectives of Teaching English in India.
- 1.3 Status of English Language in the global and Indian contexts, Language and Education Policy in India.
- 1.4 Teaching English in Bilingual/Multi-lingual contexts. Teaching English as a second Language.
- 1.5 Constitutional provisions and policies of language education: Articles 343, 351, 350A; Kothari Commission (1964-66); NPE- 1986; POA-1992; NCF-2005 (Language Education).

Unit-2: Different Approaches/Theories to Language Learning and Teaching (10 Hours) (Mother Tongue & Second Language)

- 2.1 Approach, Method and Technique.
- 2.2 Structural Approach, Communicative Approach, Total Physical Response, Thematic Approach (inter-disciplinary).
- 2.3 Inductive and deductive approach, whole language approach, constructive approach, multilingual approach to language teaching.
- 2.4 Grammar translation method, Direct method, Bilingual Method and Dr. West's Method, Structural-situational method, Audio-lingual method, Natural method
- 2.5 Groupwork, Pairwork, Roleplay and Dramatisation

Unit-3: Acquisition of Language Skills: (12 hours)

Development of the linguistic skills: Listening, speaking, reading and writing.

- 3.1 Listening and Speaking: Sub skills of listening and speaking, Tasks, Materials and resources for developing the listening and speaking skills: Storytelling, dialogues, situational conversation, role plays, simulations, speech, games and contexts, pictures, authentic materials and multimedia resources.
- 3.2 Reading: Sub skills of reading, Importance of development of reading skills, Reading aloud and silent reading; Extensive and intensive reading; Study skills, including using thesauruses, dictionary, encyclopedia, etc.
- 3.3 Writing: Stages of writing; Process of writing; Formal and informal writing such as poetry, short story, letter, diary, notices, articles, reports, dialogue, speech, advertisement etc. Reference skills, Higher order skills.
- 3.4 Introduction to Phonetics: Vowels, Consonants, Stress, Intonation and Techniques of using Language Laboratory.
- 3.5 Role of Language Laboratory in acquisition of language skills

Unit-4: Developing Integrated Skills and Use of ICT in English Language Teaching (8 Hours)

- 4.1 Teaching of Prose.
- 4.2 Teaching of Poetry.
- 4.3 Use of Multi-media in ELT.
- 4.4 Online resources for ELT.
- 4.5 ELT and Social Networking.

Unit-5: Planning for Teaching English (12 Hours)

- 5.1 Importance of Planning for Teaching English.
- 5.2 Year Plan, Unit Plan, Period Plan as per CCE model.
- 5.3 Plan (Lesson Plan) Herbartian Steps vs. Constructivist Approach.
- 5.4 Microteaching Concept and Meaning, Skills of Microteaching, Practice of Microteaching Skills- Introducing a lesson, Explaining a Concept, Stimulus Variation, Illustrating with Examples, Probing Questioning, Reinforcement, Structuring Classroom Questions, and Blackboard writing.

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Enumerate ten activities (5 for reading and 5 for writing) from the text books of classes VI to X.
- 2. Enumerate ten activities (5 for listening and 5 for speaking) from the text books of classes VI to X. Suggest your own activities using supplementary materials.
- 3. Prepare a detailed report on the methods, approaches and techniques in teaching the English language skills to any one class.
- 4. Critically analyse the listening activities given in the text books of classes VI to X and report.
- 5. Critically analyse the speaking activities given in the text books of classes VI to X and report.
- 6. Critically analyse the reading activities given in the text books of classes VI to X and report.
- 7. Critically analyse the writing activities given in the text books of classes VI to X and report.
- 8. Analyze the tasks given at the end of any one unit in the textbook and check their relevance to cognitive, affective and Psychomotor domain.
- 9. Analyse the tasks given at the end of any one unit in the textbook and check their relevance to cognitive, affective and psychomotor domains.
- 10. Prepare a PPT to teach a prose/poetry lesson of your choice (classes 6th to 10th)

Text Books:

- 1. Krishnaswamy, N., & Sriraman, T. (1994). *Teaching English in India*. Chennai: T.R. Publishers.
- 2. Tickoo, M. L. (2003). Teaching and learning English. Hyderabad: Orient Longman.
- 3. Richards, J.C., & Rogers, T. (1998). *Approaches and methods to language teaching*. London: Cambridge University Press (CUP).
- 4. Doff, A. (1981). Teach English. London: Cambridge University Press (CUP).

References:

- 1. Graham, B. (2008). *Lesson planning*. New York: Continuum International Publishing Group.
- 2. Grillet, F. (1983). Developing reading comprehension. Cambridge: CUP.
- 3. Parrott, M. (1993). Developing reading comprehension. Oxford: Pergamon Press.
- 4. Allen, V. F. (1983). *Techniques in teaching vocabulary*. New York: Oxford University Press (OUP).
- 5. Cruttenden, A. (7th ed.). (2008). *Gimson's pronunciation of English*. UK: Hodder Education.
- 6. Frank, C., & Rinovolucri, M. (1983). Grammar in action. Oxford: Pergamon Press.
- 7. Makey, S. L. (1985). *Teaching grammar*. Oxford: Pergamon Press.
- 8. Mario. (1984). Grammar games. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press (CUP).
- 9. Roach, P. (3rd ed.). (2007). English phonetics and phonology. Cambridge: CUP.

Course Code		Course Title				nester
B9ED114DST		PEDAGOGY OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES-I				I
Scheme of Instruction				Scheme of Examination	u .	
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discus	sion, Group	Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Discussion, Presenta	ations, Panel			Hrs
		Discussion, Seminar	•			
		Presentations				

Objectives

The Course will enable the student-teacher to:

- 1. know the nature of science, structure, value and correlation with other school subjects.
- 2. draw the attention on development of science and the contributions of Western and Indian scientists.
- 3. understand the aims and objectives of teaching physical sciences.
- 4. develop the skill of organizing science curriculum and critique on the present secondary school physical sciences curriculum.
- 5. organize the content into plan of action and practice the micro and macro teaching skill.
- 6. cope up with adoption of methods of teaching physical sciences and use the learning experiences.

Course Content

Unit-1: Introduction to Science and Physical Sciences (8 Hours)

- 1.1 Science and Physical Sciences Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance.
- 1.2 Structure of Science Syntactic Structure (Process of Science Domain of Inquiry), Substantive Structure Product of Science-Facts, Concepts, Theories, Laws and Principles characteristics in the context of Physical sciences (citing examples).
- 1.3 Values of Learning Physical Sciences.
- 1.4 Correlation of Physical Sciences with Mathematics, Biological Sciences, Social Studies, Languages, Fine Arts, Environment, Health, Development, Peace and Equity.

Unit-2: Development of Science - Physical Sciences (8 Hours)

- 2.1 Milestones in the Development of Sciences Physics and Chemistry.
- 2.2 Contributions of Western Scientists Aristortle, Copernicus, Newton and Einstein.
- 2.3 Contributions of Indian Scientists- Aryabhatta, Bhaskaracharya, .C.V.Raman, S. Chandrashekhar, Homi J.Bhabha and A.P.J. Abul Kalam.
- 2.4 Landmarks, Status and Development of Indian Science and Technology.
- 2.5 Physical Science and Human Life.

Unit-3: Aims, Objectives and Competencies of Teaching Physical Sciences (8 Hours)

- 3.1 Meaning, Importance, Aims and Objectives of teaching Physical Sciences.
- 3.2 Taxonomy of Educational Objectives Bloom, Krathwohl, Simpson, et al Revised Bloom's Taxonomy and Higher Order Thinking Skills.
- 3.3 Instructional Objectives of Teaching Physical SciencesBehavioural or Specific Objectives of Teaching Physical Sciences.
- 3.4 Competencies for Teaching of Physical Sciences and academic standards of CCE.

Unit-4: Approaches, Methods and Techniques of Teaching Physical Sciences (12 Hours)

- 4.1 Concept of Teaching with special reference to Physical Science
- 4.2 Approaches to Physical Sciences Teaching Inductive, Deductive and Constructivist.
- 4.3 Teacher-centred Methods Lecture, Lecture-cum-Demonstration, Historical.
- 4.4 Student-centred Methods Heuristic, Project, Problem Solving and Laboratory (Illustration of each method by taking examples from specific contents of Physics and Chemistry).
- 4.5 Modern Teaching Techniques Brainstorming, mind mapping, concept mapping, Team Teaching and Models of Teaching Concept Attainment Model and Inquiry Training Model

Unit-5: Planning for Teaching Physical Sciences (12 Hours)

- 5.1 Importance of Planning for Teaching
- 5.2 Year Plan, Unit Plan, Period Plan as per CCE model.
- 5.3 Plan (Lesson Plan) Herbartian Steps vs. Constructivist Approach
- 5.4 Microteaching Concept and Meaning, Skills of Microteaching, Practice of Microteaching Skills- Introducing a lesson, Explaining a Concept, Stimulus Variation, Illustrating with Examples, Probing, Questioning, Reinforcement, Structuring Classroom Questions and Blackboard writing.

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Identify Concrete and Abstract Concepts in Physics and Chemistry of any class and suggest the appropriate Teaching methods and approaches to teach them.
- 2. Create a mind map on any topic in physics and chemistry.
- 3. Create a concept map on any topic in physics and chemistry.
- 4. Prepare biographical sketch of any scientist highlighting his/her contributions to Physics/ Chemistry
- 5. List out different content aspects of a unit in Physics/ Chemistry and write down the objectives and specifications under all Domains.

Text Books

- 1. Vaidya, N. (1989). *The impact of science teaching*. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Sharma, R.C. (1987). *Modern science teaching*. New Delhi: Dhanpat Rai and Sons.
- 3. Vanaja, M. (2004). *Methods of teaching physical sciences*. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Das, R.C. (1990). Science teaching in schools. New Delhi: Sterling Publications Pvt. Ltd.

Reference Books

- 1. Siddiqui, N. N., & Siddiqui, N. (1998). *Teaching of science today & tomorrow*. New Delhi: Doaba House.
- 2. Kumar, A. (1999). Teaching of physical sciences. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Soni, A. (2000). *Teaching of science*. Ludhiana: Tandon Publications.
- 4. Mohan, R. (2004). Innovative science teaching for physical science teachers. New Delhi: PHI.
- **5.** Lewis, J. L. (Ed.). (1972). *Teaching school physics*. London, UK: Penguin Books-UNESCO.
- 6. Waddington, D. J. Teaching of school chemistry. France: Penguin Books- UNESCO.

Semester-II

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Semester	
B9ED203CCT		INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (ICT) BASED TEACHING AND LEARNING				II
Scheme of Instruction			Scheme of Examination			
Total Duration	:	16 + 32 = 48Hrs		Maximum Score	:	50
Periods / Week	:	4		Internal Evaluation	:	15
Credits	:	1+1=2		End Semester	:	35
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discus	ssion, Group	Exam Duration	:	2
Mode		Discussion, Present	ations, Panel			Hrs
		Discussion, Semina	r			
		Presentations				

Objectives:

The Course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1. understand the concept and uses of computer in education.
- 2. understand the concept, need and importance of ICT in education.
- 3. understand the process of using the application software for creating documents, database, presentation and other media applications.
- 4. appreciate the role of ICT in improving the professional competencies of a teacher
- 5. and facilitate the process of teaching and learning in the classroom.
- 6. understand the ICT supported teaching learning process in education.
- 7. prepare and present ICT based instructional materials.
- 8. prepare ICT enabled pupil teachers
- 9. develop various skills to use computer technology for sharing of information and ideas through the blogs and chatting groups.
- 10. enable student-teachers to recognize, understand and appreciate ICT as an effective learning tool for learners and a support to teachers.

Course Content

Unit-1: Information & Communication Technology in Education

- 1.1 Concept, Need and Importance of Information and Communication Technology.
- 1.2 Paradigm shift in Education due to ICT content, with special reference to Curriculum, Role of Teacher, Methods of Teaching, Classroom Environment, Evaluation procedure and Educational management.
- 1.3 Uses of ICT in Education
 - a) Teaching Learning Process
 - b) Publication
 - c) Evaluation
 - d) Research
 - e) Administration
- 1.4 Challenges and Barriers in integrating Information and Communication Technology in school education
- 1.5 Digital Learners and ICT skilled Teacher.

Unit-2: Internet and Education

- 2.1 Concept, Need and Importance of Internet in Education
- 2.2 Search Engines Concept and uses in Education
- 2.3 Facilities available for Communication e-mail, chat, online conferencing, video), Blog, wiki. Internet- forum, News- Groups. (Audio-
- 2.4 Behaviour on Internet Netiquettes, Student safety on Internet (Net safety
- 2.5 Viruses and its Management, Legal and Ethical issues Copyright, Hacking

Unit-3: ICT supported Teaching/ Learning Strategies (Concept, Features and Educational Applications)

- 3.1. e-Learning
- 3.2. Web based learning
- 3.3. MOOC's (Massive Open Online Courses)
- 3.4. Blended Learning and Flipped Classroom
- 3.5. Cloud Computing.

Practicum - Any one of the Following:

- 1. Visit any two educational websites/ MOOC's and write a critical assessment report about it in MS Word.
- 2. Study of Subject wise online learning programs and write a report on it.

Text Books:

- 1. Arulswamy, S., Sivakumar, P. (2012). *Application of ICT in education*. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publication.
- 2. Simmons, C., & Hawkins, C. (2009). Teaching ICT. Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Talsera, H., Marashdeh, W., & Nagda, M. L. (2005). Web Based Learning. New Delhi: Authors Press.
- 4. Manoj, D. (2010). ICT in teacher development. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications.
- 5. Mishra, R.C. (2005). *Teaching of information technology*. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- 6. Sampath K., Panneerselvam, A., & Santhanam, S. (1998). *Introduction to educational technology* (4th ed.). New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- **7.** Santoshi, V. (2009). *Information and communication technology for teacher education*. New Delhi: Kanishka Publications.
- 8. Vanaja M., Rajashekhar S., & Arulswamy, S. (2013). *Information and communication technology (ICT) in education*. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications.

References:

- 1. Aggarwal, J.C. (1995). Essentials of educational technology: Teaching-learning innovations in education. New Delhi: Vikas Publications.
- 2. Chetan, S. (2003). *Fundamentals of information technology* (2nd ed.). New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers.
- 3. Curtin, D., Foley, K., Sen, K., & Morin, C. (2000). *Information technology The breaking wave*. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.
- 4. Intel Teach to the Future Version 10.1
- 5. Verma, M. (2006). Technology in digital education. New Delhi: Murari Lal & Sons,
- 6. Merill, P.F., Hammons, K., Vincent, B. R., Reynolds, P. L., Christensen, L., & Tolman, M. N. (1985). *Computers in Education* (2nd ed.). New York: Allyn & Bacon.
- 7. Norton, P. (2000). *Introduction to computers*. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill Publications.
- 8. Roblyer, M.D. (2006). *Integrating educational technology into teaching* (8th ed.). New Jersey: Pearson Prentice-Hall Inc.
- 9. Schwatz., & Schltz. (2000). Office 2000. New Delhi: BPB Publications...
- 10. Shukla, S. S. (2005). *Basics of information technology for teacher trainees*. Ahmedabad: Varishan Prakashan.
- 11. Sinha, P. K. (1992). Computer fundamentals. New Delhi: BPB Publications.
- 12. Underwood, J. D.M., & Underwood, G. (1990). Computers and learning helping children acquire thinking skills. Oxford: Basil Black Well.
- 13. کمپیوٹر اینڈ ایجوکیشن ایس ایم شاہد مجید بک ڈپو۔ لاہور 2007 14. تعلیم میں ٹیکنالوجی اور کمپیوٹر ایپلی کیشن ناصر حفیظ شاہد محمود، مجید بک ڈپو۔ لاہور

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Sen	nester
B9ED202CCT		Learning and Teaching			II	
Scheme of Instruction		Scheme of Examination	u.			
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3 +1 = 4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discus	ssion, Group	Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Discussion, Presenta	ations, Panel			Hrs
		Discussion, Seminar	r			
		Presentations				

Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. understand the variables in the teaching-learning process
- 2. explain major approaches of learning
- 3. plan instructional process and apply the basic teaching model.
- 4. incorporate teaching models
- 5. employ the taxonomy of educational objectives and delineate the instructional objectives.
- 6. use various skills and competencies in class room teaching and management
- 7. appreciate the role of a teacher as leader, organizer and manager
- 8. bridge the gaps between teaching styles and learning styles
- 9. employ various approaches of teaching-learning, such as, behaviourist, cognitivist, constructivist, connectionist and wholistic.

Course Content

Unit 1: Understanding the Learner and Teaching-Learning Process

- 1.1. Characteristics and needs of the learner
- 1.2. Matching the Teaching Styles with the Learning Styles
- 1.3. Delineation of Instructional Objectives-Cognitive, Affective,

Psychomotor 1.4. Skills of Teaching and Learning and Maxims of Teaching

Unit 2: Learners' Diversity

- 2.1. Critical thinking: Importance of critical thinking in education developing critical thinking among learners role of teachers.
- 2.2. Creativity: Concept and definitions of creativity, nature, process, identification, fostering creativity in school.
- 2.3. Intelligence: The concept of IQ. Types of Intelligence, theories of intelligence Two factor theory, Multifactor theory (PMI) and Guilford's structure of intellect.
- 2.4. Attitude concept, nature, characteristics, formation of attitudes, factors influencing attitudes.

Unit 3: Approaches to Teaching

- 3.1. Nature of Teaching
- 3.2. Phases and Levels of Teaching,
- 3.3. Various Approaches to Teaching such as Behaviourist, Cognitivist, Constructivist, Connectionist, Participatory, Cooperative, Personalized, Wholistic.
- 3.4. Models of Teaching: Concept Attainment Model (Jerome Bruner), Advance Organiser (David Ausubel), Juris Prudential Inquiry Model (Donald Oliver), Inquiry Training Model (Suchman)

Unit-4: Teaching as a Profession

- 4.1. Teaching as a Profession, Roles and functions, Skills and Competencies and Professional Ethics.
- 4.2. Teacher Development- Concept, factors influencing teacher development (Personal and Contextual),
- 4.3. Approaches to Teacher development: Self Directed, Cooperative Collaborative development
- 4.4. Teacher and Classroom Management

Unit 5: Theories of Learning and teaching

- 5.1. Gagne's Hierarchy of Learning
- 5.2. Brain based Learning
- 5.3. Constructivist theories: Bruner's Discovery Learning, Ausubel's Meaningful Learning.
- 5.4. Constructivist Methods of Teaching: Cooperative Learning, Brain storming, Concept Mapping and Reciprocal Teaching.

Mode of transaction

Lecture, discussion, project work, field trip, assignment, seminar etc.

Practicum (Any Two)

- 1. Study of the Teaching Styles of a Teacher
- 2. Study of the Learning Styles of the Learners
- 3. Presentation of a lesson through innovative teaching methods

Suggested Reading

- ✓ Passi, B. K., & Shah, M. M. (1974). *Microteaching in teacher education*. Baroda: Centre of Advanced Study in Education
- ✓ Bloom, B. S. (1956). *Taxonomy of educational objectives*. Boston: Longman Group.
- ✓ Joyce, B. (1985). *Models of teaching* (2nd ed.). New Jersey: Prentice Hall
- ✓ Chauhan, S.S. (1978). Advanced educational psychology. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing house Pvt. Ltd.
- ✓ Encyclopaedia of Modern Methods of Teaching and Learning (Vol. 1-5) Gavriel Salomon (1981) Communication and education Sage Karthikeyan, C. (2004) A Text book on instructional technology, RBSA
- ✓ Mangal, S. K. (1984). *Psychological foundations of education*. Ludhiana: Prakash Publishers.
- ✓ Nayak, A. K. (2002). *Classroom teaching: Methods and practices*. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- ✓ Ohles, J.F. (1970). *Introduction to teaching*. New York: Random House.
- ✓ Siddiqui, M. H. (2005). *Techniques of classroom teaching*. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- ✓ Skinner, E. C. (1984). *Educational psychology* (4th ed.). New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- ✓ Snowman, J., & Biehler, R. F. (2006). *Psychology applied to teaching*. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company.
- ✓ Stephens, L. M., & Evans, E. D. (1973). *Development and classroom learning: An introduction to educational psychology*. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.
- ✓ Tanner, L.N., & Lindgren, H.C. (1971). *Classroom teaching and learning*. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Sen	nester
B9ED201CCT		SOCIOLOGICAL FOUNDATIONS OF EDUCATION				II
Scheme of Instruction				Scheme of Examination		
Total Duration	:	16 + 32 = 48Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	4		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	1+1=2		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Disc	ussion,	Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Group Discussion	,			Hrs
		Presentations, Pan	el			
		Discussion, Semir	nar			
		Presentations				

Objectives:

This Course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1. understand the sociological basis of Education
- 2. understand the impact of culture and socialization on Education
- 3. sensitize the student teacher about the impact of Education on the quality of life
- 4. understand the preamble of the constitution in the light of Education
- 5. organize various programmes to achieve national integration and international understanding

Course Content

Unit 1 - Sociology and Education

- 1.1 Meaning, nature and scope of sociology
- 1.2 Relationship between sociology and Education
- 1.3 Agencies of socialization (Family, peer group, school, Media, Religion)
- 1.4 Role of Teacher in Socialisation process
- 1.5 Impact of Socialisation on Education

Unit2 - Culture and Education

- 2.1 Meaning and definitions of culture.
- 2.2 Characteristics of culture.
- 2.3 Dimensions of culture, cultural lag, cultural pluralism.
- 2.4 Impact of culture on Education.
- 2.5 Role of Education in preservation, transmission and promotion of culture.

Unit 3 - Social Change and Education

- 3.1 Meaning and factors responsible for Social change.
- 3.2 Concept and attributes of Modernization.
- 3.3 Social stratification, Social Mobility and Education.
- 3.4 Role of Education for social change
- 3.5 Social Networking and its implications on social cohesion and education.

Unit 4- Democracy and Education

- 4.1 Concept and Principles of Democracy
- 4.2 Equality and equity in Education
- 4.3 Preamble of the Constitution in relation to Education
- 4.4 Role of Education in strengthening democracy
- 4.5 Concept of Socialism and Secularism: The role of Education in promoting them.

Unit 5 - Education and National Integration

- 5.1 Concept, Need for National Integration
- 5.2 Education as an instrument for national integration
- 5.3 Programmes to promote National Integration and International understanding,
- 5.4 Peace education in schools
- 5.5 Social Crisis and its Management

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Study the cultural practices prevailing in the local community and submit a report
- 2. Study the diversities existing in the community and describe the root causes for such diversities.
- 3. Study the social stratification in a village/ward and prepare a report on it.
- 4. Education and social mobility Conduct a survey in a village/ward and prepare a report.
- 5. Identify the common events celebrated by the Hindus and Muslims in your community and write a detailed report on it.

Text Books

- ✓ Anad, C. L., & Nayar, P. R. (1983). *The teacher and education in emerging Indian society*. New Delhi: NCERT.
- ✓ Srinivas, M. N. (1966). *Social change in modern India*. New Delhi: Allied Publishers.
- ✓ Nath, P. (1979). *The bases of education: A philosophical and sociological approach*. New Delhi: S Chand & Co. Ltd.
- ✓ Aggrawal, J. C. (2009). *Psychological, philosophical and sociological Foundations of Education*. New Delhi: Shipra Publications.

Reference Books:

- ✓ Sandeep, P., & Madhumati, C. (2008). *Philosophical and sociological foundations of education*. Secunderabad: Vera Educational Services Public Ltd.
- ✓ Havighurst, R. (1995). *Society and education*. Boston: Allyn and Bacon.
- ✓ Thakur, A. S., & Berwal, S. (2007). *Education in emerging Indian society*. New Delhi: National Publishing House.
- ✓ Jaffar, S. M. (1972). *Education in Muslim India*. Delhi: Idrah-I-Ababiyat
- ✓ Mukherji, S. (2007). *Contemporary issues in modern Indian education*. New Delhi: Authorspress.
- ✓ Sharma, Y. K. (2001). *History and problems of education*. New Delhi: University Press.
- ✓ Richard, C. W., & Wendy, D. W. (1985). *Sociology*. Boston: Allyn and Bacon.
- ✓ Taneja, Y. R. (1990). *Educational thought and practice*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- ✓ Coombs, P. H. (1970). *The world education crisis: A systems analysis*. Allahabadd: A H Wheeler & Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- ✓ Vaizey, J. (1967). *Education in the modern world*. London: World University Library.

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Semester	
B9ED201DST		PEDAGOGY OF MATHEMATICSII			II	
Scheme of Instruction				Scheme of Examination		
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discus	ssion, Group	Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Discussion, Presenta	ations, Panel			Hrs
		Discussion, Seminar	r			
		Presentations				

Objectives:

This Course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1. develop knowledge of mathematics.
- 2. construct appropriate assessment tools for evaluating mathematics learning.
- 3. stimulate curiosity, creativity and inventiveness in teaching of mathematics
- 4. develop competencies to develop gifted and slow learners.
- 5. engage with research on children's learning in specific areas of mathematics.
- 6. appreciate mathematics as a tool to engage the mind of the student
- 7. appreciate role of mathematics to strengthen the students resource skills

Course Content

Unit-6: Mathematics Curriculum:

- 6.1. Concept of Curriculum, Syllabus and Curriculum framework, Principles of Curriculum Construction.
- 6.2. Approaches of Curriculum Organisation: Concentric, Topical, Psychological Logical and learner centered curriculum.
- 6.3. Curriculum trends in Mathematics: Subject Centred to Behaviouristic and Constructivist approach.
- $6.4.\ Recommendations\ and\ critical\ appraisal\ of\ NCF-\ 2005\ on\ Mathematics\ curriculum.\ 6.5.$
- Teacher as Curriculum Developer- Localised Curriculum, Place for artisans, knowledge systems in curriculum, Local innovators and innovative practices in Mathematics.

Unit-7: Learning Experiences and Aesthetic sense of Mathematics

7.1. Constructivist Approach of Teaching

Mathematics

- 7.2. Edgar Dale's Cone of Experience
- 7.3. Experiential Learning- Abilities of an experiential learner.
- 7.4. Aesthetic Sense in Mathematics; three aesthetic experience variables identified by Brikhoof and their relation.
- 7.5.Co-existence of Precision and beauty in Mathematics- order pattern, structure and symmetry.

Unit-8: Assessment and Evaluation in Mathematics

- 8.1.Meaning of Assessment, Formative and summative Assessment, Measurement and Evaluation in mathematics.
- 8.2. Achievement tests and Speed tests in mathematics- Arithmetic, Algebra, and Geometry.

- 8.3.Preparation of test items Precautions to be taken while preparing test items in different branches of mathematics
- 8.4.Concept of CCE and measurement of different behavioural changes like interest, attitude, and aptitude in learning mathematics.
- 8.5. Assessment Framework
 - a. Purpose of assessment
 - b. Learning Indicators (LI) (B1) Types of indicators, (B2) Illustrations: Learning Indicators (LI), (i) Assessment of activity, (ii) Assessment of presentation, (iii) Assessment of group work, (iv) Assessment of collaborative learning.
 - c. Tools and Techniques of Assessment, (C1) Written test, (C2) Project work, (C3) Field trips and field diary, (C4) Laboratory work, (C5) Interview / Oral test (C6) Journal writing, (C7) Concept mapping.
 - d. Recording and Reporting, (D1) Measurement of students' achievements, (D2) grading system (D3) Measurement of process skills, (D4) Measurement of attitudes, (D5) Portfolio: Its role in evaluating students' performance.
 - e. Reflecting Process, (E1) Assessment as a reflected process, (E2) Assessment as a reflecting process.

Unit-9: Mathematics for all

- 9.1. Planning and organising activities for Gifted, slow learners, backward and learners with dyscalculia- enrichment and remedial programmes.
- 9.2. Teaching learners with special needs Co-operative learning, Collaborative Learning Approach (CLA), Peer learning, Reciprocal learning, Group Learning and using of ICT and multimedia.
- 9.3. Activities enriching Mathematics learning- Mathematics fairs, Olympiads, Talent tests.
- 9.4. Mathematics Kits, Mathematic Laboratory, Mathematical Clubs and its effective use.
- 9.5. Ways and means of providing positive attitude towards Mathematics and reducing mathematics phobia.

Unit-10: Professional Development of Mathematics Teacher

- 10.1. In-service programmes for Mathematics Teacher
- 10.2. Mathematics Teacher's Associations Role and Functions
- 10.3. Journals and other resource material in Mathematics Education
- 10.4. Professional Growth Participation in conferences/Seminars/ Workshops and E-Learning
- 10.5. Action Research for improving Quality of Mathematics teaching and learning

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. During Internship, conduct of Essay writing/ quiz competitions in mathematics and report
- 2. One case study of gifted child and slow learner with interventions suggested.
- 3. Preparation of Mathematical Puzzles, Games, riddles and other recreational activities.
- 4. Preparing two types of assessment tests Formative, Summative type of tests.
- 5. Preparing Diagnostic test in Algebra, Arithmetic and Geometry from VIII to X class Mathematics syllabus.

Text Books and Reference Books

As given in Course BBED111DST- Pedagogy of Mathematics

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Sen	nester
B9ED202DST	PEDAGOGY OF BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES-II			II		
Scheme of Instruction		on		Scheme of Examination	I	
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discus	ssion, Group	Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Discussion, Presenta	ations, Panel			Hrs
		Discussion, Seminar	•			
		Presentations				

Objectives:

The Course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1. understand the importance of biological science curriculum and its organisation
- 2. develop the skill, procurement and maintenance of the science laboratory.
- 3. equip the resources for effective teaching of biological sciences.
- 4. utilize the applications of science and technology on society.
- 5. construct the achievement test on CCE model and analyse the results

Unit 6: School Curriculum in Biological Sciences

- 6.1. Curriculum Concept and Meaning, Principles of Curriculum construction.
- 6.2. Different approaches of Curriculum organization: Concentric, Topical, Psychological, Logical and Learner centered approach.
- 6.3. Current trends in Biological Science Curriculum from subject centered to behaviourist to constructivist approach to curriculum development.
- 6.4. Recommendations of NCF 2005, NCFTE-2009 on Science Teachers.
- 6.5. Teacher as Curriculum Developer- Localised Curriculum, Place for artisans, knowledge systems in curriculum, Local innovators and innovative practices in biological Sciences.

Unit 7: Instructional Resources & Strategies for Biological Science Teaching.

- 7.1. Curriculum accessories and support materials, text books, journals, hand books, student work books, display and laboratory materials.
- 7.2. Edgar Dales Cone of experience.
- 7.3. Importance of teaching aids and Types of teaching aids, ICT and Multimedia resources.
- 7.4.Importance of practical work in Botany and Zoology, Planning and organization of Science Laboratories, Procurement and care of laboratory equipment, Registers, safety and First Aid Conduct of laboratory experiment, Preparation of Lab Instruction Card.
- 7.5. Development of improvised Apparatus for concrete and abstract concepts

Unit 8: Lifelong Biological Sciences Learning

- 8.1. Science Clubs, Science Exhibition, Science Museums, Science Fairs and Olympiads.
- 8.2. Role of Government and Non-Government Organizations in the Propagation of Science.
- 8.3. Utilizing Knowledge Resources Identification of online and offline resources context and challenges in Utilization.
- 8.4. Science Communication in India DST-NCSTC Network National Children Science Congress, National Teachers Science Congress, Initiative for Research and Innovation in Science
- 8.5.Development of Scientific Temper and encouraging and inspiring students to choose science as career and to become scientists.

Unit 9: Professional Development of Biological Sciences Teachers

- 9.1.Professional development & Participation of Sciences Teachers in Seminars, Conferences, Workshops and In-service Training programmes.
- 9.2.Membership in Professional Organizations; Teachers as a community of learners. 9.3.Role of reflective practices in professional development of biological science teachers.
- 9.4. Teacher as a researcher: Action Research in biological Science Learning to understand how children learn Science.

Unit 10: Evaluation in Biological Sciences

- 10.1.Evaluation:Meaning and needs, Formative and Summative Evaluation, Diagnostic and Remedial teaching.
- 10.2. Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE), Educational Assessment and Educational Evaluation, Performance based Assessment.
- 10.3. Assessment Framework: Purpose of assessment, Learning indicators, Types of indicators, Assessment Rubrics.
- 10.4. Tools and Techniques of Assessment: Written tests, Project work, Field trips and Field diary, Laboratory work, Concept mapping.
- 10.5.Recording and Reporting. Measurement of student's achievements. Grading system, Measurement of Science process skills, Measurement of attitudes.

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Prepare two models with locally available material resources in Biology.
- 2. Participate in a district, state level Science Fair and prepare a report on the exhibits and activities presented.
- 3. Celebrate any important day related to Science in the school during the internship and submit a report.
- 4. Analysis of Science Textbook.
- 5. Survey of Science Laboratory in a school.
- 6. Visit to Community Science Centre, Nature Park and Science City.

Text Books and Reference Books

As given in BBED 212DST Pedagogy of Biological Sciences.

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Sen	nester
B9ED203DST	PEDAGOGY OF SOCIAL STUDIES-II			II		
Scheme of Instruction			Scheme of Examination	l .		
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discus	ssion, Group	Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel Discussion, Seminar				Hrs
		Presentations				

Objectives:

This course will enable the pupil teachers to

- 1. understand the teaching and learning of History, Geography, Political Science and Economics and identify the difference among them.
- 2. understand the importance of Social Studies curriculum and its organizations.
- 3. understand the importance of teaching learning materials for Social Studies.
- 4. understand the assessment process through continuous and comprehensive evaluators.
- 5. sensitize and equip teachers to handle social issues and concerns.
- 6. inculcate qualities and competencies required for a good teacher.

Course Content

Unit 6: Teaching and learning of History and Geography

- 6.1. Periodization of world History, Indian History (Ancient, Medieval, Modern and Contemporary) with reference to secondary school Social Studies text books.
- 6.2. Colonialism, Capitalism, Democracy and Citizenship American, French and Russian Revolutions
- 6.3. Fundamental concepts of Geography-Latitudes, Longitudes, Earth rotation, Climatology, temperature, pressure, wind, humidity, Hydrology and Oceanography.
- 6.4. Indian Geography Geographical divisions, rivers and land forms.

Unit 7: Teaching and Learning of Political Science and Economics

- 7.1. Nature and scope of Political Science, key concepts and current trends.
- 7.2. Indian constitution Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties, Organs of government, legislature, executive and judiciary.
- 7.3. Meaning, Nature and scope of Political Science, key concepts and current trends.
- 7.4. Teaching strategies of political Science and Economics.

Unit 8: Curriculum Planning in Social Studies

- 8.1. Meaning, Nature and Need of Curriculum.
- 8.2. Principles of Curriculum construction with reference to Social Studies.
- 8.3. Approaches of organizing Social Studies Curriculum Concentric, Spiral, Chronological, Topical and Correlation.
- 8.4. Text book of Social Studies: Characteristics
- 8.5. Analysis and a critical study of Social Studies text books of state boards and Central Board of Secondary Education.

Unit 9: Instructional Material in Social Studies

- 9.1.Importance of Teaching learning material in the teaching learning process of Social Studies.
- 9.2. Classification of Teaching Learning materials printed, visual, audio and audio-visual and their usages with reference to Social Studies.
- 9.3. Maps and Globe their types map language, map reading and map making.
- 9.4. Charts and graphs their types chronology, tabor, diagrammatic and pictorial, bar, pie, line and pictorial graph.
- 9.5.Model and its types working, still and diorama.

Unit 10:Evaluation in Social Studies

- 10.1. Meaning, Nature and characteristics of Evaluation.
- 10.2. Types of evaluation.
- 10.3. Quantitative and qualitative tools of evaluation in Social Studies.
- 10.4. Continuous and comprehensive evaluative model of assessment in Social Studies.

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Observe a day's session in house of the Parliament and report.
- 2. Collect Newspaper clippings on a contemporary social issue and prepare a report on that with your comments.
- 3. Organize any one of the social awareness programme on Swatch Bharat, Aids awareness and plantation programme in your neighbourhood and report.
- 4. Observe the functioning of any local body office and report.
- 5. Critically analyse the characteristics of Social Studies text book of any secondary class and prepare a detailed report.

Text Books and Reference Books

As given in Course BBED113DST- Pedagogy of Social Studies

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Semester			
B9ED211DST		PEDAGOGY OF URDU-II			PEDAGOGY OF			II
Scheme of Instruction		Scheme of Examination						
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100		
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30		
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semester	:	70		
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discu	ssion, Group	Exam Duration	:	3		
Mode		Discussion, Present	ations, Panel			Hrs		
		Discussion, Semina	r					
		Presentations						

ا- ایک ویرمعلم کی عوی خصوصیات اورمعلم کخصوصی اوصاف سے واقفیت حاصل کرنا۔ ۲- مخلف فتم كاسباق كى تدريس كم واحل سي وا تفيت حاصل كرنا-ا- ورى كتاب كمفهوم اوراكى ظاهرى وياطنى صوصات عدوا قفيت حاصل كرناب سے کرہ جات میں TLM کے موثر استعال کے طریقہ کارے شامائی حاصل کرا۔ ۵- تروس نصاب كاصول سيوا قفيت حاصل كرنا-٢- اردور بان حفر وغ مين معاون جم نصالي سركرميون سے وا تفيت عاصل كرنا_ ٤- ار دور بان حرقر وع من معاول مختلف اوارول كربار عين واقفيت حاصل كريا . ٨- يائش اورجا في كنفوراوراسكي خصوصات عدا تفيت حاصل كنا_ ٩- مسلسل عامع جانج كى ضرورت و الهيت عدوا تفيت حاصل كرنا_ ۱۰. SAT ک تاری کافقد مراحل عوا تفیت حاصل کرنا۔ اكائى - ٢: معلم اردواورشقى تدريس (a) ایک مور معلم کے اوصاف، زبان دائی کے معلم کی صوصیات (b) معلم اردو تخصوصی اوصاف (c) ترریس نثر- مخلف مراحل (d) تدريس نظم- مختلف مراحل (e) تدريس قواعد - مخلف مراعل (f) يونت يلان مالا نه يلان، يونث يلان اور سالانه يلان عن فرق

اكائى - 2: ورى كتاب اورتعر كي آلات

(a) درى كتاب-منهوم واجميت

(b) ایک معیاری دری کتاب کی خصوصیات - ظاہری دہا طنی

(c) دری کتاب کاتقیدی جائزه

(d) ورى وتدرى ألا ت(TLM)-مفهوم، ضرورت واجميت

(٥) تدرى معاون اشياء كاقسام-سمعى ،بصرى مععى وبصرى

(f) كره جمات من اشياطامدا وى كامور استعال

اكاتى -٨: نصاب اور بم نصائي مركرميان

(a) نصاب مفهوم (محدود و وسيع) منصاب كاجزاء

(b) نصاب کو تغین کرنے والے وال

(c) اردونعاب كاتروين كاصول

(d) جم نصافي سركرميان- مفهوم عاجميت ومرورت

(٥) جم نصابي مركزميون كي مختلف اقسام

(f) اردوزیان کفر دغ میں معان ہم نصافی ر گرمیاں

اكائى -9: اردوزبان كفروغيس معان ادار

(a) قوى ولى يراع فروغ زبان اردو (ئى دىل)

(b) اہم كتب فانے و اوارے - فالب اكيرى (والى) ، سالار جنگ ميوزيم لا بررى (حدر آباو) ،

(c) ادارهادیات (حیرآباد)،داراتر جمه (حیرآباد)

(d) مولانا آزاد میشل ار دو بو نیورشی

اكائى - ١٠: يمائش وجايج (a) يائش وجانج -مفهوم وتصور، يائش اور جانج مين فرق (b) كى معيارى جانج كخصوصيات (c) حاج كم مختلف آلات اور تكنيك (d) مسلسل جامع جانچ-مفهم وتفسور بضرورت وابهيت (a) موجودہ امتحانی نظام کے نقائص اور معیاری بنانے کی محمت عملی (f)اسكولى تصليلى آز مائش (SAT)- تتاركرنے كے مختلف مراحل سفارش كروه كمابيات (١) ضاءالر من اعظمي اردويه هاف كان اللي الميشري اعظم كده (٢) رشيد حسن خان "زيان اورتواعد" ترتى ار دويوروء ئي دالى (٣) وْاكْرْجُمْ الْسِح ، وْاكْرُصار وسعيد "تدريس اردو" يريم بلشنك باؤس ،حيدرآباد (١٠) مولوى سليم عبدالله ومارووكيس موهائين ايج كيشتل بك ماؤس على كره (٥) وُاكْتُررياض احمد " اردوندريس (جديد طريق اورتقاض) مكتبه جامعه لمياملاميه أي ديل (٢) معين الدين "ارووز بان كيدريس" ترقى اردو بورون وفي وفي

Course Code		Course Title				nester	
B9ED212DST		PEDAGOGY OF HINDI-II				II	
Scheme of Instruction				Scheme of E	xami	nation	
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Scor	e :	100	
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluatio	n :	30	
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semeste	er :	70	
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discus	ssion, Group	Exam Duratio	n :	3	
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel				Hrs	
		Discussion, Seminar					
		Presentations					

इकाई - 6: भाषा शिक्षण - एक दृष्टि

भाषा सीखने एवं सिखाने की विभिन्न दृष्टिया — भाषा अर्जन और अधिगम का दार्शनिक, सामाजिक और मनोवैज्ञानिक आधार, समग्र भाषा दृष्टि, रचनात्मक दृष्टि, भाषा सीखने—सिखाने की बहुभाषिक दृष्टि (वायगात्स्की, चॉम्स्की आदि) भारतीय भाषा दृष्टि (पाणिनी, कामता प्रसाद गुरु, किशोरी दास वाजंपेयी आदि)।

इकाई — 7 पाठ्यकम और पाठ्य-सामग्री पाठ्यचर्या और पाठ्यकम एक पाठ्य-सामग्री अनेक — पाठ्यचर्या, पाठ्यकम तथा पाठ्यपुस्तकों का संबंध पाठ्यकम को बच्चों के अनुरूप ढालना :शिक्षण को स्कूल के बाहरी जीवन से जोड़ते हुए तथा रटेत-प्रणाली का निषेध करते हुए सामग्री चयन, गतिविधि और अभ्यास सामग्री का निर्माण, शोधकर्ता के रूप में शिक्षक अलग—अलग बच्चों की आवश्यकताओं को ध्यान में रखते हुए।

इकाई – 8 सहायक शिक्षण सामग्री का निर्माण और विश्लेषण

पत्रिकाए. अखबार, कक्षा-पुस्तकालय आदि आई.सी.टी.-दृश्य- श्रव्य सामग्री, रेडियो, टेलीविजन फिल्में, भाषा प्रयोगशाला, सहसंज्ञानात्मक गतिविधियों की रूपरेखा (चर्चा, वादविवाद, खेल, कार्यशालाए, गोष्ठी आदि)

इकाई - 9: मूल्यांकन की भूमिका और महत्व

मूल्यांकन की भूमिका...मौलिकता और भाषा प्रयोग में सृजनात्मकता भाषा विकास की प्रगति का ऑकलन-

- सतत् और समग्रं मूल्यांकन,
- स्वमृत्यांकन,
- आपसी मूल्यांकन,
- समूह मूल्यांकन,
- पोर्टफोलियो

इकाई - 10 प्रष्न पत्र रचना प्रश्नों का स्वरूप, प्रश्नों के आधार बिंदु -

- ब्लूप्रिन्ट के आधार पर प्रघ्नपत्र रचना व परिणामों का विष्लेषण.
- प्रश्नों का स्वरूप, प्रश्नों के आधार बिंद
- समस्या समाधान संबंधी प्रश्न,
- सुजनात्मक चिंतन वाले प्रश्न,
- समालोचनात्मक चिंतन वालें प्रश्न.
- कल्पनाशीलता को जीवित करने वाले प्रश्न,
- परिवेशीय सजगता वाले प्रश्नः
- गतिविधि और टास्क (खुले प्रश्न, बहुविकल्पी प्रश्न)
- 💠 प्रतिपुष्टि (विद्यार्थी, अभिभावक और अध्यापक) और रिपोर्ट

गतिविधि प्रशिक्षण के दौरान

- नवीन पाठ्यचर्या की समीक्षा और प्रस्तुतीकरण (समूह कार्य)
 (क) नवीन पाठ्यचर्या में भाषा शिक्षण से संबंधित अध्याय पर चर्चा
- (ख) अपनी मनपसंद कविताओं का संकलन तथा उन पर एक लेख
 - हिंदी की किन्ही दो बाल पत्रिकाओं की समीक्षा
 - दसवीं कक्षा के किसी भी बोर्ड की परीक्षाओं के हिंदी के प्रश्नपत्रों (पिछले तीन वर्षों) की समीक्षा करें
 - एक ही सवाल पर बच्चों द्वारा अलग-अलग आए जवाबों पर समूह में चर्चा करें
 - कक्षा 6 से 10 तक की हिंदी की पाठ्यपुस्तकों में से ऐसे दस प्रश्न छांटे जिनमें भाषा मूल्यांकन का सृजनात्मक रवैया परिलक्षित होता है (समूह काय)

कक्षा शिक्षण के दौरान

- चुनौतीपूर्ण बच्चों को ध्यान में रखते हुए दो सहायक शिक्षण सामग्री तैयार करना
- विद्यालयी अनुभव कार्यक्रम के दौरान विद्यार्थियों से हस्तलिखित पत्रिका का विकास या हस्तलिखित पत्रिका की रूपरेखा तैयार करवाना
- विद्यालयी अनुभव कार्यक्रम के दौरान विद्यार्थियों द्वारा हस्तिलिखित समाचार—पत्र का विकास
- (क) कक्षा छह के किसी बच्चे की प्रथम त्रैमासिक आकलन रिपोर्ट में दिए गए सुझावों का अध्ययन करना
- (ख) इन सुझावों का बच्चे के भाषायी विकास में इस्तेमाल करने के लिए युक्तिया सुझाना परियोजना कार्य

उच्च प्राथमिक स्तर पर आकलन एवं मूल्यांकन की मौजूदा प्रकिया पर रिपोर्ट तैयार करें एन सी ई आर टी द्वारा प्रकाशित आकलन स्रोत पुस्तिका भाषा हिंदी पढें तथा इसमें आए आकलन संबंधी कियाकलापों को कक्षा 6 से 10 तक के अनुरूप विकसित करते हुए एक संक्षिप्त लेख लिखें

संदर्भित पुस्तकें :-

- उदयवीर सक्सेना, विनोद पुस्तक मन्दिर, आगरा-हिन्दी शिक्षण
- शारदा प्रकाशन, नई दिल्ली—हिन्दी व्याकरण
- पांडे राम शुक्ल, विनोद पुस्तक मन्दिर, आगरा-हिन्दी शिक्षण
- केशव प्रसाद, धनपत राय एंड सन्स, दिल्ली हिन्दी भाषा शिक्षण
- अनन्त चौधरी नागरी लिपि और हिन्दी वर्तनी, बिहार हिन्दी ग्रन्थ अकादमी, पटना
- जयनारायण कौशिक हिन्दी शिक्षण, हरियाणा साहित्य अकादमी, चण्डीगढ़ .
- रमन बिहारी लाल हिन्दी शिक्षण, रस्तोगी पब्लिकेशन, मेरठ
- उमा मंगल (डाँ०) हिन्दी शिक्षण, आर्य बुक डिपो, करोल बाग, नई दिल्ली, 2000.
- सावित्री सिंह हिन्दी शिक्षण, लायल बुक डिपो, मेरठ
- विजय सूद हिन्दी शिक्षण विधियाँ, टण्डन पब्लिकेशन, लुधियाना 1995
- सीताराम चतुर्वेदी भाषा की शिक्षा, हिन्दी साहित्य कुटीर, वाराणस
- के0 क्षित्राया मातृभाषा शिक्षण, विनोद पुस्तक मन्दिर, आगरा 1995
- के०के० सुखिया हिन्दी ध्वनियाँ और उसका शिक्षण, रामनारायण लाल, इलाहाबाद
- एम०एम० भाटिया एवं डी०के० वर्मा हिन्दी शिक्षण, टण्डन पब्लिकेशन्ज किताब बाजार, लुधियान

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Semester	
B9ED 213DST		PEDAGOGY OF ENGLISH-II			II	
Scheme of Instruction			Scheme of Examination	•		
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discu	ssion, Group	Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel				Hrs
		Discussion, Seminar				
		Presentations				

Objectives

The Course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1. understand the gradation of English grammar and composition teaching and learning.
- 2. develop the skills of presentation of vocabulary
- 3. develop the study skills in English Language.
- 4. develop the reference skills in English.
- 5. critically evaluate the English text book.
- 6. understand the role of language laboratory in teaching learning of English.
- 7. understand constructivist approach to language teaching and learning.
- 8. assess and evaluate the student's skills of language learning
- 9. develop skills to evaluate learner performance through written as well as other types of tests.
- 10. keep abreast of the latest trends and innovations in teaching learning of English.

Course Content

Unit 6: School Curriculum in English (6 Hours)

- 6.1. Curriculum Concept and Meaning, Principles of Curriculum Construction
- 6.2. Different Approaches of Curriculum Organisation: Concentric, Topical, Psychological & Logical Learner Centred curriculum
- 6.3. Characteristics of a Good English Text Book.
- 6.4. Authentic Materials for English Language Teaching and Language Laboratory.

Unit 7: Teaching Vocabulary, Study and Reference skills (10 hours)

- 7.1. Selection and Gradation of vocabulary items
- 7.2. Techniques of teaching vocabulary
- 7.3. Vocabulary games and activities
- 7.4. Techniques of teaching Study Skills: Note-making, Note-taking, Mind mapping, Brainstorming.
- 7.5. Techniques of teaching Reference Skills: Dictionary, Thesaurus, Encyclopaedia and Bibliography

Unit-8: Teaching of Grammar and Composition (12 hours)

8.1. Need and importance of teaching Grammar and Composition

- 8.2. Types of Grammar and Techniques of Teaching Grammar and Composition
- 8.3. Grammar and Composition Games and activities
- 8.4.Remedial teaching in Grammar and Composition

Unit-9: Language Assessment and Evaluation (8 Hours)

- 9.1. Characteristics of a good test in English
- 9.2. Techniques of evaluation oral and written; self evaluation; peer evaluation; group evaluation.
- 9.3. Formative Assessment, Summative Assessment and CCE
- 9.4.Preparing tests for different skills of language Listening, speaking, reading, writing, study skills and reference skills
- 9.5. Preparation of Scholastic Achievement Test (SAT)

Unit 10: Professional Growth and Development and Innovative practices in teaching English. (12 Hours)

- 10.1. Characteristics of a Good English Teacher.
- 10.2. Professional development of an English Teacher Participation in Seminars, Conferences, Workshops and In-service Training Programmes.
- 10.3. Membership in Professional Organisations, Teachers as a community of learners
- 10.4. Synectic model of teaching, CLIL (Content and Language Integrated Learning), MALL (Mobile assisted language Learning), Reflective Practice in Language Learning, Project Based Learning, Spaced Learning, Concept Mapping.

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Critically analyse the curriculum of English as a second language.
- 2. Analyse the grammar activities listed in English Readers of any one class VI to XII.
- 3. Analyse the composition activities listed in English Readers of any one class VI to XII.
- 4. Select 10 vocabulary items from a unit and prepare a plan to teach in the relevant context. Give reasons for your selection.
- 5. Prepare 3 activities for practicing pronunciation and spelling of 15 words from a lesson in any text book of classes VI to XII.
- 6. Develop a question paper for classes VI to XII to assess all the aspects of language learning.
- 7. Prepare a Concept Map on any topic of English of any one class VI to XII.
- 8. Critically analyse the English textbook of any one Class VI to XII.
- 9. Prepare a plan for own professional growth and development.
- 10. Visit a language lab and write a report.

Text Books and References

As given in Course BBED123DST Pedagogy of English.

Course Code		Course Title				nester
B9ED204DST		PEDAGOGY OF PHYSICAL SCIENCE-II				II
Scheme of Instruction		Scheme of Examination				
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3+1=4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discussi	ion, Group	Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel				Hrs
		Discussion, Seminar				
		Presentations				

Objectives:

The Course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1. understand the importance of physical science curriculum and its organisation
- 2. develop the skill, procurement and maintenance of the science laboratory.
- 3. equip the resources for effective teaching of physical sciences.
- 4. utilize the applications of science and technology on society.
- 5. construct the achievement test on CCE model and analyse the results

Unit 6: School Curriculum in Physical Sciences

- 6.1. Curriculum Concept and Meaning, Principles of Curriculum construction.
- 6.2. Different approaches of Curriculum organization: Concentric, Topical, Psychological, Logical and Learner centered approach.
- 6.3. Current trends in Science Curriculum from subject centered to behaviourist to constructivist approach to curriculum development.
- 6.4. Recommendations of NCF 2005, NCFTE-2009 on Science Teachers.
- 6.5. Teacher as Curriculum Developer- Localised Curriculum, Place for artisans, knowledge systems in curriculum, Local innovators and innovative practices in Mathematics.

Unit 7: Instructional Resources & Strategies for Physical Science Teaching.

- 7.1. Curriculum accessories and support materials, text books, journals, hand books, student work books, display and laboratory materials.
- 7.2. Edgar Dales Cone of experience.
- 7.3. Importance of teaching aids and Types of teaching aids, ICT and Multimedia resources.
- 7.4.Importance of practical work in Physics and Chemistry, Planning and organization of Science Laboratories, Procurement and care of laboratory equipment, Registers, safety and First Aid Conduct of laboratory experiment, Preparation of Lab Instruction Card.
- 7.5. Development of improvised Apparatus for concrete and abstract concepts

Unit 8: Lifelong Physical Sciences Learning

- 8.1. Science Clubs, Science Exhibition, Science Museums, Science Fairs and Olympiads.
- 8.2. Role of Government and Non-Government Organizations in the Propagation of Science.
- 8.3. Utilizing Knowledge Resources Identification of online and offline resources context and challenges in Utilization.

- 8.4 Science Communication in India DST-NCSTC Network National Children Science Congress, National Teachers Science Congress, Initiative for Research and Innovation in Science.
- 8.5. Development of Scientific Temper and encouraging and inspiring students to choose science as career and to become scientists.

Unit 9: Professional Development of Physical Sciences Teachers

- 9.1. Professional development of Physical Sciences Teachers.
- 9.2.Participation of Sciences Teachers in Seminars, Conferences, Workshops and In-service Training programmes.
- 9.3. Membership in Professional Organizations; Teachers as a community of learners.
- 9.4. Role of reflective practices in professional development of physical science teachers.
- 9.5. Teacher as a researcher: Action Research in Physical Science Learning to understand how children learn Science.

Unit 10: Evaluation in Physical Sciences

- **10.1.** Evaluation: Meaning and needs, Formative and Summative Evaluation, Diagnostic and Remedial teaching.
- 10.2. Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) Educational Assessment and Educational Evaluation, Performance based Assessment.
- 10.3. Assessment Framework: Purpose of assessment, Learning indicators, Types of indicators, Assessment Rubrics.
- 10.4. Tools and Techniques of Assessment: Written tests, Project work, Field trips and Field diary, Laboratory work, Concept mapping.
- 10.5. Recording and Reporting, Measurement of student's achievements, Grading system, Measurement of Science process skills, Measurement of attitudes.

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Prepare two improvised apparatus each with locally available material resources in Physics and Chemistry.
- 2. Participate in a district, state level Science Fair and prepare a report on the exhibits and activities presented.
- 3. Celebrate National Science Day / Earth Day / Water Day / any important day dated to Science in the school during the internship and submit a report.
- 4. Analysis of Science Textbook.
- 5. Survey of Science Laboratory in a school.
- 6. Visit to Community Science Centre, Nature Park and Science City.

Textbooks and References: As given in course BBED124DST Pedagogy of Physical Science

Semester-III

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Semester	
B9ED301CCT		Assessment for Learning			III	
Scheme of Instruction				Scheme of E	xami	nation
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discus	ssion, Group	Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Discussion, Present	ations, Panel			Hrs
		Discussion, Seminar				
		Presentations				

Objectives:

This Course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1. gain a critical understanding of issues in assessment and evaluation (from a constructivist paradigm).
- 2. become cognisant of key concepts, such as formative and summative assessment, evaluation and measurement, test, examination.
- 3. be exposed to different kinds and forms of assessment that aid student learning;
- 4. become the use of a wide range of assessment tools, and learn to select and construct these appropriately.
- 5. evolve realistic, comprehensive and dynamic assessment procedures that are able to keep the whole student in view.

Unit 1- Overview of Assessment and Evaluation

- 1.1. Meaning and understanding of the terms
 - a. Test, examination, assessment, measurement and evaluation
 - b. Formative and Summative evaluation
 - c. Continuous and Comprehensive evaluation
 - d. Grading system and their interrelationship.
 - e. Principles and Characteristics of quality assessment.
- 1.2. Classification of assessment: Based on *Purpose* (Formative, Summative, Prognostic and Diagnostic), *Scope* (teacher made, standardized); *attribute measured* (achievement, aptitude, attitude), *Nature of information gathered* (qualitative, quantitative), Mode of response (Oral and written; selection and supply), Nature of interpretation (Self-referenced, Norm-referenced and criterion referenced) and Context; (Internal and External)
- 1.3. Distinction between 'Assessment of Learning' and 'Assessment for Learning'
- 1.4. Critical review of current evaluation practices and their assumptions about learning and development. Perspective on assessment and evaluation of learning in a constructivist paradigm.
- 1.5. Purpose of assessment in a 'constructivist' Approach:
 - i. Engage learner's minds in order to further learning in various dimensions.
 - ii. Promote development in cognitive, social and emotional aspects.

Unit 2: Policy Perspectives and Reforms in Evaluation

Examination reform efforts in India based on: 2.1.Secondary

Education Commission (1952-53) 2.2.Indian Education

Kothari Commission (1964-66)

2.3. National Policy on Education (1986) and Programme of Action (1992)

- 2.4. National Curriculum Framework (2005) developed for school education and National Focus Group Position Paper on Examination Reforms.
- 2.5.Reforms in Examination system, Role of ICT in Examination System (Discussion should cover analysis of recommendations, implementations and the emerging concerns)

Unit 3: Dimensions and Tools of Assessment

- 3.1.Dimensions and levels of learning.
- 3.2. Retention/recall of facts and concepts; Application of specific skills
- 3.3. Manipulating tools and symbols; Problem-solving; applying learning to diverse situations
- 3.4.Meaning-making propensity; Abstraction of ideas from experiences; Seeing links and relationships; Inference; Analysis; Reflection
- 3.5. Originality and initiative; Collaborative participation; Creativity; Flexibility.
- 3.6. Evolving suitable criteria for assessment, Contexts of assessment -Subject-related, individual-related

Unit 4: Teacher Competencies in Assessment

- 4.1. Enlarging notions of 'Subject-based Learning' in a constructivist perspective.
- 4.2. Tools of Assessment their uses and preparation
- 4.3. Kinds of tasks: projects, assignments, performances, Kinds of tests and their constructions
- 4.4.Observation of learning processes by self, by peers, by teacher. Self-assessment and peer assessment –Use of Rubrics
- 4.5.Portfolios: Meaning, types, Purposes, Constructing portfolios, guidelines for portfolio entries and assessing portfolios.

Unit 5: Data Analysis, Feedback and Reporting

- 5.1. Analysis of Students' Performance: Using statistical tools
 - a. Processing test data, Frequency Distribution, Graphical representation, Central tendency, Variation, Normal Probability Curve, Percentages, percentiles, Percentile Ranks, Correlation, Grade point average.
- 5.2. Interpretation based on the statistical measures.
 - a. Frame of reference for interpretation of Data: Norm referenced, Criterion-referenced and self- referenced i.e.; relative and absolute interpretation.

5.3. Feedback

- a. Feedback as an essential component of formative assessment, Use of assessment for feedback; for taking pedagogic decisions, for furthering learning
- b. Teacher's feedback (written comments, oral); Peer
- c. Place of marks, grades and qualitative descriptions

5.4. Reporting

- a. Purposes of reporting i) To communicate Progress and profile of learner ii) Basis for further pedagogic decisions.
- b. Developing and maintaining a comprehensive learner profile
- c. Reporting a consolidated learner profile

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Plan and construct an achievement test in one of the methodology subjects
- 2. Survey the assessment practices followed in different schools Government/Private/Residential and prepare a report
- 3. Prepare a report by undertaking question paper analysis of two school subjects (Annual Examinations of Previous Years)
- 4. Administer (any test to measure attributes) on students of any class and interpret the results
- 5. Conduct a survey to find out occupational choices of 9th Class students and prepare a report
- 6. Critical review of current evaluation practices and their assumptions about learning and

development;

- 7. Explore alternative modes of certification/evaluation.
- 8. Explore the perceptions and your views on the prevailing examination system on student learning and stakeholders.
- 9. Entrance tests and their influence on students and school system.
- 10. De-linking school-based assessment from examinations: Some possibilities and alternative practices.
- 11. Critically review the efforts in exam reforms in India based on various commissions and committees.
- 12. Critically read and reflect on the 'National Focus Group Position Paper on Examination Reforms.

Text Books

- 1. Bransford, J., Brown, A. L., & Cocking, R. R. (Eds.). (2000). *How people learn: Brain, mind, experience, and school.* Washington, DC: National Academy Press.
- 2. Burke, K. (2005). *How to assess authentic learning* (4th ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin.
- 3. Burke, K., Fogarty, R., & Belgrad, S. (2002). *The portfolio connection: Student work linked to standards* (2nd ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin.
- 4. Carr, J.F., & Harris, D.E. (2001). Succeeding with standards: Linking curriculum, assessment, and action planning. Alexandria, VA: Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.
- 5. Danielson, C. (2002). *Enhancing student achievement: A framework for school improvement*. Alexandria, VA: Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.
- 6. Gentile, J.R. & Lalley, J.P. (2003). Standards and mastery learning: Aligning teaching and assessment so all children can learn. Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin.

Reference Books:

- 1. Delpit, L.D. (1988). The silenced dialogue: Power and pedagogy in educating other people's children. *Harvard Educational Review*, 58(3), 280-299.
- 2. Delpit, L.D. (2012). *Multiplication is for white people: Raising expectations for other people's children*. New York: The New Press.
- 3. Glaser, R., Chudowsky, N., & Pellegrino, J.W. (Eds.). (2001). *knowing what students know: The science and design of educational assessment*. Washington, DC: National Academies Press.
- 4. Guskey, T.R., & Bailey, J.M. (2001). Developing grading and reporting systems for student learning. Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin.
- 5. McMillan, J. (2013). Classroom Assessment: Principles and Practice for Effective Standards-Based Instruction (6th ed.). Boston, MA: Pearson
- 6. Natrajan V., & Kulshreshta, S. P. (1983). Assessing non-scholastic aspects: Learners behaviour. New Dlehi: Association of Indian Universities.
- 7. NCERT. (1985). Curriculum and Evaluation. New Delhi: NCERT
- 8. Newman, F.M. (1996). *Authentic achievement: Restructuring schools for intellectual quality*. San Francisco, CA: Jossey-Bass.
- 9. Nitko, A.J. (2001). *Educational assessment of students* (3rd ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall.
- 11. Norris, N. (1990). Understanding Educational Evaluation. London: Kogan Page Ltd.
- 12. Parker Boudett, K., et. al. (2013). *Data Wise: A step-by-step guide to using assessment results to improve teaching and learning*. Cambridge, MA: Harvard Education Press.
- 13. Shepard, L.A. (2000). The role of assessment in a learning culture. *Educational Researcher*, 4-14. Stiggins, R. (2005). From formative assessment to assessment for learning: A path to success in standards-based schools. *Phi Delta Kappan*, 324-328.

Course Code	Course Title				Semester		
B9ED302CCT		Management				III	
Scheme of Instruction		on		Scheme of Examination			
Total Duration	:	16 + 32 = 48Hrs		Maximum Score	:	50	
Periods / Week	:	4		Internal Evaluation	:	15	
Credits	:	1+ 1 = 2		End Semester	:	35	
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discussion, Group		Exam Duration	:	2	
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel				Hrs	
		Discussion, Seminar					
		Presentations					

Objectives

- 1) To understand the fundamentals of Educational Management.
- 2) To understand the role, duties and qualities of school Principal.
- 3) To understand the need, nature, concept and scope of school organization.
- 4) To understand the basic components, principles for functioning of school organization.
- 5) To understand principles of school management and community school relationship.

UNIT-1-Educational Management

- 1.1 Meaning, definition, concept and aims of Educational Management.
- 1.2 Types of Educational Management-Democratic and Autocratic.
- 1.3 Role, duties and qualities of school principal.
- 1.4 Principal's relationship with staff, students and parents.

Unit-2 Understanding School Organization

- 2.1 School Organization: Concept and major Components; Community an important agency.
- 2.2 Basic Principles for the functioning of school organization.
- 2.3 School as an organization and as a part of organization.
- 2.4 Relation between Schools and other educational organizations: Teacher education institution, state and National level bodies.

Unit-3 Aspects of School Management

- 3.1 School management: Concept, basic principles and system nature; Community-School Relationship
- 3.2 Planning mechanism in school management: annual school calendar, day to day schedules, time table, staff meeting, activities, student issues, monitoring.
- 3.3 Managing School resources: The school Building, School budget, Laboratory, Workshop library, sports ground, Hostel, School office; cleanliness, maintenance and optimum utility.
- 3.4 Role of school records in effective management system

Practicum: Any one of the following

1) Prepare a study report on the role of PTA in improving quality of School Management

2) Field visit to any national / State level organization holding the educational administration Secondary Education level and submit the report.

References:

- 3 Aggarwal, J.C. (2007). School management. New Delhi: Shipra Publications.
- 4 Anthony, D. (2006). Leaders for today hope for tomorrow. Mumbai: Pauline Publications.
- 5 Bhatnagar, R.P., & Verma, I.B. (2000). *Educational administration*. Meerut: Loyal Book Depot.
- 6 Famulavo, J. (1986). Handbook of human resource administration. New York: McGraw-Hill.
- 7 <u>Loomba</u>, K., & <u>Loomba</u>, P. (2013). *School management*. New Delhi: Twenty first Century Publications.
- **8** Kaushik, V.K. (2002). *School administration & organization*. New Delhi: Anmol Prakashan.
- 9 Kimbrough, R.B., & Nunnery, M.Y. (1983). *Educational administration: An introduction*. New York: Mac Milan Publishing Co. Inc.,
- 10 Kochar, S.K. (1978). Secondary school administration. New Delhi: Sterling.
- 11 Prasad, L.M. (2015). *Principles and practice of management*. New Delhi: Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 12 Mathur, S.S. (1990). Educational administration and management. The Indian Publication India.
- **13** Mathur, S.S., & kohli, V.K. (1973). *School administration and organization*. Jalandher: Krishna Brothers.
- **14** Mohanti, J. (2002). *Education administration, supervision and school management*. New Delhi: Deep and Deep.
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- 18 Owens, R. G. (1970). *Organizational behaviour in schools*. Englewood Cliffs, N.J: Prentice Hall Inc.
- 19 Pandya, S.R. (2001). Administration and management of education. Mumbai: Himalaya.
- 20 Pareek, U. (1993). Making organizational roles effective. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 21 Pareek, U., & Rao, T. V. (1992). *Designing and managing human resource systems*. New Delhi: Oxford & IBH Publishing Company.
- 22 <u>Kochhar</u>, S. K. (2011). *School administration and management*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- 23 Safaya, R. N., & Shaida, B.D. (2000). *School administration and organization*. Delhi. Dhanpat Rai and Sons.
- 24 Siddhu, S.K. (1987). School organization and administration. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers,.
- 25 Sukla, P.D. (1983). Administration of education in India. New Delhi: National Book Trust.
- 26 Vashit, S.R. (2002). Classroom and school administration. New Delhi: Anmol Prakashan,

Course Code		Course Title			Semester		
B9ED303EPP		ICT Competencies				III	
Scheme of Instruction		on		Scheme of Examination			
Total Duration	:	64Hrs		Maximum Score	:	50	
Periods / Week	:	4		Internal Evaluation	•	-	
Credits	:	2		End Semester	:	50	
Instruction Mode	:	Lecture-cum-Discussion, Presentations, Sem	inar	Exam Duration	:	2 Hrs	
		Presentations, Prac	cticals				

Objectives:

This Course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1. enable student-teachers to recognise, understand and appreciate ICT as an effective learning tool for learners and a support to teachers.
- 2. enable the students to develop the skills of handling and operating different types of computer equipment in real classroom situations.
- 3. enable the students to understand the application of information and communication technology in education.
- 4. enable the students to appreciate the application of computers in education
- 5. enable the students to apply the knowledge of networking and internet in their daily life.

Course Content

Unit 1: Computer and Office Applications:

- 1.1 Introduction to Computers Characteristics, Hardware, Software, Input, Output and Storage Devices
- 1.2 Word: Main Features and its uses
- 1.3 Excel: Main Features and its applications
- 1.4 Power Point: Preparation of Slides with Multimedia Effects
- 1.5 Publisher: Newsletter and Brochure

Unit 2: Internet applications

- 5.1. Effective browsing of the internet Checking for authenticity of information, and selecting relevant information.
- 5.2. Downloading relevant material.
- 5.3. Developing PPT slide show for classroom use.
- 5.4. Use of available software or CDs with LCD projection for subject learning

Unit 3: Experience In ICT Aided Learning

- 3.1 Innovative usage of technology: Showcasing T Pack, any other
- 3.2 Critical issues in 'internet usage' checking for plagiarism and obtaining copyright permissions
- 3.3 Social networking groups membership and rules
- 3.4. Netiquettes and safety on the net.

Practical Records - Any four of the following

- **1.** Create a Power point presentation / poster/ brochure/flyer on any topic of a school subject.
- **2.** Create a mind map / concept map using ICT on any topic of your choice.
- **3.** Prepare your Bio-Data in Word
- **4.** Prepare the time-table of your class in Excel.
- **5.** Prepare Attendance Sheet of your class in Excel.
- **6.** Preparing Word Document using advanced features of word on any subject , topic from secondary school syllabus.

References:

- 1. Kumar, K. L. (2003). *Educational technology*. New Delhi: New Age International.
- 2. Aggarwal, J. C. (1995). Essentials of educational technology: Teaching-learning innovations in education. New Delhi: Vikas Publications.
- 3 Sampath K., Panneerselvam, A., & Santhanam, S. (1998). *Introduction to educational technology* (4th ed.). New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Chauhan, S. S. (2009). *Innovations in teaching-learning process*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Vanaja, M., & Rajasekar S. (2014). *Educational technology & computer education*. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications.
- 6. Mohanthy, J. (1992). *Educational technology*. New Delhi: Deep & Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Apter, M. J. (1968). *The new technology of education*. London: Mac. Millan and Co. Ltd.
- 8. Varanasi, L. (2005). *Computer education*. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications Pvt. Ltd.

Course Code		Course Title			Semester		
B9ED302EPP		ARTS IN EDUCATION			III		
Scheme of Instruction		on		Scheme of Examination			
Total Duration	:	64Hrs		Maximum Score	:	50	
Periods / Week	:	4		Internal Evaluation	:	50	
Credits	:	2		End Semester	:	-	
Instruction Mode	:	Lecture-cum-Discussion, Group Discussion, Presentations, Pane Discussion, Semin	el	Exam Duration	:	-	
		Presentations					

Objectives

After completion of the course, the student-teacher will be able to

- 1. integrate Art with Education and become better communicator.
- 2. develop creative thinking through different Art forms.
- 3. realize that liberal arts help in making better professionals.
- 4. understand Art as a medium of expression.
- 5. understand the role of Art as a medium of Education.
- 6. deepen students ability for perception and reflection.
- 7. use Art as an alternative languages to experience and communicate concepts in teaching-learning.

Course Content

Unit-1: Aesthetics and Arts

- 1.1 Aesthetics and Art– its meaning, dimensions and constituents.
- 1.2 Importance of Arts in Education
- 1.3 Types of Arts visual and performing
- 1.4 Renowned Indian Arts and Artists Classical, folk and contemporary.
- 1.5 Indian festivals and their artistic significance.

Unit-2: Visual Arts and Education

- 2.1 Visual Art as a medium of education.
- 2.2 Visual Arts for self- expression, observation, and appreciation.
- 2.3 Different materials of visual arts—Rangoli, pastels, posters, clay, paintings.
- 2.4 Using different methods of visual arts- Paintings, block printing, collage, clay modelling, paper cutting and folding.

Unit-3:Performing Arts and Education

- 3.1 Drama as a medium of education.
- 3.2 Identification of local performing art forms and their integration in teaching learning.
- 3.3 Listening/viewing performing art forms of music, dance, puppetry and theatre.
- 3.4 Evaluation strategies; assessing the different forms of Art.

Practicum:

- 1. Select a concept from the school curriculum which includes a social message and identify an appropriate art form to spread the message in public and prepare a report.
- 2. Identify a local art form and integrate it in teaching an appropriate lesson from school curriculum Prepare a lesson plan
- 3. Select an appropriate lesson from the school curriculum and rewrite it in the form of a drama.
- 4. Organise a show on dance, music or dramas.

References

- ✓ Dewey, J. (1934). *Art as experience*. New York: Minton.
- ✓ Reed, H. (1968). *Education through art*. New York: Faber and Faber.
- ✓ Eisner, E. W. (1972). *Educating artistic vision*. New York: Macmillan.
- ✓ John, B., Yogin, C., & Chawla, R. (2007). *Playing for real: Using drama in the classroom*. New York: Macmillan.
- ✓ Jefferson, B. (1969). *Teaching art to children Continental view point*. Boston: Allyn Bacon.
- ✓ Tagore, R. (1962). *Lectures and addresses*. New Delhi: Macmillan.
- ✓ Coomaraswamy, A. K. (1974). *Christian and oriental philosophy of art*. New Delhi: Munshiram Manoharlal.

Course Code	Course Title			Sen	Semester	
B9ED301EPP		Reading and Reflecting on Texts			III	
Scheme of Instruction		on	Scheme of Examination			
Total Duration	:	64Hrs	Maximum Score	:	50	
Periods / Week	:	4	Internal Evaluation	:	50	
Credits	:	2	End Semester	:	-	
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discussion, Group	Exam Duration	:	-	
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel				
		Discussion, Seminar				
		Presentations				

Essence of the Course

Language is the medium for comprehending ideas, for reflection and thinking, as well as for expression and communication. Enhancing one's facility in the language of instruction is thus a vital need of student teachers, irrespective of the subject areas that they are going to teach. This course is visualised as a range of primarily text-based language activities, which will aid in strengthening the ability to 'read', 'think', 'discuss and communicate' as well as to 'write' in the language of instruction. The course is designed to enhance the reading capacity of the student teachers. It will enable them to develop meta-cognitive awareness. The course offers opportunities to student teachers to read a variety of texts and respond to it creatively and critically.

It is likely that student teachers will begin the programme with different levels of language ability; hence group work that supports different levels of learning is envisaged as a central feature of this course.

Objectives of the Course

- 1. To strengthen the ability to 'read', 'think', 'discuss and communicate' as well as to 'write' in the language of instruction.
- 2. To develop abilities in reading and understanding meaning of different kinds of texts.
- 3. To engage with ideas and appreciate that different kinds of writing are used to communicate these ideas in different contexts.
- 4. To become self-learners, reflective and expressive teachers, and collaborative professionals.

Course Outline

Unit 1: Engaging with Narrative and Descriptive Accounts

- \triangleright 5 texts to be done, 4 periods for each text =20 periods
- Any 2 texts of English to be selected by the Teacher Educator from readers/ books of classes 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th (Any Board CBSE, ICSE, IGCSE, Etc.) and 3 texts of Urdu to be selected from Readers of 11th, 12th or higher levels.
- ➤ The selected texts could include stories or chapters from fiction, dramatic incidents, vivid descriptive accounts or even well-produced comic strip stories.

Suggested Activities

- Reading for comprehending and visualising the account (individual plus group reading and discussion/explanation)
- Re-telling the account in one's own words/from different points of view (taking turns in a smaller group)

- Narrating/describing a related account from one's life experience (in front of a smaller group)
- Discussion of characters and situations sharing interpretations and points of view (in a smaller group)
- Writing based on the text, e.g. summary of a scene, extrapolation of story, converting a situation into a dialogue, etc. (individual task).

Evaluation

For each text the student has to write any one of the following:

- > Summary of the text, Character sketches, Descriptions, Conversion to dialogue, etc.
- \triangleright 3 marks for each text X 5 texts = **15 marks**

Unit 2: Engaging with Popular Subject-based Expository Writing

- ➤ 5 texts to be done, 4 periods for each text =20 periods
- Any 1 text of English/ Urdu to be selected by the Teacher Educator from Autobiographies of great Indian personalities, any 2 1 English and 1 Urdu from popular non-fiction writings and any 2 1 English and 1 Urdu from subject text books of classes 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th and texts of Urdu to be selected from subject text books of 11th, 12th or higher levels.
- The selected texts could include articles, biographical writing, or extracts from popular non-fiction writing with themes that are drawn from the subject areas of the student teachers (various sciences, mathematics, history, geography, literature/language pieces)
- For this Unit, the student-teachers should work in groups divided according to their subjects within which different texts could be read by different pairs of student-teachers.

Suggested Activities

- Reading to extract overall meaning, information, subject knowledge (guided reading in pairs and simple note making)
- ➤ Identifying major concepts and ideas involved and making notes on these in some schematic form flow diagram, tree diagram, mind map, etc. (guided working in pairs)
- Explaining the gist of the text/topic to others (in the larger subject group)
- Attending the writing style, subject-specific vocabulary and 'perspective' or 'reference frame' in which different topics are presented—this will vary across subjects and texts, and requires some interpretative skills for 'placing' the context of each text (group discussion and sharing)
- ➤ Writing a review or a summary of the text, with comments and opinions (individual task)

Evaluation

For each text the student has to write any one of the following:

- > Summary of the text, descriptions, reviews, flow charts, etc.
- \triangleright 3 marks for each text X 5 texts = **15 marks**

Unit 3: Engaging with Journalistic Writing

- > 5 articles to be done, 4 periods for each article =20 periods
- Any 2 articles of English and 3 of Urdu to be selected by the Teacher Educator from current newspapers, magazines, Internet etc.
- ➤ The selection would include newspaper or magazine articles on topics of contemporary interest. Student-teachers can be grouped randomly for this Unit.

Suggested Activities

➤ Using reading strategies such as scanning, skimming and reading for extracting information – as appropriate for initial reading of articles (guided individual task)

- Analysis of structure of the article, identifying sub-headings, key words, sequencing of ideas, use of concrete details, illustrations and/or statistical representations etc. (guided working in pairs)
- > Critical reading for identifying the 'frame' of the article, point(s) of view presented, possible biases or slants (small group discussion)
- Researching and writing articles on topics of local interest (working to produce a local interest magazine).

Evaluation

For each text the student has to write any one of the following:

- > Summary of the text, descriptions, reports, critical review, article, etc.
- \triangleright 3 marks for each text X 5 texts = **15 marks**

Final Evaluation = 5 marks (4 Periods)

➤ The student will write a reflective report on his/her experiences of the activities conducted as part of the EPC Enhancing Professional Capabilities Course 1- Reading and Reflecting on Texts.

Semester IV

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Sen	nester
B9ED401CCT		Contemporary Issues in Education				IV
Scheme of Instru	cti	on		Scheme of Examination		
Total Duration	:	48+32 = 80 Hrs		Maximum Score	:	100
Periods / Week	:	5		Internal Evaluation	:	30
Credits	:	3 + 1 = 4		End Semester	:	70
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discu	ission,	Exam Duration	:	3
Mode		Group Discussion,				Hrs
		Presentations, Panel				
		Discussion, Seminar				
		Presentations				

Objectives of the course content:

The course will enable student to:

- 1. acquire knowledge on Liberalization of Education
- 2. understand the concept of Globalization and its influence in the expansion of education at global level
- 3. acquaint with the knowledge of Privatization and its impact on Education
- 4. reflect on the issues of students' unrest and explore understanding of most appropriate remedial measures for students' unrest
- 5. understand the concept of International Understanding and Peace Education and the means to overcome value crises and acquaint with the role played by education in making an individual into a humane
- 6. identify the contemporary issues in education and its educational implications

Unit - 1 Liberalization and Education

- 1.1Concept and objectives of Liberalization
- 1.2 Need for Liberalization of Education
- 1.3Advantages and Disadvantages of Liberalization of Education
- 1.4 Role of Education in Liberalization

Unit – 2 Privatization and Education

- 2.1Concept and objectives of Privatization
- 2.2 Need for Privatization of Education with special reference to India
- 2.3 Advantages and Disadvantages of Privatization
- 2.4 Role of Education in Privatization

Unit -3 Globalization and Education

- 3.1Concept and objectives of Globalization
- 3.2Factors contributing to Globalization
- 3.3Advantages and Disadvantages of Globalization of Education
- 3.4 Role of Education in Globalization

Unit – 4 Problems of Students' Unrest

- 4.1 Concept of Unrest
- 4.2 Causes of Students' Unrest (social, economic, political and economic factors)
- 4.3 General measures to be taken to minimize/remove students' unrest (Role of Administrators, Teachers and Parents)
- 4.4 Role of mass media in minimizing/removing Students' Unrest

Unit – 5 Other Important Issues in Education

- 5.1 Equalization of Educational Opportunities SC/ ST, OBC, Women, Handicapped and religious minorities
- 5.2 International Understanding and Peace Education
- 5.3 Environmental Education and the Role of Education
- 5.4 Crisis Management at organizational level

Engagement/activities

- Group discussion on Precautionary Measures against the dangers of Globalization of education
- Critical reflections on need for Privatization of Education with special reference to India
- Debate on contemporary issues in education
- University Campus visits to explore Students' unrest.
- Reflecting over the issues related to women and strategies to overcome
- Conducting seminars/workshop on Peace Education
- Creating awareness among SC/ST students about various schemes and scholarships available to them,
- Survey of schools to see the implementation of various incentives of government to equalize educational opportunities

References:

- Josephene, Y. (2011). Globalization and challenges of education: Focus on equity and equality. New Delhi: Shipra publications.
- Krishnan, D.K., & Thamarasseri, I. (2016). *Contemporary issues in Indian education*. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers.
- Aggrawal, J. C. (1996). *Theory and principles of education* (10th ed.). New Delhi: Vikas Publications.
- Thakur, A. S., & Berwal, S. (2007). *Education in emerging Indian society*. New Delhi: National Publishing House.
- Bano, A. (2000). *Indian women the changing face*. New Delhi: Kiloso Books.
- De Souza, A. (1975). Women in contemporary India: Traditional images and changing roles. New Delhi: Manohar Publishers.
- Pruthi, R., Rameshwari, D., & Romila, P. (2002). *Encyclopedia of status and empowerment of women in India*. Delhi: Saurabh Communications.
- Rao, U. (2012). *Education for Peace* (1st ed.). Hyderabad: Himalya Publishing House.
- Rao, D. B. (1996). *Global perception on peace education* Vol. I, II & III. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Semester	
B9ED402CCT		Environmental Education				IV
Scheme of Instru	cti	on		Scheme of Examination		
Total Duration	:	16 + 32 = 48Hrs		Maximum Score	:	50
Periods / Week	:	4		Internal Evaluation	:	15
Credits	:	1+1=2		End Semester	:	35
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discu	ission,	Exam Duration	:	2
Mode		Group Discussion,				Hrs
		Presentations, Panel				
		Discussion, Seminar				
		Presentations				

Objectives:

This Course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1. understand the concept of Environmental Education & Its Importance
- 2. understand the environmental hazards, disasters & Disaster management.
- 3. understand the need for protecting the environment
- 4. know about sustainable development
- 5. understand the term environmental counciousness and green audit
- 6. know how technology can be integrated into teching of Educational Environment
- 7. understand the curriculum and teaching methods of Educational Environment in primary, secondary and higher secondary level
- 8. know about assessment methods in educational environment.

Unit -1

- 1.1 Nature and scope of Environmental Education
- 1.2 Environmental hazards & disasters
- 1.3 Environmental & Disaster management
- 1.4 Environmental protection policies with special reference to India

Unit - 2

- 2.1 Sustainable development
- 2.2 Environmental consciousness: Energy Conservation, Rainwater Harvesting, Water Recycling, Carbon Neutral
- 2.3 Water management
- 2.4 The concept of Green audit/ Environmental audit

Unit-3

- 3.1 Environmental Education and School Curriculum Primary, Secondary and higher secondary level.
- 3.2 Different teaching strategies of environmental education.
- 3.3 Assessment methods of environmental education.

- 3.4 Integrating technology for environmental education.
- 3.5 Role and responsibilities of a teacher in the development of competencies of environmental education.

Practicum - Any one of the Following:

- a. List out Biodiversity of Campus
- b. List out measures for making Campus Eco friendly
- c. Visit any Polluted area and record the causes and suggest preventive measures

References:

- 1. Barucha, E. (2004). Textbook for environmental studies. New Delhi: UGC.
- 2. Jadhav, H. V, & Bhosale, V. M. (1995). *Environmental protection and laws*. New Delhi: Himalaya Publication House.
- 3. Keln, P. (2000). Environmental education a conceptual analysis. Calicut: Calicut University.
- 4. Sharma, V.S. (2005). Environmental education. New Delhi: Anmol Publication.
- 5. Trends in environmental education. UNESCO Publication.

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Ser	nester
B9ED403CCT		Inclusive Education				IV
Scheme of Instruction			Scheme of Examination			
Total Duration	:	16 + 32 = 48Hrs		Maximum Score	:	50
Periods / Week	:	4		Internal Evaluation	:	15
Credits	:	1+1=2		End Semester	:	35
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discu	ission,	Exam Duration	:	2
Mode		Group Discussion,				Hrs
		Presentations, Panel				
		Discussion, Semina	ar			
		Presentations				

Objectives:

The course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1. understand the concept of Inclusive Education.
- 2. understand the concept of Special Education.
- 3. understand the concept of Impairment, Disability and Handicap.
- 4. differentiate between the concept of Integration, Segregation and Mainstreaming.
- 5. understand the different types of differently abled Person.
- 6. understand the causes of different types of impairment and disability.
- 7. understand the techniques and process of identifying the different types of differently abled Person.
- 8. understand different approaches and educational provisions for different types of differently abled Person.
- 9. understand the causes of educational backwardness of different excluded/marginalized sections of the society.
- 10. understand the strategies for educational inclusion of different excluded/marginalized sections of the society.

Unit – 1 Introduction of Inclusive and Special Education

- 1.1 Inclusive Education Meaning, Definition, Need & Importance
- 1.2 Special Education Meaning, Definition, Need & Importance
- 1.3 Impairment, Disability and Handicap
- 1.4 Concept of Integration, Segregation and Mainstreaming

Unit – 2 Differently abled Children and their Educational Inclusion

- 2.1 Mentally Retarded Children Characteristics, Causes, Identification and Educational Provisions for Inclusion
- 2.2 Visual Impaired Children Types, Characteristics, Causes, Identification and Educational Provisions for Inclusion
- 2.3 Hearing Impaired Children –Classification, Characteristics, Causes, Identification and Educational Provisions for Inclusion
- 2.4 Learning Disabled Children Types, Characteristics, Causes, Identification and Educational Provisions for Inclusion

Unit – 3 Excluded/Marginalized Sections of Society and their Education

3.1 Inclusion of educational backwardness, and educational strategies for

Women

Schedule Caste

Schedule Tribes

Minorities (with special reference to Muslims)

Field work/ Projects / Assignments:

• Visits of different types of Special Schools (Mentally Retarded Institutes, Blind Schools, Schools of Deaf and Dumb and Rehabilitation Centers)

Mode of Transaction

- Classroom discussions for developing conceptual understanding.
- Close reading of text material/research papers
- Individual and group presentations of issues and concerns raised in assignments
- Theoretical and practical activities/exercises/investigations, analysis interpretation of collated observations, systematic data.

References:

- 1. Alnscow, M. (1994). Special needs and the classroom. UK: UNESCO Publishing.
- 2. Anupriya, C. (2002). A guide to educating children with learning disabilities. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Berdina, W. H. (1985). *An introduction to special education*. Boston: Harper Collins Publishers.
- 4. Hallahan, D. P., & Kauffman, J. M. (1992). *Exceptional children: Introduction to special education*. New Jersey: Prentice hall INC.
- 5. Henley, M. (1993). Characteristics of and strategies for teaching students with mild disabilities. Massachusetts: Allyn & Bacon.
- 6. Heward, W. L. (1988). Exceptional children. Chicago: Merril Publishing Co.
- 7. Kirk, G., & Anastasian. (1993). Educating exceptional children. Boston: Haughton Co.
- 8. Learner, J. (1985). *Learning disability*. Boston: Haughton, Mifflin Co.
- 9. Nind, M., Sheehy, K., Rix, J., & Simmons, K. (2003). *Inclusive education: Diverse perspectives*. London: David Fulton Publication.
- 10. Onita, N. (1996). Children with learning difficulties. New Delhi: Allied Publishers Ltd.
- 11. Panda, K. C. (2002). *Education of exceptional children*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 12. Paul, J., Churton, M., & Mosse, W.C. (1977). *Special education practice*. Brooks/Cole Publishing Company.
- 13. Peterson, J. (2003). *Inclusive teaching creative effective schools for all learners*. Boston: Allan & Bacon.

Course Code			Course Ti	tle	Se	emester
B9ED404CCT		Health and Physical Education				IV
Scheme of Instruction				Scheme of Examination		
Total Duration	:	16 + 32 = 48Hrs		Maximum Score	:	50
Periods / Week	:	4		Internal Evaluation	:	15
Credits	:	1+1=2		End Semester	:	35-
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discu	ission,	Exam Duration	:	2 Hrs
Mode		Group Discussion,				
		Presentations, Panel				
		Discussion, Seminar				
		Presentations				

Objectives:

This Course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1. introduce the pupil teachers with the concept of health and physical education.
- 2. enable the pupil teachers to understand the various dimensions and determinants of health.
- 3. understand the importance of physical education in human life.
- 4. enable the pupil teachers to understand the need and importance of physical education.
- 5. develop organization skills in organizing tournaments and sports meet.
- 6. list the different programmes of physical education.

Unit –1: Understanding Physical Education.

- 1.1 Concept, need, scope and objective of physical education.
- 1.2 Health education, definitions, aims and objectives.
- 1.3 School health programme and the role of physical education teacher in development of health and good hygienic habits.

Unit – 2: Programmes of Physical Education

- 2.2 Preliminary idea of some common programmes of physical education.
- 2.3 Recreations: Meaning, significance and recreational porgrammes in schools.
- 2.4 Need for recreation, different types of recreationary activities and their organization

Unit –3: Physical Education and Integrated Personality

- 3.1 Physical education in the context of NCF 2005 and NCFTE-2009.
- 3.2 Organization and Administration: Planning, Budgeting, fixture (Knock out and league)
- 3.3 Athletic meet, meaning, need and importance process to organize athletic meet at school level.

Practicum - Any Two of the Following:

- 1. Prepare a Project report on three types of sports ground.
- 2. Prepare a plan of activity for three days outdoor camp
- 3. Organize a sports meet at school level
- 4. Participate in any two games and sports activities of your choice in your institution.

Suggested Reading:

- Atwal., & Kansal. (2003). *A textbook of health, physical education and sports*. Jalandhar: A.P. Publisher.
- Kamlesh, M. L., & Sangral, M.S. (1986). *Methods in physical education*. Ludhiana: Prakash Brothers.
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Course Code		Course Title				
B9ED401EPP		Unde	Self		IV	
Scheme of Instruction				Scheme of Examinat	ion	
Total Duration	:	64Hrs	64Hrs		:	50
Periods / Week	:	4	4		:	50
Credits	:	2		End Semester	:	_
Instruction	:	Lecture-cum-Discuss	Lecture-cum-Discussion, Group		:	-
Mode		Discussion, Presentations, Panel				
		Discussion, Seminar	Presentations			

Objectives:

- 1. To help student- teachers develop life skills to understand self
- 2. To enable student-teachers to recall and reflect on their own experiences and become conscious of factors that have shaped their aspirations and expectations
- 3. To develop sensitivity towards their life experiences
- 4. To develop the capacity to facilitate personal growth and social skills in their own students
- 5. To synthesize their experiences and learning over a period of time
- 6. To develop their capacity for reflection

Unit 1 - Introspecting self

- 1.1 Writing one's experiences in the form of diary (daily, weekly, monthly, yearly)
- 1.2 Writing about one's expectations in life
- 1.3 Writing about the problematic situations they have faced boldly in life.
- 1.4 Recording happy moments of their life
- 1.5 SWOT Analysis

Unit-2 Understanding the self

- 2.1 Understanding own personality with reference to personality types.
- 2.2 Understanding own IQ and EQ
- 2.3 Understanding own Attitude and Aptitude
- 2.4 Analyzing Self Awareness and Self Esteem
- 2.5 Analyzing Physical and Mental health

Unit 3 – Developing the Self

- 3.1 Managing Time Time Log and it analysis, Time wasters, day, month and year plan and Prioritizing tasks.
- 3.2 Managing Emotions Stress, Anger and Fear/anxiety.
- 3.3 Developing Social Skills Effective Communication, Body language, Resolving Conflict
- 3.4 Developing Cognitive skills Creativity, Critical Thinking and Reasoning
- 3.5 Nurturing Physical Health BMI, Diet plan and Exercise

Practicum

- 1. Reflective Journal
- 2. Portfolio
- 3. Poster making /chart making: time line, mind map, story, song, poetry, poster, digital story,
- 4. PPT with personal photos
- 5. Sharing experiences

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APPENDIX 1: GENERAL EXAMINATION RULES w.e.f. 2016 -17 (MANUU) [Duly Approved: Item 26.2.11 of 26th Meeting of Academic Council]

The General Examinations Rules are applicable to all regular mode programs of the Maulana Azad National Urdu University (MANUU) and are effective from academic session 2016-17. Unless explicitly stated by the specific regulations of the University, these rules shall apply to all regular mode programs viz. bridge course, certificate, diploma, under graduate and post graduate programs of MANUU.

1. EXAMINATION

- 1.1. **Course Assessment:** It consists of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Examination (SEE) as the major evaluations prescribed for each Course.
- 1.1.1. The CIE and SEE to carry 30% and 70% weightage for each Course e.g. 100 marks (30+70) or 50 Marks (15+35) or like irrespective of its Credits. The absence from these evaluations or seminar presentations or late submissions of assignments or attendance, shall result in loss of marks.
- 1.2. **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):** Only those students maintaining a minimum standard in CIE (passing marks) are permitted to appear in SEE of the Course. Thus, a student failing in the CIE/internal assessment and practical of any course/paper shall not be allowed to appear in SEE/semester end examinations of that course/paper and she/he has to repeat both CIE/practical & SEE in the concerned odd/even semester
- 1.3. The Award of Continuous Internal Evaluation i.e. internal assessment marks in each semester shall be as follows:

Theory			Practical		MOOCs		Co & Extra Curricular	
Class Test	15	7.5	Practical Test	10	Assignment	25	Activity Report	25
Assignments	10	5	Comp.	15	Presentation	20	Presentation	20
/Quiz/Seminar			Evaluation		/Seminar		/Seminar	
Attendance	5	2.5	Attendance	5	Attendance	5	Attendance	5
Total (CIE)	30	15	Total (CIE)	30	Total (CIE)	50	Total (CIE)	50

1.3.1. The marks division for attendance as a component of CIE for all programs:

	All Programs under CBCS except teacher education				cher education	programs un	der CBCS
	% Attendance	MM=5 [CIE=30]	MM=2.5 [CIE=15]	ο.	% Attendance	MM=5 [CIE=30] ,	MM=2.5 [CIE=15]
1	≥ 95	5	2.5	1	≥ 95	5	2.5
2	\geq 90 to 94.99	4	2	2	\geq 90 to 94.99	4	2
3	\geq 85 to 89.99	3	1.5	3	\geq 85 to 89.99	3	1.5
4	\geq 80 to 84.99	2	1	4	\geq 80 to 84.99	2	1
5	\geq 75 to 79.99	1	0.5	5	\geq 75 to 79.99	0	0
6	Less than 75	0	0	6	Less than 75	0	0

- 1.3.2. Practical exams must be completed before the commencement of semester end exams. The students failing in practical exams shall not be allowed to appear in theory exams of concerned paper. However, in programs of specific nature, the students failing in field work/project viva/internship/teaching practice have to repeat the whole semester.
- 1.3.3. In every semester, there shall be at least two class tests each of one hour duration. The average of two class tests or average of best two, if more than two tests as per the policy of department concerned, shall be considered for the evaluation as part of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) in addition to assignments/Quiz/Slip Test/seminar and Attendance.
- 1.4. In case, a student fail to appear in any of the class tests due to Medical emergency requiring hospitalization or attendance at NCC camps / Inter-Collegiate / Inter-University/ Inter-State / International Matches / Debates or such other inter University activities as approved by the University authorities, the student shall be allowed to take only one make up class test in those subjects as per convenience of the respective Department / College / Teacher concerned. The makeup test shall be counted as only one of the tests for the evaluation of CIE. This facility is extended to only those students who personally or through parents inform the HoD/Principal on the day of hospitalization and submit the Medical Certificate within two weeks of said illness or have prior approval for participation in above events and submit the certificate of participation for the same.
- 1.5. **Semester End Examination (SEE):** It shall be conducted at the Department/School level and cover the entire Course Syllabi. In order to have holistic assessment of students in SEE, MANUU has developed Model Question Paper for all programs of study. Model Question Paper is structured into three parts to ensure whole syllabus coverage and examine the factual, descriptive and analytical understanding of students for each course of study. Vide the 25th Meeting of Academic Council (Item: 25.2.07) Model Question Paper for all programs of study offered under regular mode was approved.
- 1.5.1. At the end of the Semester, the University Examination shall be held as prescribed in the respective schemes of examination i.e. Date Sheet/Time Table.
- 1.5.2. The University shall conduct odd and even semester examinations as per the Academic Calendar. The students appearing for backlog/improvement shall have to appear in the concerned odd/even semester examinations. There shall be no supplementary examinations.
- 1.5.3. Only as an exception the student in the final semester of any program shall get a chance to register for the backlog papers of immediately preceding odd semester. For example in a two years program, the students of semester IV shall be given a chance to clear the backlog papers of semester III along with the Semester IV examinations.
- 1.5.4. A student shall be deemed to have fully passed the semester end examinations of any semester, if he / she secures not less than the minimum marks as prescribed below.

Qualifying Marks for Sen Examinations	nester End	Qualifying Marks for Continuous Internal Evaluation			
Each Semester	Minimum Marks	Each Semester	Minimum Marks		
Each Theory Subject	40%	Each Theory Subject	40%		
Each Practical Subject	50%	Each Practical Subject	50%		

1.5.5. If a student fails to secure the minimum marks in any subjects/course/paper of odd and even semester examinations then he shall appear only in the failed subjects/courses (backlog courses/papers) in the concerned odd/even semester.

2. ATTENDANCE

- 2.1. In order to appear in SSE, the student must have passed in all CIE /practical/viva-voce as case may be and fulfill minimum consolidated attendance norm of 75%. The attendance norms shall be further subject to additional requirements of professional and technical programs. For example in teacher education programs, the minimum consolidated attendance requirement is that of 80%.
- 2.1.1. Further in the case of teaching practice/field work in teacher education (like B Ed and M Ed) and Master of Social Work programs respectively the students must also fulfill the minimum attendance requirement of 90%. The students failing to secure the minimum attendance in practical work of these programs shall not be allowed to appear for the semester end exams and they shall be required to repeat the semester.
- 2.1.2. A relaxation of not more than 10% of the attendance shall be extended on valid medical ground on the production of medical certificate subject to acceptance by HoD/Principal and approval by Dean of school concerned. Further only those medical certificates shall be considered for which HoD was informed during the illness or those that are subjected within two weeks of the said illness. A student deputed by the University to take part in any co-curricular or extra-curricular or sports or like may be given an additional concession of not more than 5% of attendance.
- 2.1.3. A student in the Semester I of any program if detained due to shortage of attendance shall be allowed to register as re-admitted candidate in the next year of the same semester provided she/he has secured a minimum of 40% attendance.
- 2.1.4. Semester I students securing less than 40% attendance in the semester shall be detained and the candidate's admission stands cancelled. If they are interested to pursue the program they have to apply afresh as new/fresh candidate and compete in the admission process (merit/entrance test) as per the notification.

3. RULES FOR PROMOTION

- 3.1. The promotion from odd semester to even semester shall be automatic except for those detained due to shortage of attendance.
- 3.2. The student shall be permitted to move from even semester to odd semester i.e. to the next year, if he/she maintains a minimum CGPA of 5.0 at the end of the even semesters in case of CBCS based programs or where in CBCS is applicable or must have passed at least 50% of the total courses/papers at the end of the even semesters in case of non CBCS programs. Otherwise, the student shall remain in the same year as Ex-students till he/she maintains the minimum required CGPA of 5.0 or clears the required number of courses/papers.

No.	Promotion	Condition to be Fulfilled for Promotion
1.	Between odd and even Semesters of a Year	 a) Regular course of study of a specified semester in a year having put 75% of Attendance (80% in teacher education programs) and Registered for Semester End Examination and paid the exam fee. In case of teacher education and Master of Social Work programs, the students failing in teaching practice/field work have to repeat the whole semester.
2.	Between the Years	 a) Regular course of study of a specified semester in a year having put 75% of Attendance (80% in teacher education program) and Registered for Semester End Examination and paid the exam fee. b) Should have the CGPA of 5.0 at the end of the even semesters in case of CBCS programs. c) Should have passed at least 50% of the total courses/papers at the end of the even semesters in case of non CBCS programs.

- 3.3. A student who has been detained due to shortage of attendance shall not be allowed to be promoted to the next semester and he/she shall be required to re-register as a Regular student and repeat all courses of the said semester with the next batch of students.
- 3.4. A student in the Semester I of any program who is detained due to shortage of attendance shall be allowed to register as re-admitted candidate in the next year of the same semester provided she/he secure a minimum of 40% attendance.
- 3.5. The Semester I students with less than 40% attendance in the semester shall be detained and the candidate's admission stands cancelled. If they are interested to pursue the program, they have to apply afresh as new/fresh candidate and compete in the admission process as per the notification.
- 3.6. A student who fails in theory or practical examination of a course shall have to re-appear both in theory and practical exam of the same course.
- 3.7. A student who fails in CIE/internal assessment of a paper/course shall not be permitted to appear in the semester end examination of the said course/paper. She/he has to appear and pass both the internal assessment and semester end exam of that course in the following odd/even semester as offered.
- 3.8. A student who could not appear in exams with prior notice after registering for regular examinations on payment of examination fee may be permitted to re-register for the next concerned semester examination without fee.
- 3.9. **Program Span (PS):** The program's maximum time for completion shall be additional two (2) years (4 semesters) irrespective of the duration of the program of study. For any particular course/paper there shall not be more than two additional attempts at examinations for passing the course failing which the student has to quit the program.

3.10. Each student is required to be successful in all the mandatory courses as may be prescribed to qualify for the Degree and also earn required minimum credits for non CGPA courses/passing marks in the such courses.

4. IMPROVEMENT EXAM

- 4.1. A Student who wishes to improve his/her grade/division may do so within one academic year immediately after having passed all the examinations of the program, by reappearing in subjects/courses pertaining to the respective semester. Further the students may also be allowed to improve their marks in specific course in a semester and permitted only once for respective course. The improvement shall be allowed in not more than 40% courses/papers of each semester.
- 4.2. A student can also appear for the improvement in courses of the preceding odd/even semesters during the course of study provided she/he has no backlogs. The improvement shall be allowed in not more than 40% courses/papers of each semester.
- 4.3. In case of improvement, the student shall have the benefit of the higher of the two aggregates of marks secured in the specific course. Further the award of Grade / Division rests with the corresponding semester among the better of two performances, provided the student passed the improvement examination fully in all the courses of respective semester. However he/she shall be awarded only up to a maximum of 'A+' Grade as per his/her performance and with respect to his/her earlier Grade/Division. An 'Outstanding' Grade /Distinction cannot be awarded to individuals in an improvement exam.
- 4.4. This facility of improvement shall be open to all those who passed in respective courses to determine the better grade and shall not be for the purpose of award of Distinction, Gold Medal or Prizes or Rank etc.
- 4.5. Application for improvement examination shall be made by the student concerned to the Controller of Examinations in the prescribed form along with the prescribed exam fee as and when notified and as prescribed.

5. TRANSITORY RULES

- 5.1. Whenever the syllabus/scheme of instruction is changed in a particular semester, two more examinations immediately following thereafter shall be conducted according to the old syllabus / regulations. Students not appearing in the examinations or failing in them shall take the examination subsequently according to the changed syllabus/regulations.
- 5.2. By any reason if a student admitted into the course under old scheme of instructions/ regulations is promoted /readmitted after the implementation of revised version shall be permitted to join the corresponding semester in the revised scheme of instructions / regulations.

6	GRADE	'/DIVI	SION A	SSIGNN	/FNT	TABLE
v.	GIVADE	// L/		TELLICON		IADLE

Letter	Merit Remark	Grade Point	Range of Marks	SGPA	Division
Grade			(%)	(CBCS Programs)	(Non CBCS Programs)
					First Division
О	Outstanding	10	90.00 - 100.00	9.00 - 10.00	with
A+	Excellent	9	75.00 – 89.99	7.50 – 8.99	Distinction
A	Very Good	8	60.00 – 74.99	6.00 - 7.49	First Division
B+	Good	7	55.00 – 59.99	5.50 – 5.99	Second Division
В	Above Average	6	50.00 - 54.99	5.00 - 5.49	
C	Average	5	45.00 – 49.99	4.50 – 4.99	Pass
P	Pass	4	40.00 – 44.99	4.00 -4.49	
F	Fail	0	Below 40	< 4.00	Fail
Ab	Absent	0	-	0	
F	Fail	0	Below 40	< 4.00	Fail

Conversion formula: Percentage of Marks = $(CGPA) \times 10$

7. ACADEMIC COORDINATOR

- 7.1. Every department of studies must designate a faculty member as Academic Coordinator on rotation basis who shall coordinate the offering of courses and guide the students in making choice based credit system interesting and appealing to them.
- 7.2. Academic Coordinators shall ensure to be readily available for the counseling of students.
- 7.3. Academic Coordinator shall guide the students of their department in choosing the courses from their department and also from other departments and for registering for the courses.
- 7.4. Academic Coordinator shall guide the students coming from other departments for opting say generic courses or like.
- 7.5. Academic Coordinator shall coordinate all the works related to attendance, course work, examination and evaluation. The students shall be informed about the Academic Coordinator so that they may contact him/her regarding any problem in the selection of courses or like.
- 7.6. Academic Coordinator shall ensure that attendance should be displayed to the students every month.
- 7.7. Academic Coordinator shall ensure that the consolidated continuous internal evaluation (CIE)/practical marks should be displayed to the students before the beginning of the semester end examinations.
- 7.8. Courses shall be offered by the department concerned as per the schedule given in the relevant curriculum. More choices in elective courses shall be offered depending on the availability of the staff and other facilities and therefore any particular elective course may not be offered even though it may exist in the list of possible elective courses.

- 7.9. All Heads of the Department of Studies shall ensure necessary support and facilitate the Academic Coordinators for better results.
- 7.10. Dean, Academics shall facilitate for any clarification and decision pertaining to CBCS courses and matters therewith.

8. STUDENT REGISTRATION

- 8.1. In case of newly admitted students, all students are required to register for the courses within the first week of the start of academic session.
- 8.2. The students of the consecutive semesters are required to register for the next semester towards the end of continuing semester.
- 8.3. A student who has been detained due to shortage of attendance shall be required to reregister as a Regular student and repeat all courses of the said semester with the next batch of students. Registration to be done within two weeks of the commencement of classes or as notified.
- 8.4. All students are required to register and change courses, if so, only during the prescribed notification period of registration. After the due date no further request for change of courses shall be entertained.
- 8.5. All the Students are advised to consult the Academic Coordinator of their parent department of studies and also of the offering departments for better selection of suitable courses.
- 8.6. Academic Coordinators of the concerned departments shall be the moderator for finalizing the offering of the elective courses in consultation with their HoDs.

${\bf Examination \ Regulations \ under \ Choice \ Based \ Credit \ System}$

(Effective from Academic Year 2016 – 17)

[Duly Approved: Item 26.2.10 of 26th Meeting of Academic Council]

DEFINITION OF KEY CONCEPTS

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EXAMINATION REGULATIONS UNDER CBCS

(Effective from Academic Year 2016 – 17)

The Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) aims to facilitate student mobility, provide wider choice in subjects and promote quality education through innovation and improvements in curriculum, teaching-learning process, and also in examination and evaluation systems. The performance of each student enrolled in a program shall be assessed in each course at the end of each semester and awarded a cumulative grade at the end of the program. The Maulana Azad National Urdu University (MANUU) has adopted CBCS for regular mode undergraduate and post graduate programs.

These regulations are for regular mode under graduate and post graduate programs of MANUU and are effective from academic session 2016-17. The CBCS structure, credit system and regulations adopted in MANUU are based on *UGC Guidelines on Adoption of Choice Based Credit System; UGC Template of Syllabi for UG Courses under CBCS* as also the nomenclatures, terminologies and guidelines of statutory bodies like All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE) and National Council for Teacher Education (NCTE) for the courses governed by the respective statutory bodies.

1. DEFINITION OF KEY CONCEPTS

- 1.1. **Academic Year:** The duration of two consecutive (one odd and one even) semesters constitute one academic year.
- 1.2. **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS):** The CBCS provides choice for students to select from the prescribed courses (core courses, discipline specific electives, generic elective, ability enhancement compulsory courses, skill enhancement courses, mandatory non-CGPA courses etc). The 25th Meeting of Academic Council dated 10th November 2016 has approved the unique CBCS course codes and CBCS template structure for regular mode under graduate (UG) and post graduate (PG) programs of MANUU viz.

Item 25.2.06: Provision of Unique and Uniform Roll No.'s, Program Codes and Course Codes from academic year 2016-17 offered by Departments/Schools

Item 25.4.09: CBCS Template for UG Programs

Item 25.4.10: CBCS Template for PG Programs

- 1.3. **Program:** An educational program leading to award of a degree, diploma or certificate.
- 1.4. **Course:** Usually referred to, as 'paper' is a component of a program. All courses need not carry the same weight. However, the courses of same nature would have uniform credit pattern for wider choice and mobility of students in opting the courses. Each course should define learning objectives and learning outcomes. A course may be designed to comprise lectures, tutorials, laboratory work, field work, outreach activities, project work, vocational training, viva, seminars, term papers, assignments, presentations, self-study etc. or a combination of some of these.
- 1.5. **Credit Based Semester System (CBSS):** Under the CBSS, the requirement for award of degree or diploma or certificate is prescribed in terms of number of credits to be completed by each student.
- 1.6. **L-T-P:** The prescribed hours/week during a semester for Lecture-Tutorial-Practical (L-T-P) to a particular course.

Theory classes shall have a compulsory component of lectures and tutorials. The faculty members are to use a variety of pedagogical tools ranging from conventional lecture mode to more participatory and demonstration techniques.

Practical work refers to lab work, project work, field/industry visit, teaching practice, internship, field practicum (concurrent field work, individual conference, group conference, seminar presentation and skill lab), media lab, block placement and like discipline specific components.

- 1.7. **Credit(C):** A unit by which the course work is measured. It determines the number of hours of instructions required per week. One credit is equivalent to one hour of teaching (lecture or tutorial) or two hours of practical work/field work per week. For example a course with assigned weekly L-T-P: 3-0-2 or 3-1-0 shall be equivalent to 4 credits.
 - A 6 credits theory course requires a minimum duration of 90 hours of teaching in a semester (1credit/hour*6hours/week*15 weeks).
 - A 4 credits theory course requires a minimum duration of 60 hours of teaching in a semester (1credit/hour*4hours/week*15 weeks).
 - A 2 credits theory course requires a minimum duration of 30 hours of teaching in a semester (1credit/1hour*2hours/week*15 weeks).
 - A 2 credits practical course requires a minimum duration of 60 hours of practical work in a semester (1credit/2hours*2hours/week*15 weeks).
- 1.8. **Letter Grade:** It is an index of the performance of students in a said course. Grades are denoted by letters O, A+, A, B+, B, C, P and F. The Letter Grades, Grade Points and scale of UGC are adopted in MANUU. Grading is done using Letter Grades as qualitative measure of achievement in each Course like: O (Outstanding), A+ (Excellent), A (Very Good), B+ (Good), B (Above Average), C (Average), P (Pass), F (Fail) and Ab (Absent), based on the percentage (%) of marks scored in (CIE+SEE) of the Course and conversion to Grade.
- 1.9. **Grade Point (GP):** It is a numerical weight allotted to each letter grade on a 10-point UGC scale viz
 - O=10, A+=09, A=08, B+=07, B=06, C=05, P=04, F=00 & Ab=00.
- 1.10. **Credit Point (CP):** The numerical value obtained by multiplying the grade point (GP) by the no. of credit(C) of the respective course i.e. CP= GP X C.
- 1.11. **Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):** It is a measure of overall cumulative performance of a student over all semesters. The CGPA is the ratio of total credit points secured by a student in various courses in all semesters and the sum of the total credits of all courses in all the semesters. It is expressed up to two decimal places.
- 1.12. **Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA):** It is a measure of performance of work done in a semester. It is ratio of total credit points (CPs) secured by a student in various courses registered in a semester and the total course credits taken during that semester. It shall be expressed up to two decimal places.
- 1.13. **Semester:** Each semester shall consist of 15-18 weeks of academic work equivalent to 90/100 actual teaching days. The odd semester may be scheduled from July to December and even semester from January to June.
- 1.14. **Transcript:** Based on the grades earned, a transcript shall be issued to all the registered students after every semester. The transcript shall display the course details (code, title, no. of credits, grades secured) along with SGPA of that semester and CGPA earned till that semester at the end of each academic year. The students shall be issued transcript for each semester and a consolidated transcript indicating the performance in all the semesters at the completion of the program.
- 1.15. **Relative Grading:** The relative grading is based on the distribution (usually normal distribution) of marks obtained by all the students of the course and the grades are awarded based on a cut-off marks or percentile.
- 1.16. **Absolute Grading:** Under the absolute grading, the marks are converted to grades based on pre-determined class intervals. MANUU adopts absolute grading method.
- 1.17. **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)** and **Semester End Examinations (SEE)** are two key assessment methods. For all theory courses/papers, the ratio of CIE & SEE is 30:70. Thus a course of 100 Marks shall have 30CIE + 70SEE and of 50 Marks shall have 15CIE + 35SEE.
- 1.18. **Program Span (PS):** The program's maximum time for completion shall be additional two (2) years (4 semesters) irrespective of the duration of the program of study. For any particular

course/paper there shall not be more than two additional attempts for examinations for passing the course failing which the student has to quit the program.

2. EXAMINATION

- 2.1. The examinations conducted at various stages in the form of continuous internal evaluation (CIE) and semester end examinations (SEE) in a semester shall facilitate in assessing the performance of students in terms of knowledge, skills and aptitude. The CIE is an internal assessment mechanism and shall ensure continuous learning, assessment and timely feedback to students by the course teacher, and if needed by academic advisor and Head of the Department. SEE shall be scheduled after the last working day of the semester as per the academic calendar.
- 2.2. The University conducts regular odd/even semester examinations for the students undergoing regular course of study and who fulfill the eligibility conditions for appearing in examinations.
- 2.3. The assessment of the theoretical component towards the end of the semester shall be undertaken by examiners from the University or outside the University, who shall be appointed by the competent authority.
- 2.4. The question papers shall be set by the duly approved internal and external examiners. In case of at least 50% of core courses offered in different programs across the disciplines, the assessment of theoretical component, both question paper setting and evaluation towards end of the semester, should be undertaken by external examiners from outside the University or as approved by the Competent Authority.
- 2.5. In case of the assessment of practical component of such core courses, the team of examiners should be constituted on 50 50 % basis. i.e. half of the examiners in the team should be invited from outside the University for conducting practical examination.
 - The Para 2.3 to Para 2.5 shall be executed through a duly approved process (confidential).
- 2.6. **Course Assessment:** It consists of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Examination (SEE) as the major evaluations prescribed for each Course.
- 2.6.1. The CIE and SEE to carry 30% and 70% weightage for each Course e.g. 100 marks (30+70) or 50 Marks (15+35) or like irrespective of its Credits. The absence from these evaluations or seminar presentations or late submissions of assignments or attendance, shall result in loss of marks.
- 2.6.2. Some courses of specific nature shall be based only on CIE.
- 2.6.3. In UG programs ideally the core/discipline specific/generic courses are 6 credit courses each of 100 marks and ability/skill/non CGPA courses are 2 credit courses each of 50 marks.
- 2.6.4. In PG programs ideally the 2 credit courses (ability/skill/non CGPA courses) are of 50 marks; 4 credit courses (core/discipline specific/generic) are of 100 marks and 6 credit courses (Project/Dissertation) shall have 150 marks or like.
- 2.6.5. The Dissertation Evaluation also follows Grade System of Evaluation based on the marks awarded at different stages of formative assessment and evaluation procedures (internal/external or both) as approved / stipulated by the specific departments for the individual / group performance during the course of final year study as a part of partial fulfillment for award of specific degree.
- 2.7. **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):** To be normally conducted by the course teacher and include midterm/weekly/ fortnightly class tests, assignments, problem solving, group discussion, quiz, mini-project and seminar throughout the Semester, with weightage for the different components being fixed for UG/PG programs and nature of the course.

At the end of CIE the course teacher also needs to discuss CIE performance with students. The course teacher shall submit the CIE Award Lists of all students for the concerned courses to HoD/Principal. All course teachers must submit the Award List latest by the last day of teaching instructions. HoD/Principal shall present the Consolidated Award Lists of all courses to the Departmental Moderation Committee as prescribed by Exam Branch. The moderated Award Lists of all courses shall be displayed on the Notice Boards of the concerned department before

the commencement of semester end examinations. The HoD shall ensure that the duly moderated and signed consolidated award lists of CIE should reach exam branch before the commencement of semester end examinations. Both the hard and soft copies are required as per the format prescribed by exam branch.

Only those students maintaining a minimum standard in CIE (passing marks) are permitted to appear in SEE of the Course. Thus a student failing in the CIE/internal assessment and practical of any course/paper shall not be allowed to appear in SEE/semester end examinations of that course/paper and she/he has to repeat both CIE/practical & SEE in the concerned odd/even semester.

2.8. The Head/ Principal of the Department / College shall maintain in their office a complete record of the scores obtained by the students in the CIE and shall submit the hard and soft copies of the data in prescribed format to exam branch before the commencement of semester end examinations.

2.9. The Award of Continuous Internal Evaluation i.e. internal assessment marks in each semester shall be as follows:

Theory		Practical		MOOCs		Co & Extra Curricular		
Class Test	15	7.5	Practical Test	10	Assignment	25	Activity Report	25
Assignments /Quiz/Seminar	10	5	Comp. Evaluation	15	Presentation /Seminar	20	Presentation /Seminar	20
Attendance	5	2.5	Attendance	5	Attendance	5	Attendance	5
Total (CIE)	30	15	Total (CIE)	30	Total (CIE)	50	Total (CIE)	50

2.9.1. The marks division for attendance as a component of CIE for all programs:

All Programs under CBCS except teacher education			Teacher education programs under CBCS				
S. No.	% Attendance	MM=5 [CIE=30]	MM=2.5 [CIE=15]	S. No.	% Attendance	MM=5 [CIE=30]	MM=2.5 [CIE=15]
1	≥ 95	5	2.5	1	≥ 95	5	2.5
2	\geq 90 to 94.99	4	2	2	\geq 90 to 94.99	4	2
3	\geq 85 to 89.99	3	1.5	3	\geq 85 to 89.99	3	1.5
4	\geq 80 to 84.99	2	1	4	\geq 80 to 84.99	2	1
5	\geq 75 to 79.99	1	0.5	5	\geq 75 to 79.99	0	0
6	Less than 75	0	0	6	Less than 75	0	0

- 2.9.2. This is an indicative illustration and has to be adjusted in term internal marks of concerned course. For example the course with CIE of 30 marks (SEE-70) and course with CIE of 15 marks (SEE-35).
- 2.9.3. Practical exams must be completed before the commencement of semester end exams. The students failing in practical exams shall not be allowed to appear in theory exams of concerned paper. However, in programs of specific nature the students failing in field work/project viva/internship/teaching practice have to repeat the whole semester.
- 2.9.4. The Award Lists of CIE and Practical exams must be submitted to exam branch before the commencement of semester end exams.
- 2.10. In every semester, there shall be at least two class tests each of one hour duration. The average of two class tests or average of best two, if more than two tests as per the policy of

- department concerned, shall be considered for the evaluation as part of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) in addition to assignments/Quiz/Slip Test/seminar and Attendance. However the MOOC's and Co & Extra Curricular Activities in any of the semesters are evaluated only on the basis of CIE and the students shall have to score minimum number of Credits and Grade though it is not a part of CGPA computation.
- 2.11. In case, a student fail to appear in any of the class tests due to Medical emergency requiring hospitalization or attendance at NCC camps / Inter-Collegiate / Inter-University/ Inter-State / International Matches / Debates or such other inter University activities as approved by the University authorities, the student shall be allowed to take only one make up class test in those subjects as per convenience of the respective Department / College / Teacher concerned. The makeup test shall be counted as only one of the tests for the evaluation of CIE. This facility is extended to only those students who personally or through parents inform the HoD/Principal on the day of hospitalization and submit the Medical Certificate within two weeks of said illness or have prior approval for participation in above events and submit the certificate of participation for the same.
- 2.12. Semester End Examination (SEE): It shall be conducted at the Department/School level and cover the entire Course Syllabi. For this purpose, Syllabi should correspond to credit hour requirements. The questions to be comprehensive emphasizing analysis, synthesis, problem solving and numerical analysis in accordance with the prescribed syllabi. In order to have holistic assessment of students in SEE, MANUU has developed Model Question Paper for all programs of study. Model Question Paper is structured into three parts to ensure whole syllabus coverage and examine the factual, descriptive and analytical understanding of students for each course of study. Vide the 25th Meeting of Academic Council (Item: 25.2.07) Model Question Paper for all programs of study offered under regular mode was approved.
- 2.12.1. At the end of the Semester, the University Examination shall be held as prescribed in the respective schemes of examination i.e. Date Sheet/Time Table.
- 2.12.2. The University shall conduct odd and even semester examinations as per the Academic Calendar. The students appearing for backlog/improvement shall have to appear in the concerned odd/even semester examinations. There shall be no supplementary examinations.
- 2.12.3. Only as an exception the student in the final semester of any program shall get a chance to register for the backlog papers of immediately preceding odd semester. For example in a two years program, the students of semester IV shall be given a chance to clear the backlog papers of semester III along with the Semester IV examinations.
- 2.12.4. All the General Rules for Examination of MANUU shall be adhered to.
- 2.12.5. A student shall be deemed to have fully passed the semester end examinations of any semester, if he / she secures not less than the minimum marks as prescribed below.

Qualifying Marks for Seme		Qualifying Marks for Continuous Internal Evaluation			
Each Semester	Minimum Marks	Each Semester	Minimum Marks		
Each Theory Subject	40%	Each Theory Subject	40%		
Each Practical Subject	50%	Each Practical Subject	50%		

- 2.12.6. If a student fails to secure the minimum marks in any subjects/course/paper of odd and even semester examinations then he shall appear only in the failed subjects/courses (backlog courses/papers) in the concerned odd/even semester.
- 2.13. There shall be Mandatory Non-CGPA Courses in which credits are to be acquired as part of degree requirements and shall be awarded grades but shall not be part of either SGPA or CGPA.
- 2.14. The proposed system discards the conventional emphasis on a single final examination and numerical marks as the absolute indication of the quality of student's performance.

- 2.15. **Attendance:** In order to appear in SSE, the student must have passed in all CIE /practical/viva-voce as case may be and fulfill minimum consolidated attendance norm of 75%. The attendance norms shall be further subject to additional requirements of professional and technical programs. For example in teacher education programs the minimum consolidated attendance requirement is that of 80%.
- 2.15.1. Further in the case of teaching practice/field work in teacher education (like B Ed and M Ed) and Master of Social Work programs respectively the students must also fulfill the minimum attendance requirement of 90%. The students failing to secure the minimum attendance in practical work of these programs shall not be allowed to appear for the semester end exams and they shall be required to repeat the semester.
- 2.15.2. A relaxation of not more than 10% of the attendance shall be extended on valid medical ground on the production of medical certificate subject to acceptance by HoD/Principal and approval by Dean of school concerned. Further only those medical certificates shall be considered for which HoD was informed during the illness or those that are subjected within two weeks of the said illness. A student deputed by the University to take part in any co-curricular or extra-curricular or sports or like may be given an additional concession of not more than 5% of attendance.
- 2.15.3. A student in the Semester I of any program if detained due to shortage of attendance shall be allowed to register as re-admitted candidate in the next year of the same semester provided she/he has secured a minimum of 40% attendance.
- 2.15.4. Semester I students securing less than 40% attendance in the semester shall be detained and the candidate's admission stands cancelled. If they are interested to pursue the program they have to apply afresh as new/fresh candidate and compete in the admission process (merit/entrance test) as per the notification.

3. EVALUATION

- 3.1. The UGC 10-point grading system is adopted for all UG and PG programs under CBCS in MANUU. The University adopts the absolute method of grading whereby marks are converted to grades based on pre-determined class intervals. The Table Below provides the details of Letter Grade, Grade Point, Pre-determined class intervals (Range of Marks %); SGPA range and the conventional equivalent in terms of divisions. All calculations of SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to two decimal places. In conventional equivalent, the First Division with Distinction is applicable only in case of single attempt else it shall be treated as Fist Division.
- 3.2. **Grade Assignment Table:** Table illustrating the details and pattern of grading and calculation of SGPA/CGPA. This Table shall be printed at the back of Consolidated Transcript.

Merit Remark	Grade Point	Range of Marks (%)	SGPA	Conventional Equivalent
Outstanding	10	90.00 - 100.00	9.00 - 10.00	First Division with
Excellent	9	75.00 – 89.99	7.50 - 8.99	Distinction
Very Good	8	60.00 – 74.99	6.00 - 7.49	First Division
Good	7	55.00 – 59.99	5.50 – 5.99	Second Division
Above Average	6	50.00 – 54.99	5.00 - 5.49	
Average	5	45.00 – 49.99	4.50 – 4.99	Pass
Pass	4	40.00 – 44.99	4.00 -4.49	
Fail	0	Below 40	< 4.00	Fail
Absent	0	-	0	
	Outstanding Excellent Very Good Good Above Average Average Pass Fail Absent	Outstanding 10 Excellent 9 Very Good 8 Good 7 Above Average 6 Average 5 Pass 4 Fail 0 Absent 0	Outstanding 10 90.00 – 100.00 Excellent 9 75.00 – 89.99 Very Good 8 60.00 – 74.99 Good 7 55.00 – 59.99 Above Average 6 50.00 – 54.99 Average 5 45.00 – 49.99 Pass 4 40.00 – 44.99 Fail 0 Below 40 Absent 0 -	Outstanding 10 90.00 - 100.00 9.00 - 10.00 Excellent 9 75.00 - 89.99 7.50 - 8.99 Very Good 8 60.00 - 74.99 6.00 - 7.49 Good 7 55.00 - 59.99 5.50 - 5.99 Above Average 6 50.00 - 54.99 5.00 - 5.49 Average 5 45.00 - 49.99 4.50 - 4.99 Pass 4 40.00 - 44.99 4.00 - 4.49 Fail 0 Below 40 < 4.00

Conversion formula: Percentage of Marks = $(CGPA) \times 10$

3.3. **Transcript:** Based on the grades earned, a grade certificate shall be issued to all the registered students after every semester. The grade certificate shall display the course details (code, title, no. of credits, grades secured) along with SGPA of that semester and CGPA earned till that semester. The students shall be issued transcript for each semester and a consolidated transcript indicating the performance in all the semesters

The consolidated report does not reflect the actual percentage of marks scored by the student in a specific examination due to unequal credit values of the papers or the Grade / Grade Points which are assigned for a range marks secured in each paper / course based on ten point scale. However, to get percentage of marks, multiply the CGPA with 10.

Percentage of Marks = $(CGPA) \times 10$

- 3.4. The unique methods of evaluation have been evolved to take account of participation of student in co and extra-curricular activities based on certain traits which do not surface in classroom education like interdisciplinary approach, professional judgment, rational thinking, decision making, initiative, leadership, sense of responsibility etc.
- 3.5. The performance and participation of the students in University's prestigious events/functions and outreach programs outside Department/Institution shall be awarded marks as devised in the respective programs of relevance treating them under Non-CGPA credits. The award of grades based on the performance of the student winners of various events like Open, State and National level Competitions and students who represent the University in the inter-university, zonal, State or National Teams shall also be considered under Co and Extra-curricular activities under Non-CGPA credit courses.
- 3.6. The evaluation of Co and Extra-curricular activities normally adhere to the non-standardized assessment tools, which may be depicted as follows:
 - 3.6.1. **Co-curricular Activities:** The Co-curricular Activities include debates / seminars / symposia / conferences / workshops / industrial visits / field work / extension lectures organized by the Department / School / Institution.
 - a) The award of credits for Seminars / Symposia / Conferences / Workshops enables active participation of students to enrich the knowledge in specified areas of subject.
 - b) The Assignment evaluation is normally based on student-centered learning exercises among the enlisted / identified topics given during a course at pre-determined intervals and according to defined criteria in fulfillment of assessment requirements.
 - c) Assessing the experiential learning acquired through extension activities

	Evaluation Pattern for Co-curricular Activities						
S. No.	Seminars/Symposia/ Conference/Workshops	Assignment	Industrial / Field Visits / Tours	Max. Marks			
1.	Background Note	Time Schedule	Tour Diary	10			
2	Presentation Oral/Poster	Methodical Approach	Behavior & Attendance	10			
3.	Written Report	Written Report	Written Report	20			
4.	Sharing Experience	Presentation	Sharing of Experience	10			
	TOTAL						

3.6.2. **Extra-curricular Activities:** The students shall earn marks for all relevant activities, which include Sports and Games, NCC, NSS etc. Every student is expected to participate in the program for a minimum of 120 hours in a semester to become eligible for the credit. Every time the student

participates / completes a task, the same is entered in the attendance register meant for the purpose and to be certified by the concerned Head and the Academic Coordinator, at the end of the semester, the student shall be awarded marks for participation as devised for the respective program. The Winners of University/State/National Events shall be awarded additional credit weightage with relevant grades for Gold Medal (Outstanding – 'O'), Silver Medal (Excellent - 'A+') and Bronze Medal (Very Good - 'A') under Non-CGPA credit courses.

	Evaluation Pattern for Participation						
S. No.	Particulars	Max. Marks					
1.	Attendance & Routine Activities	10					
2.	Participation in Tournaments/Camps	10					
3.	3. Brief Report						
4.	Sharing of Views at Department	10					
	50						

4. RULES FOR PROMOTION

- 4.1. The promotion from odd semester to even semester shall be automatic except for those detained due to shortage of attendance.
- 4.2. The student shall be permitted to move from even semester to odd semester i.e. to the next year, if he/she maintains a minimum CGPA of 5.0 at the end of the even semesters. Otherwise, the student shall remain in the same year as Ex-students till he/she maintains the minimum required CGPA of 5.0.

No.	Promotion	Condition to be Fulfilled for Promotion
1.	Between odd and even Semesters of a Year	 a) Regular course of study of a specified semester in a year having put 75% of Attendance (80% in teacher education programs) and Registered for Semester End Examination and paid the exam fee. In case of teacher education and Master of Social Work programs, the students failing in teaching practice/field work have to repeat the whole semester.
2.	Between the Years	 a) Regular course of study of a specified semester in a year having put 75% of Attendance (80% in teacher education program) and Registered for Semester End Examination and paid the exam fee. b) Should have the CGPA of 5.0 at the end of the even semesters.

- 4.3. No student shall be declared as completing the program of study without securing the minimum number of credits in the Mandatory Non CGPA courses.
- 4.4. A student shall have to re-appear in the semester end examinations of the courses having Fail grade or Absent (as per Grade Assignment Table), as and when the same course is offered during Regular Course of Study in the concerned odd/even semester. Such students shall retain their CIE marks.
- 4.5. A student who has been detained due to shortage of attendance shall not be allowed to be promoted to the next semester and he/she shall be required to re-register as a Regular student and repeat all courses of the said semester with the next batch of students.

- 4.6. A student in the Semester I of any program who is detained due to shortage of attendance shall be allowed to register as re-admitted candidate in the next year of the same semester provided she/he secures a minimum of 40% attendance.
- 4.7. The Semester I students with less than 40% attendance in the semester shall be detained and the candidate's admission stands cancelled. If they are interested to pursue the program, they have to apply afresh as new/fresh candidate and compete in the admission process as per the notification.
- 4.8. A student who fails in theory or practical examination of a course shall have to re-appear both in theory and practical exam of the same course.
- 4.9. A student who fails in CIE/internal assessment of a paper/course shall not be permitted to appear in the semester end examination of the said course/paper. She/he has to appear and pass both the internal assessment and semester end exam of that course in the following odd/even semester as offered.
- 4.10. A student who could not appear in exams with prior notice after registering for regular examinations on payment of examination fee may be permitted to re-register for the next concerned semester examination without fee.

5. AWARD OF GRADE

- 5.1. The UGC recommended system for awarding the grades and CGPA under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) has been adopted.
- 5.2. All assessments of a course shall be done on operative marks basis and conversion of these marks to letter grades based on absolute grading system. However, for the purpose of reporting the performance of a student, these letter grades each carrying certain points shall be awarded as per the range of total marks obtained by the student as grade point as per Grade Assignment Table (See 3.2).
- 5.3. Credit Points are derived for all papers / courses based on the product of credits allocated and grade points secured for each paper / course after evaluation.
- 5.4. At the end of a semester, based on the evaluation report, a student shall be awarded a letter grade in each course.
- 5.5. Passing of a course/paper shall be decided on the combined result of a Course/Paper i.e. on the combined result of CIE and SEE which means securing 40% each in CIE & SEE in case of theory and 50% each in CIE & SEE in case of practical.
- 5.6. Performance Measure Standards: Both SGPA & CGPA serving as useful performance measures in the Semester System.
- 5.6.1. The student shall be declared successful at the Semester-end only when getting SGPA >=4.00.
- 5.6.2. At the end of each year the student shall be declared successful only when getting CGPA >=5.00.
- 5.6.3. At the end of program, student shall be declared successful only when getting CGPA >=5.00 and having F/Ab Grade in none of the required courses in any of the semester and fulfills the mandatory requirement of Non CGPA courses.
- 5.7. Program Span (PS): The program's maximum time for completion shall be additional two (2) years (4 semesters) irrespective of the duration of the program of study. For any particular course/paper there shall not be more than two additional attempts at examinations for passing the course failing which the student has to quit the program.
- 5.8. Credits Required for Degree Award: Number of Credits to be earned by a student for the concerned degree program. The widely accepted value is 20/Semester and hence required credits range from 120 credits for UG; 80 credits for PG course and 100 credits for professional technical courses of two years duration.

Also, each student is required to be successful in all the mandatory courses as may be prescribed to qualify for the Degree and also earn required minimum credits for non CGPA courses.

The details of various programs of MANUU are in the CBCS Templates for UG and PG Programs.

6. GUIDELINES FOR THE AWARD OF GRADES

- 6.1. Assessment is an integral part of system of education as it is instrumental in identifying and certifying the academic standards accomplished by a student and projecting them far and wide as an objective and impartial indicator of a student's performance. Thus, it becomes a bounded duty of a University to ensure that it is carried out in fair manner.
- 6.2. "A teacher is the best judge in awarding the grades". However, he/she has to be impartial, logical and maintain complete transparency while awarding grades.
- 6.3. The following are the general guidelines for the award of grades:
 - 6.3.1 All evaluations of different components of a course announced in the course plan shall be done in marks for each student.
 - 6.3.2 The marks of various components shall be added to get total marks secured for theory courses and laboratory courses.
 - 6.3.3. For any course, the statistical method (Table) shall be used for the award of grades with or without marginal adjustment for natural cut off.
 - 6.3.4. The teacher shall ensure the coverage of all the contents of a course taught during the semester. The semester end examinations question papers shall be within the prescribed syllabus. At the end of the semester, a teacher shall submit a complete course file having following documents.
 - a. Course Plan;
 - b. Attendance Record;
 - c. Tutorial Sheets/Assignment sheets;
 - d. Question Papers of Periodical Tests;
 - e. Quiz details; and
 - f. Complete Details of Marks
- 6.4. In case, a student repeats a particular course on account of failure in a particular subject / course along with his/her juniors, he/she shall be awarded only up to a maximum of 'A' Grade as per his/her performance and with respect to his/her earlier class. Such students shall not be considered for the award of rank/gold medal etc.
- 6.5. A student earning Grade F/Ab shall be considered failed and be required to reappear in the exam.

7. COMPUTATION OF SGPA AND CGPA

- 7.1. Adherence to the UGC recommendation for calculation of SGPA and CGPA
- 7.2. Grade Letter and Grade Points for each paper are allocated after evaluating 100% of all course components (All Papers of Theory and Practical including Co and Extra-curricular activities).
- 7.3. The SGPA is the ratio of sum of the product (credit point) of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undertaken by a student.
- 7.3.1. The SGPA is computed using the following formula i.e.

SGPA (Si) =
$$\Sigma$$
(Ci x Gi) / Σ Ci

Where Ci is the number of credits of the ith course and Gi is the grade point scored by the student in the ith course.

7.3.2. The CGPA is also calculated in the same manner taking into account all the courses undertaken by a student over all the semesters of a program i.e.

$$CGPA = \Sigma(Ci \times Si) / \Sigma Ci$$

Where Si is the SGPA of the i^{th} semester and Ci is the total number of credits in that semester.

- 7.3.3. The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal places and reported in the transcripts.
- 7.3.4. Illustration of SGPA and CGPA. The CGPA grade shall be awarded only after successfully passing all the courses required for the award of degree.

Illustration of SGPA

Course Code	Credit	Grade	Grade Point	Credit X GP	Credit Point
MAHS101CCT	2	A	8	2X8	16
MAHS102CCT	2	B+	7	2X7	14
MAHS103CCT	4	В	6	4X6	24
MAHS101CCT	4	О	10	4X10	40
PGSW301GET	4	С	5	4X5	20
PGEN101AET	2	A+	9	2X9	18
PGCS201SET	2	A	8	2X8	16
	20				148

SGPA = 148/20 = 7.40

Grade = A

Illustration of CGPA

	Semesters						
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	Grade Point
Credits	20	20 20 20 20 20 20					
SGPA	7.41	7.80	7.58	8.82	9.00	8.32	
CGPA 20X7.40 + 20X7.80 + 20X7.58 + 20X8.82 + 20X9.00 + 20X8.32						8.15	
	120						0.15
$\mathbf{GRADE} = \mathbf{A}^{+}$							

7.4. In case, a student fails/absents in any course or secures grade F or Ab, she/he shall be assigned zero in grade point and accordingly her/his credit points shall be calculated. In the calculation of SGPA total credits of the concerned semester shall remain same. However, SGPA/CGPA Grade shall be marked Nil.

Illustration of SGPA

Course Code	Credit	Grade	Grade Point	Credit X GP	Credit Point
MAHS101CCT	2	A	8	2X8	16
MAHS102CCT	2	B^+	7	2X7	14
MAHS103CCT	4	В	6	4X6	24

MAHS101CCT	4	О	10	4X10	40
PGSW301GET	4	C	5	4X5	20
PGEN101AET	2	A^{+}	9	2X9	18
PGCS201SET	2	F	0	2X0	0
	20				132
SGPA = 132/20 = 6.60 Grade = Nil					

8. TRANSCRIPT

- 8.1. Based on the above recommendations on Letter Grades, Grade Points and SGPA and CGPA, the University shall issue the transcript for each semester and a consolidated transcript indicating the performance in all semesters.
- 8.2. The Grade Assignment Table as reflected in item 3.2 may be placed behind the Consolidated Transcript in order to facilitate conversion to calculate the percentage of marks secured by the student in the program of study.

9. IMPROVEMENT EXAM

- 9.1. A Student who wishes to improve his/her grade/division may do so within one academic year immediately after having passed all the examinations of the program, by reappearing in subjects/courses pertaining to the respective semester. Further the students may also be allowed to improve their marks in specific course in a semester and permitted only once for respective course. The improvement shall be allowed in not more than 40% courses/papers of each semester.
- 9.2. A student can also appear for the improvement in courses of the preceding odd/even semesters during the course of study provided she/he has no backlogs. The improvement shall be allowed in not more than 40% courses/papers of each semester.
- 9.3. In case of improvement, the student shall have the benefit of the higher of the two aggregates of marks secured in the specific course. Further the award of Grade / Division rests with the corresponding semester among the better of two performances, provided the student passed the improvement examination fully in all the courses of respective semester. However he/she shall be awarded only up to a maximum of 'A+' Grade as per his/her performance and with respect to his/her earlier Grade/Division. An 'Outstanding' Grade cannot be awarded to individuals in an improvement exam.
- 9.4. This facility of improvement shall be open to all those who passed in respective courses to determine the better grade and shall not be for the purpose of award of Distinction, Gold Medal or Prizes or Rank etc.
- 9.5. Application for improvement examination shall be made by the student concerned to the Controller of Examinations in the prescribed form along with the prescribed exam fee as and when notified and as prescribed.

10. TRANSITORY RULES

- 10.1. Whenever the syllabus/scheme of instruction is changed in a particular semester, two more examinations immediately following thereafter shall be conducted according to the old syllabus / regulations. Students not appearing in the examinations or failing in them shall take the examination subsequently according to the changed syllabus/regulations.
- 10.2. By any reason if a student admitted into the course under old scheme of instructions/ regulations is promoted /readmitted after the implementation of revised version shall be permitted to join the corresponding semester in the revised scheme of instructions / regulations.

11. ACADEMIC COORDINATOR

- 11.1. Every department of studies must designate a faculty member as Academic Coordinator on rotation basis who shall coordinate the offering of courses and guide the students in making choice based credit system interesting and appealing to them.
- 11.2. Academic Coordinators shall ensure to be readily available for the counseling of students.
- 11.3. Academic Coordinator shall guide the students of their department in choosing the courses from their department and also from other departments and for registering for the courses.
- 11.4. Academic Coordinator shall guide the students coming from other departments for opting say generic courses or like.
- 11.5. Academic Coordinator shall coordinate all the works related to attendance, course work, examination and evaluation. The students shall be informed about the Academic Coordinator so that they may contact him/her regarding any problem in the selection of courses or like.
- 11.6. Academic Coordinator shall ensure that attendance should be displayed to the students every month.
- 11.7. Academic Coordinator shall ensure that the consolidated continuous internal evaluation (CIE)/practical marks should be displayed to the students before the beginning of the semester end examinations.
- 11.8. Courses shall be offered by the department concerned as per the schedule given in the relevant curriculum. More choices in elective courses shall be offered depending on the availability of the staff and other facilities and therefore any particular elective course may not be offered even though it may exist in the list of possible elective courses.
- 11.9. All Heads of the Department of Studies shall ensure necessary support and facilitate the Academic Coordinators for better results.
- 11.10. Dean, Academics shall facilitate for any clarification and decision pertaining to CBCS courses and matters therewith.

12. STUDENT REGISTRATION

- 12.1. In case of newly admitted students, all students are required to register for the courses within the first week of the start of academic session.
- 12.2. The students of the consecutive semesters are required to register for the next semester towards the end of continuing semester.
- 12.3. All students are required to register and change courses, if so, only during the prescribed notification period of registration. After the due date no further request for change of courses shall be entertained.
- 12.4. All the Students are advised to consult the Academic Coordinator of their parent department of studies and also of the offering departments for better selection of suitable courses.
- 12.5. Academic Coordinators of the concerned departments shall be the moderator for finalizing the offering of the elective courses in consultation with their HoDs.